COMPETENCY BASED DYNAMIC CURRICULUM FOR

FIRST BHMS PROFESSIONAL COURSE

(Applicable from Batch 2022-2023 onwards for 5 years or until further notification by National Commission for Homoeopathy whichever is earlier)



HOMOEOPATHY EDUCATION BOARD NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR HOMOEOPATHY

MINISTRY OF AYUSH, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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FOREWORD

New Education Policy 2020 has a focus on developing and shaping the education system with focus on pedagogical approach. It mentions that with the quickly changing employment landscape and global ecosystem, it is becoming increasingly critical that children not only learn, but more importantly learn how to learn. Education thus, must move towards less content, and more towards learning about how to think critically and solve problems, how to be creative and multidisciplinary, and how to innovate, adapt, and absorb new material in novel and changing fields. Pedagogy must evolve to make education more experiential, holistic, integrated, inquiry-driven, discovery-oriented, learner-centered, discussion-based, flexible, and, of course, enjoyable.

In aligning with the NEP 2020, prime objective of National Commission for Homoeopathy is to provide a medical education system that improves access to quality and affordable medical education, ensures availability of adequate and high quality homoeopathic medical professionals in all parts of the country. We are amidst the shift from the traditional approaches of training to a focus on the application of learning through assessing competency acquired by the learner. The curriculum driven instructional model has been the standard method of teaching for more than century, but it is consistently failing to produce well educated citizens and lifelong learners. Medical sciences being high professional courses, there has to be a much greater emphasis on preventive healthcare and community medicine in all forms of healthcare education.

To achieve the prime objective, it's a pleasure and privilege to introduce transformation in curriculum of homoeopathy education which is competency based dynamic.

This curriculum guide can serve a number of purposes. The principal uses are,

- Foundation program in the very beginning after admissions will help students adapting the needs and for their preparedness for the whole course.
- Provide trainers with guidance and resources for conducting or supporting learning activities
- Provide learners with a resource that will support an 'instructor led' delivery and will be a useful reference for future application of the learning
- Providing learners and assessors with resources for understanding and completing assessments
- > Serve as guide or resource for 'self-directed' learning

Each chapter is explicit and easy to digest, provides strategies to inspire conversation and action.

I hope teachers, administrators; leaders will find this guide as helpful for reworking our current educational system into a new, dynamic model of teaching & learning in all facets of Homoeopathy.

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Dr. Anil Khurana, Chairperson

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The task of formulating the Competency based Dynamic Curriculum (CBDC) in Homoeopathy has been a stupendous effort which would not have been possible without the vision, direction, and unstinting support of a number of eminent persons.

We can start with none other than the Honourable Prime Minister, Shri Narendra Modiji, who has envisioned the future of the youth through the formulation of the National Education Policy 2020 which has helped to bring about a paradigm shift from knowledge centric to competency-based education.

Honourable Minister of AYUSH, Shri Sarbananda Sonowalji and Minister of State for AYUSH, Dr Munjpara Mahendrabhai Kalubhai have taken effective steps for implementing the National Education Policy in the AYUSH sector. Secretary AYUSH, Vaidya Shri Rajesh Kotechaji has consistently emphasized the urgency, given the direction, and provided resources for structuring and implementing the changeover to Competency based Curriculum.

Chairperson of the National Commission of Homoeopathy (NCH), Dr Anil Khuranaji has been personally monitoring and encouraging us for taking orderly steps and planning for the formulation and implementation of the CBDC. All the esteem members of NCH have given their valuable suggestion while making the final draft of CBDC. Advisory Council of the National Commission for Homoeopathy has always supported the progressive changes which the NCH has been bringing about.

Dr Mangesh Jatkar, Member, Homoeopathy Education Board has kept a vigilant eye over the functioning of various committees constituted for formulating CBDC for First BHMS course. Dr. Rupali Bhalerao, for technical & editorial assistance to revamp this document and homoeopathy education board team including Dr. Kanika Malhotra for tirelessly working to meet every timeline of CBDC work.

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Dr. Tarkeshwar Jain,

President, Homoeopathy Education Board

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PREAMBLE TO THE COMPETENCY BASED DYNAMIC CURRICULUM

The National Commission for Homoeopathy (NCH) has undertaken major revisions in the educational regulations in the last year and has devised a new Syllabus to ensure that the student who completes the homoeopathic undergraduate course grows into a homoeopathic physician who is informed and capable of performing as a professional with competency to deliver services as required for addressing the health needs of the person and society at large. It is based on the premise that a correct adherence to homoeopathic principles and knowledge imparted will enable the physician to deliver results in all aspects of health, viz. preventive promotive, curative and rehabilitative.

There is a significant change in the approach and contents in the newly designed curriculum, with the intention of making it more coherent for the present and future needs of society. The designing of curriculum is based on the sound theories of educational methodology as applicable for the health professionals' education, and therefore, the outcomes are quite transparent and achievable.

The Homoeopathic Educational Board (HEB) is obliged by the NCH Act 26 (b) to "develop a competency based dynamic curriculum for Homoeopathy at all levels in accordance with the regulations made under this Act, in such manner that it develops appropriate skill, knowledge, attitude, values and ethics among the graduates, postgraduate and super-speciality students and enables them to provide healthcare, to impart medical education and to conduct medical research".

Competency based medical education (CBME) has been around in the medical world for more than three decades. It has undergone several revisions and adaptations through this period which has placed the NCH in an advantageous position to learn from the varied experiences of curriculum formulation, implementation and assessment.

It should be emphasized that the switch over to CBME involves a sea change in the understanding of the processes and outcomes for which all stakeholders need to be adequately sensitized and the teachers trained to minimize the difficulties inevitable in any transition. The following four pillars need a special mention to grasp the nature of the change being brought about (Frank Jason R, et al 2010).

- The focus is on ensuring that the end user of the health care services is benefited. Hence it is important that the outcomes of the training are defined in clear terms so that the teacher, the student and the community are aware of what can be expected from the training.
- 2. The second logical focus is on bringing the abilities of the physician to the level when the outcomes defined above are realized. This involves the definition of the competencies required in the discharge of various functions of the physician. This would involve certain generic competencies such as problem solving or effective communication and certain specific ones related to the subject of study like. Anatomy, Materia Medica or others. This coupling of the outcome and abilities leads automatically to the third pillar.

- 3. We have been used to consider all training as time bound as the BHMS course is 5 1/2 years duration. But when we realize that the rate of mastering different abilities would vary from student to student, we should de-emphasize the fixed period of training and instead look at how the student can be helped to master the specific competency.
- 4. The fourth pillar becomes the student herself/himself. The entire education and training become learner centred and hence the teacher takes a great effort in defining the outcomes, competencies, teaching and learning methods and most important of all, assessment which is predominantly formative and hence intends to shape the evolving capacities of the learner.

While formulating the competency based dynamic curriculum (CBDC) for the homoeopathy undergraduate, we must bear in mind the central role that homoeopathy philosophy and the principle of holistic care plays in the therapeutic actions of the homoeopathic interventions. This is a distinctive aspect which has hardly received the attention it deserves despite Hahnemann's clear recommendations in the first six Aphorisms of the Organon. The revised syllabus has brought this change and the formulation of the competency-based curriculum provides an opportunity to incorporate this approach at all levels of teaching and training. The implications lie in bringing about a sensitive and effective integration (horizontal/vertical/spiral) of all aspects of the syllabus throughout the five and half years of the undergraduate course.

There are five compelling factors that form the fulcrum to drive the change (Harris Peter, et al, 2010):

- <u>Design of curriculum</u>: This needs careful attention due to its novelty. Homoeopathy, as a holistic discipline resting on the foundations of philosophy, needs a holistic approach from the first year itself. Several novel situations will need to be envisaged and catered to. And yet, a number of issues will remain. This is the dynamic nature of the enterprise, and we must be prepared to accept the well-known adage: Change, the only constant!
- 2. <u>Teacher training</u>: Our teachers have discharged the role of information providers and the teaching-learning process calls for a transformation in the role of the teacher (Sidhu Navdeep S. et al 2022). The future will need them to wear multiple hats and hence they will need to develop competencies viz. planner, facilitator, assessor, education manager, role model, etc, to be effective for these roles.
- 3. <u>Assessment</u>: Assessment practices must be based on a robust platform of validity, reliability, and objectivity, so that the tools of assessment blend fluidly with the academic flow. In this background, the focus is to shift the assessment approach from the monopoly of summative assessment to a significant allowance for formative assessment, which are supportive for learning and correction on-the-go.
- 4. <u>Student issues</u>: Along with the parents and the community, a significant reorientation is called for while changing it from that of a 'last-minute' sprinter to a long range 'racer'! All stakeholders should be on the same page so that the processes can operate in a well-oiled manner. Glitches are to be expected when a largely 'rights' based social mind set has to shift gears to adopt a competency oriented one. Understanding that change needs patience and good will go a long way to make the latter orientation a way of life.

5. <u>Systems</u>: All educational systems from the colleges to universities need to incorporate the multiple changes within their systems. We are used to consider results as 'pass' and 'fail' with the latter carrying the stigma. While there is an expressed need to wish to cater to all categories of learners – fast, normal, slow – the need to bring about changes in the systems is not so readily accepted. The institutions need to develop as 'learning organisations' that spur the 'growth mind-set' of its members – the teachers, students, and all those who are in the loop of curricular or co-curricular management.

The HEB considers the CBDC as a work in progress. Considerable thoughts and efforts are invested into the design and planning of the curriculum. But as has been mentioned above, this is a pioneering work and would always benefit from suggestions that spring from critical thinking and reflection subsequent to sincere attempts in implementation.

The next sections provide details of operational clarity to implement the program. Training of teachers is the key component which will make all the difference. The NCH is committed to make it happen and the cooperation of all stakeholders is earnestly solicited.

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I - STEPS TAKEN TO FORMULATE HOMOEOPATHY CBDC MANUAL

In this section we will detail the process undertaken in the formulation of this manual. The account will be of use to the users viz. the academicians, teachers and students to better grasp the significance of the effort and the role that each would have to play. The subsequent section will outline the correct use of the manual in order to derive the maximum benefit.

I - Defining National and Institutional Goals and Programme Outcomes

The process of identifying competency is a complex one. Defining the outcome clearly helps in defining the relevant competency thus enabling a person acquiring it with

relative ease. In case of the medical graduate, the outcome or goal is determined by the health care needs of the community as perceived by the statutory authorities and the ability of the particular health care system to respond to this need. India has a pluralistic health tradition and the community accesses the several health care systems to fulfil their multiple health needs. Scientific evidence is generally relied upon to determine and differentiate the role of each system in providing health care. This, however, may not always be forthcoming to the required degree of precision.

Considering the above, the NCH has formulated broad national goals which a Homoeopathic graduate would be expected to be able to achieve.

NATIONAL GOALS:

At the end of undergraduate program, the medical student should be able to:

- a. Recognize the strength of homoeopathy, its applicability and limitations in health care of society and the individual.
- b. Learn the integration of medical services for effective delivery of health care.
- c. Recognize the purpose of the National Health Policy and "Health for all" as a national goal and health right of all citizens and undergo training to achieve the realization of this social responsibility
- d. Achieve competence in the practice of homoeopathy with holistic approach, encompassing promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of common diseases.
- e. Develop a scientific temper, acquire educational experience for proficiency in profession and promote healthy living based on the tenets of homoeopathy.
- f. Become an exemplary citizen by observing medical ethics and fulfilling social and professional obligations so as to respond to national aspirations.
- g. Develop skills to perpetuate homoeopathy & practice it with zeal so that it stands parallel to other scientific healing methods.

In order to realize these goals, Homoeopathic institutions will need to prepare themselves with suitable infrastructure and processes so that the graduate is able to deliver on the National goals. The NCH has laid down the following goals for homoeopathic institutions.

INSTITUTIONAL GOALS:

In consonance with the national goals, each homoeopathic medical institution should evolve institutional goals to define the kind of trained homoeopathic professionals they intend to produce. The undergraduate students coming out of a homoeopathic medical institute should:

a. Be competent in clinical diagnosis and homoeopathic management of the health problems of the individual and the community, commensurate with his/her position as a member of the health team at the primary, secondary or tertiary levels, using his/her clinical skills based on history, physical examination and relevant investigations.

- b. Be competent to use homoeopathic medicines scientifically for health problems in preventive, promotive, curative palliative and rehabilitative mode.
- c. Appreciate the rationale for the use of different therapeutic modalities & engage in cross-referral when required in the interest of the patient.
- d. Be able to appreciate the socio-psychological, cultural, economic and environmental factors affecting health and develop a humane attitude towards patients in discharging professional responsibilities.
- e. Be able to identify community health problems and learn to work to resolve these by understanding, designing, instituting corrective steps as per homoeopathic principles and evaluating outcome of such measures.
- f. Develop sensitivity to environmental sustainability and engage in community work towards achieving it with responsibility and commitment.
- g. Be trained in critical thinking, evidence-based practice and possess research aptitude and documentation skills necessary in professional work.
- h. Possess the attitude for lifelong learning and be ready to develop competencies as and when conditions of practice demand it.
- i. Be familiar with the basic factors which are essential for the implementation and integration of the National Health Programmes with homoeopathy including practical aspects of the following: (i) Family Welfare and Mother and Child Health (MCH) (ii) Sanitation and water supply (iii) Prevention and control of communicable and noncommunicable diseases (iv) Immunization (v) Health Education.
- j. Acquire basic management skills in the area of human resources, materials and resource management related to homoeopathy in health care delivery, general and hospital management, principal inventory skills and counseling.
- k. Be able to work as an active and responsible partner in health care teams and acquire proficiency in communication skills with colleagues, patients and the community at large.
- I. Be competent to work in a variety of health care settings.
- m. Develop personal characteristics and attitudes required for professional life such as personal integrity, sense of responsibility and dependability and ability to relate to or show concern for other individuals.

When we look at the translation of these set of goals to the individual learner, we will be able to define these as follows:

GOALS OF THE LEARNER

Towards attaining the goals of this program, the homoeopathic graduate must be able to function in the following roles appropriately and effectively:

- a. Clinician who understands and provides holistic preventive, promotive, curative, palliative and rehabilitative care with compassion.
- b. Leader and member of the health care team and system with capabilities to collect, analyse, synthesize and communicate health data.
- c. Communicator with patients, families, colleagues and community.
- d. Lifelong learner committed to continuous improvement of skills and knowledge.
- e. Professional, who is committed to excellence, is ethical, responsive and accountable to patients, community and profession.

The above goals, though desirable, are broad. To realize them, the student entering into the undergraduate homoeopathic programme needs to be equipped with a set of competencies which would fall in the domains of knowledge, skills and attitudes. The broad goals need to be defined in specific actionable terms which will form the Programme outcomes. These will enable all the stakeholders to be clear of the nature of functioning expected from the homoeopathic physician at the end of the training. Accordingly, the team of resource persons worked together to formulate Programme Outcomes

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course of the undergraduate studies, the homoeopathic physician must

- 1) Develop the knowledge, skills, abilities and confidence as a primary care homoeopathic practitioner to attend to the health needs of the community in a holistic manner
- 2) Correctly assess and clinically diagnose common clinical conditions prevalent in the community from time to time
- 3) Identify and incorporate the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors affecting health and disease in clinical work
- 4) Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy in order to apply Homoeopathic principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community
- 5) Be willing and able to practice homoeopathy as per medical ethics and professionalism.
- 6) Discern the scope and relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referrals and role of life saving measures to address clinical emergencies
- 7) Develop the capacity for critical thinking, self reflection and a research orientation as required for developing evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 8) Develop an aptitude for lifelong learning to be able to meet the changing demands of clinical practice

9) Develop the necessary communication skills and enabling attitudes to work as a responsible team member in various healthcare settings and contribute towards the larger goals of national health policies such as school health, community health and environmental conservation.

Defining the Programme outcomes is a crucial step since this allows us to derive the competencies the homoeopathic graduate should possess at the end of the period of training. Care is taken to ensure that the National goals and Institutional goals are covered as much as possible by the various aspects of the Programme Outcomes. Further, the Outcomes for each academic year and of the period of internship will be formulated separately based on the Courses studied and the nature of clinical or community activities undertaken each year. Accordingly, the corresponding competencies for the respective years have been defined.

II - Deriving Competencies of the Homoeopathic Medical Graduate

Seven broad dimensions of practice were identified in which all actions of the homoeopathic physician in the context of our health care system could be classified (Englander, et al, 2013). The definition of these terms in our medical and social context are as follows:

Table 1: Dimensions of Practice of the Homoeopathic Physician

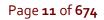
	Dimensions of Practice of the Homoeopathy Physician	Definition
1.	Knowledge for Homoeopathy Practice	Demonstrates knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological and social-behavioral sciences, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care using homoeopathy as a means of intervention.
2.	Patient Care	Provides patient-centered, individualized care that is compassionate, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health.
3.	Interpersonal and Communication Skills	Demonstrates interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, families, and health professionals.

4.	Professionalism	Demonstrates a commitment to carrying out professional responsibilities and an adherence to ethical principles.
5.	Practice based learning and Improvement	Demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate one's care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and life-long learning.
6.	Health care systems	Demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care in the country, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources in the system to provide optimal health care.
7.	Scholarship	Demonstrate the qualities required to sustain lifelong personal and professional growth.

We now needed to draw up a list of generic competencies relevant for the training of the homoeopathic physician. These would subsequently be mapped on to the Programme Outcomes for each year. The list of generic competencies drawn up were subsumed under the 4 relevant areas of the functioning of the physician viz. cognitive, personal, interpersonal and in the community after referring to Kallioinen (2010), General Medical Council (2017) and Arora (2020).

Table 2: Generic competencies relevant to the functioning of the physician

Areas	Cognitive	Personal	Interpersonal	Community
	Analytical	Self-reflection	Empathetic	Ethical awareness
	Synthetic	Self-Awareness	Leadership	Community awareness
	Objective	Safety compliance	Team work	Safety awareness
	Organizing and Planning	Lifelong learning	Collaboration	
	Problem Solving	Compassion	Respect for Privacy and autonomy	
	Information gathering	Personal integrity	Communication skills - oral and written	



Documentation	Healthy coping mechanisms	Executive ability	
Information management	Flexibility		
Creative thinking	Dealing with uncertainty		
Holistic approach			
System based thinking			

This now equips us to chart the generic competencies against the expanded functions of the physician in each of the areas mentioned in Table 1. The components of each of the areas has been expanded to include all actions which the trained physician would be expected to undertake. This also helps us to zero down on the tasks which the physician would need to be trained to perform. The series of seven tables below expands each of the areas, identifies the generic competencies and the component tasks.

Table 3: Charting of Generic Competencies and Tasks against the areas of functioning

	Areas of action	Generic Competencies	Component tasks
1	Knowledge (K) for H	omoeopathy practice	
k-1	Describe the basic scientific principles underlying normal development, structure and function of genes, cells, organs and the body as a whole throughout the life cycle and correlate with concept of man as per Dr Hahnemann and other Homoeopathic masters	Integration of information	Information gathering Information management Synthesis of data Holistic approach

k-2	Describe the aetiology and pathophysiology of major diseases and disorders, and their clinical, laboratory, radiographic and pathologic manifestations and correlate with Homoeopathic concept of disease	Integration of information Problem integration	Information gathering Information management System based thinking Analysis synthesis
k-3	Describe the epidemiology of disorders in populations and approaches designed to screen, detect, prevent, and treat disease in populations problem formulation- planning of intervention, treatment, evaluation- interpretation, integration and correlate with Homoeopathic concept of preservation of health and clinical management	Integration of information problem integration communication problem solving leadership skill team work communication	Information gathering Information management System based thinking Analysis Synthesis Organising and planning Implementation evaluation
k-4	Describe the spectrum of therapies for common physical and mental disorders and recognize the	Problem solving	Information gathering Information management System based thinking Analysis

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relative efficacies	Synthesis
and common	
adverse effects of	
these and their	
variations among	
different patients	
and populations	
and relate with	
different expression	
of chronic disease	

		Generic competencies	Component tasks
2	Patient care (PC)		
Pcı	Perform both a focused and comprehensive history and physical examination, develop diagnostic hypotheses, order and evaluate diagnostic tests, and formulate an appropriate plan of care using Homoeopathic concept of case taking with individualisation and Management	Problem solving	Information gathering Problem Integration Documentation Information management System based thinking Organising and planning Analysis and evaluation Holistic approach
Pc2	Perform core technical procedures, as would be expected of a beginning intern, and describe their indications, contraindications, and potential complications.	Problem solving independent study	Information gathering Problem integration Problem formulation Implementation of plan and evaluation

Pc3	Recognize acute, life-threatening conditions and perform measures to	Problem solving	Information gathering
	stabilize the patient.		Problem integration
			Problem formulation
			Implementation of plan and evaluation
			Dealing with uncertainty

		Generic competencies	Component tasks
3	Interpersonal and Communication Skil	ls (ICS)	
Cs1	Communicate with patients and their families, counsel them in an effective, caring, and culturally competent manner as per the guidance of Hahnemann and different masters and current advances	Communication Objectivity Flexibility of thought	Information gathering Organising and planning Compassion Empathy Personal integrity Dealing with uncertainty Respect for privacy and autonomy
Cs2	Communicate, consult, collaborate, and work effectively as a member or leader of healthcare teams.	Communication Team member Leadership skills	Organising planning System based thinking Objectivity Communication - written and oral Collaboration

		Executive ability

		Competency generic	Component tasks		
4	Professionalism (P)				
Pı	Maintain a professional demeanour, while	Problem solving	Ethical awareness		
	demonstrating responsibility, integrity, empathy, reliability, and attention to		Self-awareness		
	personal wellness as per the direction from		Empathy		
	Organon of medicine and homoeopat masters		Integrity		
			Reliability		
P2	Demonstrate ethical principles that govern	Problem solving	Ethical awareness		
	the doctor-patient relationship, medical decision-making, and healthcare delivery.		Respect for privacy and autonomy		
Ρ3	Provide compassionate, unbiased care to	Problem solving	Compassion		
	patients from diverse backgrounds		Objectivity		
			Flexibility in thinking		

		Generic competency	Component tasks
5	Practice-Based Learning and Improven	nent (PBLI)	
Pblı	Utilize appropriate information technology for scientific and clinical problem-solving and decision-making	Problem solving Independent study	Information gathering Information management Documentation Creative thinking
Pbl2	Analyze and critically appraise the relevant medical literature	Information management	Analysis, Evaluation Critical thinking Creative thinking

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		1	
Pbl3	Apply principles of evidence-based	Problem solving	Analysis
	medicine, medical ethics, and cost- effectiveness to diagnosis, prognosis,	Objectivity	Evaluation
	and therapeutics.	Integration of	Critical thinking
		information	Plan for
		Problem	implementation
		integration	evaluation
Pbl4	Demonstrate the ability for lifelong	Problem solving	Analysis
	self-directed learning.	Objectivity	Evaluation
		Integration of	Critical thinking
		information	Plan for
		Problem	implementation
		integration	Evaluation
		Learning ability	Lifelong learner

		Generic competency	Component tasks
6	Healthcare Systems (HCS)		
HCS1	Discuss the organization, financing, and	Problem	Empathy
	delivery of healthcare services with particular awareness of healthcare disparities, the needs of the underserved,	solving objectivity	Compassion
	and the medical consequences of		Community awareness
	common societal problems.		Analysis evaluation
			of information
			information management
HCS2	Define the core principles of healthcare quality, patient safety, and interprofessionalism	Problem solving objectivity	Problem definition Critical thinking

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			Information management
HCS3	Participate in national programmes	Problem solving	Team work Communication Empathy Compassion

		Generic competency	Component tasks
7	Scholarship (S)		
S1	Define the scientific and ethical principles of biomedical research, including basic, translational, clinical, and population	Integration of information	Information management
	studies.	Problem integration	Critical thinking
		objectivity	
S2	Identify a scholarly area of interest,	Problem	Analytical
	formulate an investigative question, develop and implement methods to assess	solving objectivity	Evaluation
	it, and communicate the results.	Independent	Documentation
		study	Information management
			Critical thinking
			Personal integrity
			Ethical awareness
			Communication skill

With this background, we should be able to approach the Manual which is being issued in four parts for each year, the last manual also covering the period of internship. It will be noted that the Generic competencies and the Component tasks as in the Table 3 will be aligned with the specific competencies for each item of learning.

Considerable fresh thought has gone into the framing of this document of CBDC for the Homoeopathic graduate. The existing templates were unable to satisfy the very foundations on which homoeopathic practice rests and which have been extensively elaborated in the Preamble to the new Syllabus introduced in 2022. The two features which may be emphasized here are:

1. Close adherence to homoeopathic philosophy and principles at every stage of education and training

2. This is turn demands a rare amount of integration at horizontal, vertical and spiral forms

The next section will deal with how the Competency table was formulated and how it should be used.

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II - UNDERSTANDING THE COMPETENCIES TABLE

The Competency Table has been designed keeping in mind the Generic and specific competencies required by the learner to attain the overall Program Outcomes (PO) as well as Course Outcomes (CO) of all courses.

A. Methodology in preparation of the Competency Table

The following methodology was adopted in preparing the Competencies table for each course (or subject) of the BHMS program once the National and Institutional Goals, Programme Outcomes, Generic Competencies and component tasks were identified:

 Course Outcomes (CO) were identified for each course (or subject) that were in alignment with the National and Institutional Goals, Programme Outcomes (PO)

- Finalizing the syllabus or the list of topics which will help to achieve not only the Course Outcomes (CO) but also the overall Program Outcomes (PO)
- Identifying the Learning Objectives and Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) for each topic
- Aligning the Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) to the Generic and Specific Competencies that are to be achieved
- Identifying the level of Miller's Pyramid for each Specific Learning Objectives/ Outcome (SLO)
- Classifying each Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) as per Bloom's Taxonomy and Guibert's Level
- Distinguishing the Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) into 'Must know' or 'Desirable to know' or 'Nice to know' categories
- Choosing the appropriate Teaching Learning method/s and the assessment method/s required for achieving each objective or outcome
- Identifying the Horizontal, Vertical and Spiral Integration with other courses (or subjects) required for holistic understanding of the topic

We will now illustrate how the Competency table is to be read with respect to the Repertory Course (subject)

Illustrative Diagrammatic Representation of Competencies Table with example of the Repertory Course

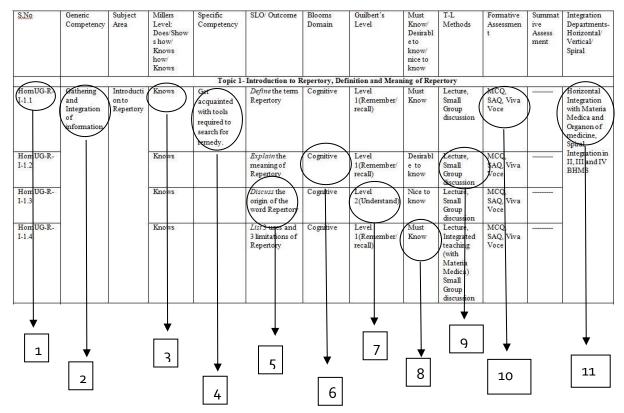


Table 4: Description of the Competencies table

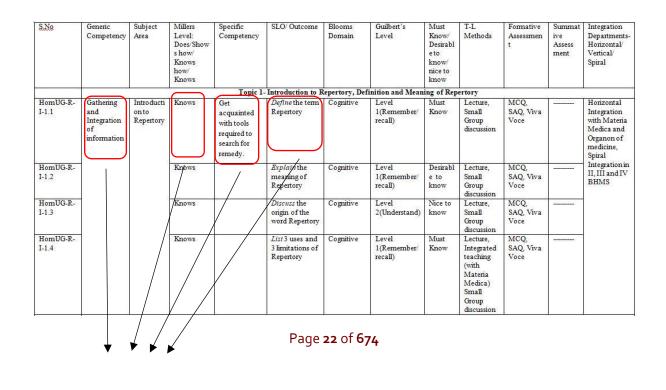
S.No	Description
1	Unique number of the competency /outcome (Hom-UG-R-I-1.1)
	Hom-UG-R-I: Course Code
	1.1: Topic number followed by serial number of the Specific Learning Objectives/ Outcome
	(SLO)
2	Generic Competency to be achieved from the topic
3	Mapping of the Level of Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) to Miller's Pyramid- Knows/ Knows How/ Shows How/ Does
4	Specific Competency to be acquired from the topic
5	Description of Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) for the topic

6	The Blooms Domain addressed by the Specific Learning Outcome (SLO)- Cognitive or Affective or Psychomotor Domain
7	Mapping of the Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) to Guibert's Level of Learning in the Cognitive or Affective or Psychomotor Domain
8	Classifying the Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) into Must know or desirable to know or nice to know areas
9	Teaching Learning methods
10	Assessment methods
11	Subjects that can be vertically or horizontally integrated to improve understanding. If the subject is taught for more than 1 year, it must be integrated spirally in all the years.

B. USING THE COMPETENCIES TABLE

A Competency Based Dynamic Curriculum necessitates that each topic in a course (or subject) be elaborated in terms of the outcomes that are to be achieved by the learner at the end of the paticular topic. This in turn will help the learner to achieve the competencies at the course and overall at the program level.

1. Linking the Specific learning Objective/ Outcome (SLO) to the Generic Competency, Specific Competency and Miller's Level



Each Specific learning Objective/ Outcome (SLO) will help the learner to acquire Generic competencies (abilities that a basic homoeopathic doctor would be trusted to have acquired as a consequence of his / her learning) and Specific competencies (abilities that the student is expected to acquire in a focused area of expertise)

In the above table Introduction to a subject will help the learner to acquire a generic competency of gathering and Integrating knowledge & a specific competency of getting acquainted with the tools required to search for a Homoeopathic remedy.

The Specific learning Objective/ Outcome (SLO) also indicates at what level the competency is defined in the Miller's Pyramid which in the above example is at the level of 'Knows' – the ability to recall facts and ideas.

S.No	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summat ive Assess ment	Integration Departments Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
			A.	Topic 1	Introduction to R	epertory, Def	finition and Mean	ing of Rep	ertory	10 10 10		0
HomUG-R- I-1.1	and on to Integration of information	nd on to ntegration Repertory f	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	<i>Define</i> the term Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Horizontal Integration with Materia Medica and Organon of medicine, Spiral
HomUG-R- I-1.2		Knows		<i>Explain</i> the meaning of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Desirabl e to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Integration in II, III and IV BHMS	
HomUG-R- I-1.3				Knows		Discuss the origin of the word Repertory	Cognitive	Level 2(Understand)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	
HomUG-R- I-1.4			Knows		List 3 uses and 3 limitations of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Integrated teaching (with Materia Medica) Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		

2. Specific learning Objective/ Outcome (SLO) for each topic

Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) start with the "Action Verb" as per the Domain and describe what students should know or be able to do at the end of a learning session. The SLOs are written as per the Blooms Domain (Cognitive or Affective or Psychomotor) under which they are categorized.

In the above example four Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) have been described that belong to the Cognitive domain.

3. Teaching Learning methods for each topic

<u>SNo</u>	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summat ive Assess ment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
				Topic 1	Introduction to F	epertory, Det	finition and Mean	ing of Repe	rtory			
HomUG-R- I-1.1	and onto Integration information	Introducti on to Repertory	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	<i>Define</i> the term Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Horizontal Integration with Materia Medica and Organon of medicine, Spiral
HomUG-R- I-1.2			Knows		<i>Explain</i> the meaning of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Desirabl e to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Integration in II, III and IV BHMS
HomUG-R- I-1.3			Knows		Discuss the origin of the word Repertory	Cognitive	Level 2(Understand)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		
HomUG-R- I-1.4		2	Knows		<i>List</i> 3 uses and 3 limitations of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Integrated teaching (with Materia Medica) Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		
						1		L				

The Teaching- Learning methods have been identified that are most suitable to the Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) formed for each topic and as per the Domain of each of the Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs).

In the above example, Lectures, Integrated teaching and Small Group Discussion are the Teaching-Learning methods to be adopted for achieving the SLO.

The Teaching Learning Methods will vary as per the Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLO) and the Domains they cover.

4. Assessment methods for each topic

S.No	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summat ive Assess ment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
				Topic 1	Introduction to R	epertory, Def	inition and Mean	ing of Rep	ertory	1.1		0
HomUG-R- I-1.1	Gathering and Integration of information	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	Define the term Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Horizontal Integration with Materia Medica and Organon of medicine, Spiral	
HomUG-R- I-1.2		20	Knows		<i>Explain</i> the meaning of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Desirabl e to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	<u>0.07000000</u> 0	Integration in II, III and IV BHMS
HomUG-R- I-1.3			Knows		Discuss the origin of the word Repertory	Cognitive	Level 2(Understand)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	<u>((()))</u>	
HomUG-R- I-1.4			Knows		<i>List</i> 3 uses and 3 limitations of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Integrated teaching (with Materia Medica) Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		

The Assessment methods have been identified that are most suitable to the Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) formed for each topic and as per the Domain of each Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) to assess the learner.

In the above example, Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ), Short Answer Questions (SAQ) and Viva Voce are the assessment methods to be adopted for assessing the SLO. The Assessment Methods will vary as per the SLO and the Domain it covers

5. Integrated Teaching

S.No	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summat ive Assess ment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral	
	1.1			Topic 1-	Introduction to R	epertory, Def	inition and Mean	ing of Rep	ertory	<u>k</u> ()			
HomUG-R- I-1.1	Gathering and Integration of information	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	Define the term Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Horizontal Integration with Materia Medica and Organon of medicine, Spiral		
HomUG-R- I-1.2		Knows		<i>Explain</i> the meaning of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Desirabl e to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Integration in II, III and IV BHMS		
HomUG-R- I-1.3				Knows		Discuss the origin of the word Repertory	Cognitive	Level 2(Understand)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		
HomUG-R- I-1.4		3 limita	<i>List</i> 3 uses and 3 limitations of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Integrated teaching (with Materia Medica) Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce					

Horizontal or Vertical Integrated Teaching with other subjects is required for a holistic understanding of the topic from different points of view.

The above topic should be integrated with other subjects of the same year for better understanding of the topic.

Spiral integration is required as the subject will be taught in II, III and IV BHMS and concepts taught in I BHMS will be utilized for further understanding of the subject.

III - Glossary of terms used in the template.

<u>Goals</u>

These are broad outcomes expected of a student at the end of the course of studies. These are to be contrasted with Objectives/Outcomes which are more specifically and narrowly defined.

Programme

A range of learning experiences offered to students in a formal manner over a period of oneto-four years leading to certificates/ diplomas/ degrees. Examples:BA (Economics) BSc (Physics). All possible formal degree Programmes are identified by UGC. BHMS is one such Programme

Programme Outcome

Programme Outcomes (POs) are what knowledge, skills and attitudes a graduate should have at the time of graduation. The Programme Outcomes of professional disciplines are identified at national level by the concerned accrediting agency. In this case, it would be the National Commission of Homoeopathy which would be involved.

<u>Course</u>

Course for the purpose of this Manual represents a subject e.g. Anatomy. In homoeopathic education some of the courses extend over several years e.g. Materia Medica. The relevance of this is in the formulation of Course Outcome

Course Outcome

CourseOutcomes are statements that describe what students should be able to do at the end of a course. Where a Course extends over a number of years, it is necessary to define distinct Course Outcomes over the entire teaching programme of the subject. These will vary in depth and extent of the coverage of the subject.

Competency

An observable ability of a health professional, integrating multiple components such as knowledge, skills, values, and attitudes. Since competencies are observable, they can be measured and assessed to ensure their acquisition.

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Generic competency:

Professional performances are denoted by certain demonstrable attributes that the learners imbibe and internalise as reflex activities. These are the abilities of the professional that characterise the quality and level of performance. The generic competencies therefore are the abilities that a basic homoeopathic doctor would be trusted to have acquired as a consequence of his / her learning. The examples include Information gathering, problem identification, etc. The generic competencies therefore refer to the overall frames of abilities.

Subject area:

Subject area is a chunk of content in a given subject. It could be a chapter, topic, sub-topic, etc.

Millers Levels:

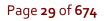
Miller's Pyramid is a diagrammatic representation of the convergence of learning. It maps the pathway of learning to show a person gains the ability and competence in a series of increasingly progressive phases of learning.



The broad base of this pyramid - 'Knows' – has the ability to recall facts and ideas that form the bedrock of professional requirements. 'Knows How' is the next phase of learning, where the students gains the insight into the relationships between the various units of 'knows' and can relate them meaningfully to reach the 'knows how' capacity. These phases would largely be in the Cognitive Domain of Bloom's Taxonomy of Learning Objectives.

Learning is not just about knowing and knowing how, but also to enable that the 'know how' is put into practice. This is the third phase of Miller's Pyramid – the 'Shows How'. During this phase of learning, the student is able to demonstrate the reasoning ability that he / she has acquired in controlled or real situations. This ability also includes the psychomotor dimension of Bloom's Taxonomy. The summit of pyramid, i.e., 'Does' also includes the emotional aspect of learning in the form of values, attitudes, communication, etc, that denote the 'Affective Domain' of Bloom's Taxonomy.

The Miller's Pyramid is a valuable tool to represent the increasing levels of competencies that the students need to acquire, and also a framework to assess the level of competency that is



achieved. Interestingly, the framework focuses on what the learner would be doing, rather than on what the teacher would be doing.

Specific competency:

Specific competencies are the abilities that the student is expected to acquire in a focused area of expertise, which could be a discipline-based knowledge, a skill, an attitude, or a combination of these.

Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes:

Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) describe what students should know or be able to do at the end of a learning session, that they couldn't do before. These are written and communicated in a 'low context communication style', that is to say, whoever reads the SLO would have the same understanding that the person who wrote it had. That is, there would be no communication gap.

That is the reason why the SLOs are written specifically and exclusively as units of learning in one of the domains of Bloom, and further at one of the levels of Guilbert. This will ensure that the learning that is expected is clearly communication among all those who refer to it, including those who set the assessment and evaluate the student performance. Further, the SLOs are ALWAYS written with an ACTIVE verb, so as to make the statement observable and measurable.

Bloom's domain:

Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives is a tool for classifying learning under the categories of 'knowledge', 'skill', and 'attitude / value / communication', represented by the technical terms 'Cognitive', 'Psychomotor', and 'Affective' domains respectively. Each of these domains distinguish the dimension of learning in a particular area. The importance of such classification is that it offers a clear model for both teaching and students' assessment.

Guilbert's level:

Guilbert's Hierarchy is a tool that describes the various levels of learning that can be mapped and managed in the Bloom's domains of learning – cognitive, psychomotor, and affective. This tool also has the additional benefit to identify the appropriate teaching – learning methods / media, and also the assessment strategies.

In the 'knowledge' domain Guilbert's approach to learning proceeds from recall of facts to understanding / interpreting the different sets of data, and finally to the ability to make decisions and solve problems on the basis of the understanding / interpretation. This simple three-step process builds a sequential order of learning; it clearly brings out that decisions shall be made NOT on the basis of facts alone, but through a process of understanding and interpretation.

The 'skill' domain builds the learning from the stage of observing and imitation to gaining control over the skills and culminating in automatism of the skill. In simple terms, any skill will be learnt initially by observing its performance, and imitating the same in the sequential

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order. In the next phase, the learner tries to gain control over the skill initially under the supervision, and ultimately will be able to perform it independently.

Learning in the affective domain proceeds from the stage where the learner is open and receptive to the stimulus or trigger situation, responding to it in a desirable manner, and finally internalising the responses.

Priority of learning:

The priority of learning is represented as 'Must know', 'Desirable-to-know', and 'Nice-toknow'. Prioritisation is a critical component of curriculum design because it classifies the learning outcomes on the basis of their importance and usefulness for the ultimate professional standards. The priority of learning is objectively assigned by a formula that gives weightage on the basis of 'frequency and impact' of the learning for professional needs.

TL Method / Media:

The teaching-learning (TL) methods and media are the vehicles that enable the acquisition of stated outcomes. Teaching method is simply 'what the teacher does or what the teacher enables the students with', such as giving a lecture, conducting a demonstration, or facilitating a group discussion. Teaching-learning media is 'what the teacher or the students use' to enable the learning; with examples such as a board, or projector, or model, or specimen, among others.

The teaching-learning methods and media are specific to the domains and levels in the domains. It must also be remembered that learning is a continuum, and a range of methods and media would be appropriate in the different phases in the continuum of learning.

Assessment:

Assessment of learning is an important component of curriculum. This measures the performance of the students in comparison to the expected outcomes of learning. Therefore the learning outcomes must be stated and communicated clearly and objectively to all the stakeholders of education. Assessment strategy is based on the domain and the level of domain in which the outcome is to be measured. Assessment could be judgemental for the extent and quality of outcomes, when it is called 'assessment <u>of</u> learning', or it could also be supportive for learning, when it is called as 'assessment <u>for</u> learning'. There are two major approaches to assessment – formative, and summative. The tools of assessment are provided in the annexure.

Formative Assessment:

Formative assessment is NOT judgemental, in that it does not brand the learner as 'pass' or 'fail'. The formative assessments measure the extent and quality of learning with reference to the expected learning outcomes, so that the students can be given feedback to improve on their performance. The formative assessments promote mastery learning, that is to say, each students achieves the stated level of mastery of performance because of the feedback and support. Formative assessment is also called as continuous assessment.

Summative Assessment:

Summative assessment has the mandate to judge the achievement of the learner at the end of a period of learning, and label him / her as 'pass' or 'fail, assign a rank, approve for eligibility to be promoted or eligibility to be admitted to a course. These assessment also serve as quality check to ensure that those who are being certified conform to a minimum standard of professional competence.

Integration:

Integration of learning is an essential requirement for aligning various data points of knowledge and skills for getting a holistic understanding and enabling a unified performance. Integration can be achieved at various dimensions and at various levels.

The dimensions of integration could be temporal in the form of Horizontal, Vertical, or Spiral. Horizontal integration is the alignment of learning on a longitudinal timeline, where the comparable contents of various subjects in the same term or year are integrated, for example the structure from anatomy, function from physiology, symptoms from materia medica, and rubrics from repertory in the pre-clinical phase of BHMS.

Vertical integration is seen in the subjects that build on the pre-existing knowledge and skills of another subject. For example, the integration between the basic sciences such as anatomy, physiology, and biochemistry for the para-clinical learning such as in pathology, and the integration of basic and para-clinical skills into clinical learning.

Spiral integration is where a subject is recurring at various levels in the same course. For example, materia medica is learnt from the first to final BHMS, and the focus of the subject is not the same in each year. There would be iteration of the same knowledge from different perspectives and capabilities across the different phases of BHMS.

The levels of integration represent the increasing approximation of knowledge from different subjects, so as to reach an approximation of fusion. The attempt to integration may begin with arranging the comparable contents of different subjects at the same cross sections of timeline. Further, there could be positioning the content of one subject into another subject to bring some kind of co-existence. Still further, the contents can be seamlessly merged to create an aligned learning content. Such integrative efforts can bring about holistic learning for a meaningful homeopathic capacity-building.

I PROFESSIONAL BHMS

Subject NAME: Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic philosophy and Fundamentals of Psychology

Subject CODE: HomUG-OM-I

TEACHING HOURS:

1 st BHMS Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic Philosophy, and Fundamentals of Psychology				
YEAR	TEACHING HOURS-			
	LECTURES	NON-LECTURE		
1 ST BHMS	180	100		

Preamble-

Organon of Medicine with Homoeopathic Philosophy is a central fulcrum around which education and training of a homoeopathic physician revolves. It lays down the foundations of homoeopathic practice, education, training and research. It not only elaborates on the fundamental laws but also how to apply them in practice. It defines the qualities of a healer, guides the homoeopathic physician in inculcating values and attitude and develop skills.

Nature nurtures us. It is well depicted in our science. Therefore, Homoeopathy is in sync with Nature. The need to keep life force within us well balanced with nature is well established in Organon. Hahnemann as an ecologist was well ahead of his time. Philosophically, it connects man and his actions to the dynamic forces available in nature, thus bringing to fore the holistic approach. Lateralization of these concepts helps the student to develop insight into various facets of Life & Living. Organon orients the students to homoeopathy as an Art & Science. Its comprehensive understanding needs a core competency in logic and the concepts of generalization and individualization. Its treatment of disease process and relating to the concept of miasm makes it a study of the process of scientific investigation.

The biggest challenge in teaching-learning of Organon is to first understand the fundamentals according to the Master's writing and then demonstrate them in practice. Quality and real time integration with other subjects helps a student to conceive the holistic perceiving of Man and Materia Medica. The concepts and knowledge required by the Physician with operational knowledge of management of patients and their diseases will

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need horizontal and vertical integration with Homoeopathic subjects and clinical subjects. First BHMS will need horizontal integration with Anatomy, Physiology, Homoeopathic Pharmacy and Homoeopathic Materia Medica. Organon will have spiral integration with itself and vertical integration with clinical subjects. Second year will need integration with pathology, community medicine, forensic medicine, along with other homoeopathic subjects. Third and fourth year establishes links with clinical subjects, research methodologyand pharmacology.

Science is never static. Since the time of Hahnemann, medical science has advanced by leaps and bounds. Since Homoeopathy is based on principles rooted in nature, they would stand the test of time. However, their application in the changing times and circumstances would find newer avenues to heal. This is an opportunity for a homoeopath to connect the current advances while relating with the fundamental laws. Mastering all this will make him a master healer and will move him towards higher purpose of existence.

INDEX

Sr. No	Title	Page No.
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1. Course Code and Name of Course

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Course Code	Name of Course
HomUG-OM-I	Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic philosophy and Fundamentals of Psychology.

2. COURSE OUTCOMES (CO):

At the end of course in Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic philosophy and Fundamentals of Psychology, the BHMS student shall be able to:

- 1. Explain the Cardinal Principles and Fundamental laws of Homoeopathy.
- 2. Describe the concept of Health, Disease and Cure in Homeopathy
- 3. Interpret a case according to the Hahnemannian Classification of Disease
- 4. Apply the Theory of Chronic Disease to determine the miasmatic background in a case.
- 5. Demonstrate case taking and show empathy with the patient and family during case taking
- 6. Demonstrate Analysis, evaluation of the case to form the Portrait of disease
- 7. Apply the concept of Susceptibility to determine posology in a given case
- 8. Interpret the action of the medicine in a case on the basis of Remedy reactions.
- 9. Apply knowledge of various therapeutic modalities, auxiliary measures & its integration with prevalent & other concepts in the management of patients.
- 10. Identify the various obstacles to cure and plan treatment accordingly.
- 11. Display qualities, duties & roles of a Physician as true practitioner of healing art
- 12. Develop the competencies essential for primary health care in clinical diagnosis and treatment of diseases through the judicious application of homoeopathic principles
- 13. Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy and to apply the Homoeopathic Principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community.
- 14. Discern the relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referral and life saving measures, so as to address clinical emergences
- 15. Develop capacity for critical thinking and research aptitude as required for evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 16. Demonstrate aptitude for lifelong learning and develop competencies as and when conditions of practice demand.
- 17. Be competent enough to practice homoeopathy as per the medical ethics and professionalism.

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- 18. Develop the necessary communication skills to work as a team member in various healthcare setting and contribute towards the larger goals of national policies such as school health, community health, environmental conservation.
- 19. Identify socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors that affect health and disease and plan homoeopathic intervention to achieve the sustainable development Goal.

Specific Objectives of Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic philosophy in 1st BHMS

- 1. Recall the history of medicine and history of homoeopathy to relateits evolution
- 2. Correlate the first six aphorisms of Organon of Medicine for the study of anatomy, physiology, pharmacy.
- 3. Discuss the concept of health, indisposition and disease and its importance into the learning of anatomy, physiology, pharmacy and psychology
- 4. Discuss concept of Dynamization with health, disease and drug
- 5. Develop portrait of drug in the context of knowledge of anatomy, physiology, psychology and pharmacy
- 6. Explain the procedure and ethics of Drug proving

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO) of Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic Philosophy for I BHMS

At the end of IBHMS, the student should be able to,

- 1. Summarize the important milestones in the History of Medicine and development of Homoeopathy.
- 2. Value the contributions and qualities of Dr.Hahnemann as a physician and person
- 3. Recall the contributions of stalwarts in development of Homoeopathy
- 4. Explain the Cardinal Principles and Fundamental laws of Homoeopathy
- 5. Explain the Homoeopathic concept of Health, Disease and Cure in light of modern concepts
- 6. Apply Inductive and Deductive Logic in the study of the Basic principles of Homoeopathy
- 7. Describe the important features of the various editions and Ground plan of Organon of Medicine
- 8. Explain the meaning and significance of aphorisms §1-27
- 9. Relate the concepts of homoeopathic philosophy with other pre-, para-, and clinical skills by way of horizontal, vertical and spiral integration.

5. Contents of Course HomUG-OM-I

Course Contents-

- 1. Introduction:
 - 1.1. History of medicine
 - 1.2. History of Homoeopathy

Short history of Hahnemann's life, his contributions, and situation leading to discovery of Homoeopathy

- 1.3. Brief history and contributions of Boenninghausen, Hering, Kent, R L Dutt, M L Sircar& B K Sarkar.
- 1.4 History and Development of Homoeopathy in brief in India, U.S.A. and European countries
- 1.5. Fundamental Principles of Homoeopathy.
- 1.6. Basic concept: Individualistic, Holistic& Dynamic

1.6.1. Life; Hahnemann's concept and modern concept.

1.6.2 Health: Hahnemann's concept and modern concept.

1.6.3. Disease: Hahnemann's concept and modern concept.

1.6.4. Cure.

- 1.7. Understanding Homoeopathy in vertical, horizontal & spiral integration with pre, para & clinical subject.
- Logic: To understand Organon of medicine and homoeopathic philosophy, it is essential to be acquainted with the basics of LOGIC to grasp inductive and deductive reasoning. Preliminary lectures on inductive and deductive logic (with reference to philosophy book of Stuart Close Chapter 3 and 16).
- 3. § 1 to 27 of Organon of medicine, § 105 to 145
- 4. The physician purpose of existence, qualities, duties and knowledge
- 5. Vital force- dynamisation- homoeopathic cure- natures law of cure & its Implicationsdrug proving

Table E- 1: Topics with reference list referring to Ch	apters f	rom the te	ext boo	ks
Торіс	Kent	Roberts	Close	Dhawale
Understanding the first six aphorisms and its application in the study of anatomy, physiology, pharmacy.	1-6	1	6	4
Concept of health, indisposition and disease and its importance in learning anatomy, physiology, pharmacy and psychology	1 to 9	2, 3, 4	6	2
Dynamisation and relating with health, disease and drug	10, 11	2-6	14, 15	2, 16
Developing portrait of drug with help of knowledge of anatomy, physiology, psychology and pharmacy	13,21- 25,26	15	15	16

Non lectures- community - OPD/IPD -

Students will be exposed to OPD/PD-community from first BHMS:

Students will understand the first six aphorisms in action and will get sensitized to sociocultural-political-economical perspective of the community. They should develop insight into what constitutes health and how disease develops.

Introduce Journals from 1st year-

Habit of collecting evidence and noting them down vis-a-vis the expected objective will train them for evidence-based learning and inculcating the habit of using logic so inherent in Homoeopathic practice.

They also will realize the importance of skill and attitude and relevance of each subject in relation to Organon and Homoeopathic philosophy

They will write their experience of the clinic/OPD in relation to Observation/Cure/relief/Mission/Prevention/acute/chronic/indisposition etc.

- (i) 5 medicine from HMM to correlate with Physiology-Anatomy-Pharmacy.
- (ii) 5 cases observed in OPD

Teaching Learning Method

Assignments- Group work

Problem Based Learning through Cases- Literature

Group Discussion – Problem based learning

Project work with its presentations in class

Practicing Evaluation & Feedback system- after Project work, assignments & Group Discussions.

Teaching Hours-

1 st BHMS Organon Classro	oom teaching and non-lecture h	ours
YEAR	TEACHING HOURS-	Non-lecture
	LECTURES	
1 ST BHMS	130	78

Teaching Hours Theory

Sr. No.	List of Topics	Term	Lectures	Non- Lectures
1	History of medicine in brief History and Development of Homoeopathy in	I	5	5
	brief in India, U.S.A. and European countries.			
2	Short history of Hahnemann's life, his contributions, and situation leading to discovery of Homoeopathy	I	5	5
3	Fundamental Principles of Homoeopathy	I	20	5
4	Basic concept of: Individualistic& Holistic Life: Hahnemann's concept and modernconcept.		5	5

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	Health: Hahnemann's concept and modernconcept. Disease: Hahnemann's concept concept. Cure.			
5	Logic: To understand Organon of medicine and homoeopathic philosophy, it is essential to be acquainted with the basics of LOGIC to grasp inductive and deductive reasoning. Preliminary lectures on inductive and deductive logic (with reference to philosophy of Stuart Close).	1	5	5
6	Science & Art in Homoeopathy	I	5	
8	Different editions and constructions of Hahnemann's Organon of Medicine.	II	10	5
9	§1-27&105-145 of Organon of medicine	/	60	48
10	Brief history and contributions of Boenninghausen, Hering, Kent, R L Dutt, M L Sircar& B K Sarkar.	111	15	
			130	78

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6. Table 2-Learning Objectives (Theory) of Course HomUG-OM-I

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Method s	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integrati on Departm ents- Horizont al/ Vertical/ Spiral
TOPIC 1(1 Acquirin g and	History of Medicine as it is	RY OF MED	DICINE Explain History of Medicine	Describe the evolution o Medicine	-	Level II Understand	Must Know	Lecture, small group	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ,	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ,	
Integrati on of Informat ion	evolved with important milestone s		with important milestone s	Medicine		and interpret		discussi on, Seminar s	Quiz	Viva	

		Knows		Summarize important Milestones in Development and Evolution of Medicine	Cogni tive	Level II Understand and interpret	Nice to Know	Lecture, small group discussi on, Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
		Knows		Describe the contribution of various Stalwarts in development of medicine	Cogni tive	Level II Understand and interpret	Nice to Know	Lecture, small group discussi on, Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
Acquirin	History of	RY OF HON Knows	Describe	DescribeHisto	Cogni	Level II	Must	Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	
) and ntegrati on of nformat on	Homoeop athy as it is evolved with important		History of Homoeop athy	ry of Homoeopath Y	tive	Understand and interpret	Know	small group discussi on	SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	SAQ, LAQ, Viva	

milestone					Seminar			
S					S			
	Describe the important milestones in the evolution of Homoeopath y	Cogni tive	Level II Understand and interpret	Must Know	Lecture small group discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
					Quiz			
	Discuss the significance of important milestones in the evolution of Homoeopath y	tive	Level II Understand and interpret	Must Know	Lecture small group discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
					Quiz			

Acquirin g and Integrati on of Informat ion	Hahnema nn's Life History	Knows	Describe Hahnema nn's Life History	Explain in detail the Life history of Dr. Hahnemann with his contribution towards Homoeopath y	Cogni tive	Level II Understand and interpret	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussi ons Present ation	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica
				Discuss the contributions and qualities of Dr.Hahneman n as a physician and person	Affect ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussi ons Present ation	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
то	PIC 1(1.3) -	LIFE HISTO	ORY OF STA	LWARTS OF HO	MOEOF	PATHY	I		1	I	
Acquirin g and Integrati on of Informat ion	Stalwarts of Homoeop athy	Knows	Life History of Different Stalwarts In Homoeop athy	Describe Life History of Following stalwarts Dr. Kent,	Cogni tive	Level II Understand and interpret	Desira ble to know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica Repertory

Dr. Boger, Dr.Boenningh ausen. Dr, Hering, Dr. T.F. Allen, Dr. M.L. Sircar				
Discuss the Contributions of stalwarts in development of Homoeopath y	Cogni Level II tive Understand and interpret	Desira Lecture ble to know Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, MCC SAQ, SAQ LAQ, LAQ Quiz Viva	, Medica

Acquirin g and Integrati on of Informat ion	History & Develop ment of Homoeop athy in India, USA & European Countries	Knows	History & Develop ment of Homoeop athy in India, USA & European Countries	Explain the History & development of Homoeopath y in India, USA and European countries	Cogni tive	Level II Understand and interpret	Desira ble to know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica
		Knows		Discuss the Contributions of stalwarts in development of Homoeopath yin India, USA and European countries	Cogni tive	Level II Understand and interpret	Desira ble to know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica Repertory
		1		bf Homoeopathy	r						
Acquirin g and	Fundame ntal Principles	Knows	Understa nding the Fundame	Enumerate the cardinal principles of	Cogni tive	Level II	Must know	Lecture Small Group	MCQ, SAQ,	MCQ, SAQ,	

Integrati on of Informat ion	of Homoeop athy		ntal Principles that govern Homoeop athy	Homoeopath Y		Understand and interpret		Discussi on Seminar s	LAQ, Quiz	LAQ, Viva	
		Knows		Explain the Cardinal Principles and Fundamental laws of Homoeopath y	Cogni tive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
		Knows		Describe the significance and importance of Cardinal Principles and Fundamental laws	tive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	

Acquirin g and ntegrati on of nformat on	Concept of Health Disease and Cure	Knows	Knowledg e and applicatio n of concept of Health, Disease and Cure	Define the terms Health, disease and cure according to Dr. Hahnemann	Cogni tive	Remember (Level I)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
		Knows		Define the terms Health, disease and cure according to modern concept.	Cogni tive	Remember (Level I)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
		Knows		Explain Health, disease and cure according to	Cogni tive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	

Г

		Dr Hahnemann				Seminar s			
Knows	tł H n h c u m	Differentiate he Hahnemannia concept of health, disease and cure from the modern concept	Cogni tive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	

TOPIC 1(1.7): Different editions and Constructions of Organon of Medicine

Acquirin	Different	Knows	Significan	Explain	the	Cogni	Understand	Must	Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	
g and	editions		ce of	history	&	tive	(Level II)	know	Small	SAQ,	SAQ,	
Integrati	and		Different	developm	nent				Group	LAQ,	LAQ,	
on of	Construct		editions	different					Discussi	Quiz	Viva	
Informat	ions of		and	editions	and				on			
ion	Organon		Construct	Construct					Seminar			
			ions of	of Organo					S			
			Organon	Medicine								

	of Medicine		of Medicine								
Touiss		Knows		Differentiate between Different editions and Constructions of Organon of Medicine	Cogni tive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
Topic 2:Lo Acquirin g and Integrati on of Informat ion	Logic in Homoeop athy	Knows	Utility and Correlating Logic to Homoeopat hy	Inductive Logic 2.Deductive		Level 2 Understand and interpret	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
		Knows		Differentiate between inductive and deductive	Cogni tive	Level 2 Understand and interpret	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	

				logic using examples				Seminar s			
Tarian A		Knows		Apply the concept of Inductive and Deductive Logic to the Fundamental Principles of Homoeopath Y	tive	Level III Decision/pr oblem solving	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
Acquirin g and Integrati on of Informat ion	phorisms 1-2	Knows	45 Understa nding the meaning of Aphorism s	Explain the meaning and significance of Aph. 1-27	Cogni tive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	

				Explain Drug proving as per Aph 105-145	Cogni tive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Integrate d teaching with Homoeop athic Pharmacy
To Acquirin g and Integrati on of Informat ion	pic 4 :Physic Homoeop athic Physician	ian- Purpos Knows	e of existenc Qualities and Attributes of a Physician	e, qualities, dution Recognize the qualities, duties and knowledge expected from a physician	1	Receiving	Desira ble to know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
				Explain the Mission, qualities, duties & role of a Physician as true	Cogni tive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	

				practitior of healing					Seminar s			
To Acquirin	pic 5: Vital fo	orce- dynar Knows	nisation- hon	noeopathio Explain	c cure- the	- natures Cogni	law of cure & i Understand	ts Implica	ations- drug	proving MCQ,	MCQ,	
g and Integrati on of Informat ion	of Vital Force and Drug Dynamiza tion		ce of Vital Force in health, disease and Cure and Drug Dynamiza tion	roleof force health, disease cure	vital in and	tive	(Level II)	know	Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
		Knows		Explain concept Homoeo c Dynamiz		Cogni tive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
		Knows		Enumera the met of Homoeo	hods	Cogni tive	Remember (Level I)	Must know	Lecture Small Group	MCQ, SAQ,	MCQ, SAQ,	

	c Dynamization				Discussi on Seminar s	LAQ, Quiz	LAQ, Viva	
Knows	Explain the Nature's therapeutic law of cure	Cogni tive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Cognitive
Knows	Apply Nature therapeutic law of cure to Homoeopath y	tive	Understand (Level III)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Cognitive
Knows	Explain Drug Proving	Cogni tive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Cognitive

			Seminar		
			S		

7. Table 3. Non-Lecture Activities

Sr. No	Non-Lecture Teaching Learning methods	Total Time Allotted per Activity (Hours)
1	Seminars/ Workshops	
2	Group Discussions	
3	Problem based learning	
4	Integrated Teaching	78 hours
5	Case Based Learning	
6	Self-Directed Learning	
7	Tutorials, Assignments, Projects	
	Total	78 hours

Psychology

Preamble

Mind is an invisible dynamic force operating on the body which can be seen and felt with its expressions at multiple levels. While understanding Man it is important to know how he behaves, feels and thinks in general of his life and in different situations.

Health is that balanced condition of the living organism in which the integral, harmonious performance of the vital functions tends to the preservation of the organism ensuring the normal development of the individual. In a similar way, study of mind is an inseparable component of the study of man and is essential for prescribing. Thus mind remains an integral component of Homoeopathic prescribing.

In § 5 of Organon of Medicine, Dr Hahnemann talked of basic knowledges required for Homoeopathic practice of Holistic cure. According to him homoeopathic physician has to have knowledge of :

- a. Constitution of Man
- b. His moral & intellectual character
- c. Mode of living habits
- d. His social & domestic relations
- e. His adaptations with the environment

Above knowledge will help the Homoeopathic physician not only to understand the person in the patient but also to identify the cause of suffering by delving in to detailed enquiry. This may take the form of exploring evolutionary aspects from childhood to present, from family history – past history to present illness - all of which will indicate the qualities of the human in health as well as in disease.

Psychology is a science of mind and behavior which is important and necessary in all areas of life including the growth and development of human being. Theoretically, psychology examines psychological phenomena and behavioral patterns that appear as individual's external behavioral reactions against any stimulus - be it Biological–Psychological– Emotional –Social-Spiritual.

Modern concept of psychology has talked of Mental Health and Hygiene which indicates the importance and great need for ensuring psychological wellbeing in us. This state is under constant stress due to the rapid changes taking place in the life situation due to internal pressures and external environment.

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Course outcomes:

- 1. Explain the concept of Mind as perceived by Hahnemann and other stalwarts
- 2. Define the structure of the mind as conscious and unconscious and its various constituents / components in terms of Emotion, Thinking, Behaviour, Sleep and Dreams
- 3. Identify the conscious expressions of Mind as Emotion, Thought and Behaviour
- 4. Explain the neurophysiological basis of mental functioning
- 5. Discuss the relationship between the growth of the brain and the mind and its correlation with physical growth of the from infancy to old age and psychosocial development.
- 6. Evaluate the role that emotions and intellectual functions play in our daily lives
- 7. Derive the importance of the role of 'Learning' in human adaptation and change
- 8. Discuss 'Personality' as a synthesis of inborn traits and learnt responses occurring over the growing years
- 9. Realize the various forms of 'conflict', their origins and their role in determining the quality of our personal and social lives
- 10. Integrate the concept of mind as conceived in homoeopathic philosophy with that in modern psychology
- 11. Demonstrate the importance of the study of the Mind in approaching the study of Repertory and Materia Medica
- 12. Realize how a healthy individual experiences the harmonious functioning of the different constituents of the mind
- 13. Summarise the importance of knowledge of Psychology in Modern life and in Homoeopathic practice

General Instructions

- 1. Instructions in psychology should be planned in such a way that students should be able to present a basic understanding of the structure of mind, brain and its functioning with the kind of interrelationship they are sharing with each other.
- 2. Each topic should be planned in parallel with others subjects of Homeopathy where ever relevant to achieve integration with other subjects.
- 3. Since this subject is dealing with the human mind and its functions, topic should be dealt in more interactive ways where maximum learning will be achieved by doing rather than memorizing the things.
- 4. Emphasis would be more on the organization of the brain areas, their functions and correlated with the medical concept and philosophical concept of Mind.

- 5. Student should learn the psychological organization with learning the importance of special senses and their functions in great details that forms the foundation of the subject.
- 6. Most of the basic topics can be studied in interactive ways, discussion based on clinical case or any relevant event/ incidence of daily life.
- 7. Topics having philosophical connection should be taught with the help of discussion or in the form of story -telling with connections to the principles of philosophy.
- 8. Topics requiring a lot of analysis of information can be taught with role-play with directed observation method followed by discussion on the same pointing out its relevance and importance.
- 9. Nice to know topics along with a lot of community related information should be dealt with survey methods
- 10. Topics which are interrelated with other subjects of Homoeopathy should be presented and discussed.
- 11. Lectures or demonstration on the clinical and applied part of psychology should be arranged in the 3rd semester of the course and it should aim at demonstrating the structural-physiological –psychological basis of mental expressions of the symptoms and its value in Homeopathy.
- 12. Learning of applied psychology would be more qualitative in the various OPDs/Peripheral OPDs where contact with community will improve their knowledge, observation skills, attitude of communication with the community.
- 13. Some of the theoretical lectures should conclude with discussion on the learning achieved with its importance.
- 14. Periodical seminars on general topics related to philosophical aspect and its connection with psychology should be arranged for vertical, horizontal and spiral integration.
- 15. Role of observation and correlation should be demonstrated while discussing the intricacies of the subject of psychology.
- 16. Inter-departmental or joint seminars should be planned
- 17. While working on community survey- purpose should be kept very broad with the following objectives.
 - (i) Experiencing the community in actuality for the demographic configuration, different cultural traditions, different practices and inter-relationship and its effect on Mind and Body as a joint system.
 - (ii) Learning the functioning of human being in multiple situations of stress and process of getting adapted with those.
 - (iii) Quality of Mental Health of the community and its varied expressions
 - (iv) Quality of Inter-relationship within different castes, communities, religions and its impact on Individuals

Course contents:

Note: Each topic should be related with relevant clinical examples and the relationship with the subjects of Homoeopathic Philosophy, Materia Medica and Repertory must be made.

- 1. Introduction to the study of Mind in Homoeopathy
 - A. Concept of Mind- i. Contemporary schools of psychology

ii. Concept of Mind by Hahnemann

2. Psychological organization and the interrelationship of Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation); Conscious and Unconscious elements

A. Psychological Organisation i. Definition of Emotions and its types

ii. Definition of Thinking and its types

iii. Definition of Behavior and its types

- B. Effects on Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation) on Mind and Body
- C. Interrelationship of Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation) on Mind and Body
- D. Representation of Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation) in Materia Medica
- E. Representation of Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation) in Repertory
- 3. Physiological and Evolutionary basis of behaviour -
 - A. Instincts, Conditioned and unconditioned reflexes
 - B. Conscious and unconscious behaviour
 - C. Scientific study of Behavior and its expressions
 - D. Evolutionary study of behaviour
 - E. Understanding Relationship of Behaviour to Emotions and Thought
 - F. Expressions of Behaviour in Repertory and Materia Medica
- 4. Understanding Emotion, its different definitions and expressions in Repertory and Materia Medica

A. Scientific study of Emotions i. Definition of Emotions and its types

ii. Effects Emotions on Mind and Body

iii. Effect of emotions on sexual behaviour

- iv. Interrelationship of Emotions on Mind and Body
- B. Representation of Emotions in Materia Medica-
- C. Representation of Emotions in Repertory
- 5. Understanding Intellect: Attention, memory and its function and expression in Repertory and Materia Medica Basic concepts of Thinking
 - A. Definition of Thinking and its types
 - B. Intelligence and its measurement
 - C. Effects of Thinking /Thought (Cognition) on Mind and Body
 - D. Representation of Thinking /Thought (Cognition) in Materia Medica
 - E. Representation of Thinking /Thought in Repertory
- Motivation and their types with role in our lives
 Study of Motivation and its types
 Importance of study of Motivation for Homoeopathic Physicians

7. Learning and its place in adaptation

- A. Study Learning:
 - Definition of Learning and its types
 - Study of relevance of Learning for Homoeopathic Physician
 - Study of disturbances/ malfunctioning of Learning
- B. Adaption

Definition and its dynamic nature Successful and unsuccessful adaptation

- 8. Growth and development of Mind and its expressions from Infancy to old age Study of Developmental Psychology
 - i. Normal developments since birth to maturity (both physical and psychological)
 - ii. Deviations- in Growth and Development and its effects on later behaviour
 - iii. Understanding the bio-psycho-socio-cultural-economical-political-spiritual concept of evolution
 - iv. Importance of above study to understand Materia Medica drug proving
- 9. Structure of Personality, the types, their assessment, relationship to Temperament and representation in Materia Medica
 - i. Definition of Personality and its types
 - ii. Various constituents of Personality like Traits and Temperament
 - iii. Theories of Personality by psychologists
 - iv. Measures for the assessment of Personality, relationship to Temperament and representation in Materia Medica
- 10. Conflicts: their genesis and effects on the mind and body
 - i. Conflicts and their types
 - ii. Genesis of Conflicts and effects on the mind and body
 - iii. Genesis of Conflicts and related Materia Medica images
- 11. Applied Psychology: Clinical, Education, Sports, Business, Industrial

Application of knowledge of Psychological Components and its Integration in understanding

- i. Psychological basis of Clinical Conditions
- ii. Education
- iii. Sports
- iv. Business

12. Psychology and its importance in Homoeopathic practice for Holistic Management of the patient

Semester 1 Topic 1: 1. Introduction to Psychology with overview of different school	S
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Sr.No 1	Generic competen cy	Subject area	Miller s Know / Know how/ Show how/ Does	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirabl e to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Formativ e Assess ment	Sum m -ative Asses s ment	Integratio n - Horizonta I / Vertical / Spiral
HomUG -OM- l.1.1	Informatio n collection	What is Psycholog Y	Know s	Discuss Psycholog y as a science	Define Psychology	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Class room Lecture	MCQ	SAQ LAQ	
	Informatio n Analysis		Know s		Discuss the factors which make Psychology as a science	Cognitiv e	Understan d Level II	Must know	Lecture	ΜርQ	SAQ Viva	
	Integratio n of informatio n		Know s how		Explain the utility of the subject for a	Cognitiv e	Interpret Level II	Desirabl e to know	Lecture with discussio n	MCQ	SAQ Viva	Horizonta I integratio n with Organon

					Homoeopa th							
HomUG -OM- l.1.2	Informatio n collection	Different schools of Psycholog Y	Know s	Know the different schools of Psycholog y	Classify different schools of psychology based on their objectives and methods.	Cognitiv e	Understan d Level II	Must know	Class room lecture	SAQ	SAQ Viva	

Semester 1: Topic 2 Concept of Mind in Psychology and Homoeopathy

Sr.No	Generic	Subject	Millers	Specific	Specific	Bloom	Guilbert	Must	TL	Forma	Summ	Integrati
2	compet ency	area	Know/ Know how/ Showhow/D oes	compete ncy	Learnin g Objecti ves / Outco mes	's domai n	's level	know / desira ble to know / nice to know	method / media	tive Assess ment	-ative Assess ment	on - Horizont al / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG-	Informat ion	Concept of Mind in Psycholo	Knows	Describe	Describ e	Cognit ive	Underst and and	Must know	Lecture/ (use of `Story	MCQ	LAQ / SAQ	Organon -Concept of Mind

OM- 1.2.1	collectio n	gy and Homoeop athy		the concept of Mind	concept of Mind in differen t schools of psychol ogy		interpre t Level II		telling')/ and Discussi on on concept of Mind			as per Hahnem ann/ Kent /BB/ Boger
Hom UG- OM- I.2.2	Informat ion synthesi s		Knows	Relate concepts of Mind in psycholo gy and homoeop athy	Discuss concept of Mind as in Organo n and	Cognit ive	Integrat e Level III	Must know	Small group discussi on Charts / Models Audio- visual aids	Quiz True- false test items	LAQ/SAQ /Viva	Horizont al Organon
	Analysis		Knows		Compar e and contras t concept of mind in	Cognit ive	Underst and Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ	

Organo		
Organo		
n with		
that in		
differen		
t		
schools		
of		
psychol		
ogy		

Semester 1 Topic 3 Psychological organization of Mind and its interrelationship with Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation)

Sr.No 3	Generic competen cy	Subject area	Millers Know/ Know how/ Showhow / Does	Specific competenc y	Specific Learning Objectiv es / Outcom es	Bloom 's domai n	Guilbert' s level	Must know / desira ble to know / nice to know	TL metho d / media	Format ive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integrat ion - Horizon tal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG- OM- I.3.1	Informati on synthesis	Organizatio n of Mind and interrelatio nship of its constituents	Knows how	Identify the topography of the mind	Classify the divisions of the mind into consciou s, unconsci ous and sub- consciou s element s	Cognit ive	Underst and Level II	Must know	Caselet s and discuss ion	DOPS	LAQ / SAQ	

Hom UG- OM- I.3.2	Informati on collection		Knows how	Identify the constituent s of the conscious mind	Distiguis h the consciou s mental expressi ons as Emotion , Thought and Behavio ur	Cognit ive	Interpre t Level II	Must know	Caselet s and Matchi ng exercis es	MCQ	LAQ, / SAQ/V iva	
Hom UG- OM- I.3.3	Informati on Interpreta tion Self reflection	Interrelatio nship of Emotions/ Thinking/ Behaviour and Mind and Body	Knows how	Recognize the interrelation ship of mental constituents and effects of Mind and Body		Affecti ve	receive Level I	Must	Audio- visual media	Caselet s with check list	SAQ	Horizon tal integrat ion Organo n

	and Body		
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HomU	Informatio	Demonstra	Sho	Observe	Identify	Affective	Receive	Mus	Audio-	Film	Viv	
G-	n	tion of	WS	the	the		Level I	t	visual	viewing	а	
OM-	Demonstra	abilities of	How	mental	evidences		Leven	kno	means in			
l.3.4	tion	observation	поw	expressi	of			w	Small			
				ons in	psycholog				groups			
				terms of	ical							
				Emotion	expressio							
				1	ns of							
				Thinking	Emotion,							
				and	Thinking							
				Behavio	and							
				ur	Behaviour							
	Analysis	Demonstra	Kno	Distingui	Align the	Cognitive	Understa	Mus	Process	Check list	MC	
	and	tion of	WS	sh the	observatio		nd Level	t	the	on the	Q	
	intergation	abilities of	how	expressi	ns		II	kno	observati	film		
		integration		ons into	conducted			W	ons	shown		
				Emotion	above							
				ı	with the							
				Thinking	knowledg							
				and	e about							
				Behavio	emotions,							
				ur	thoughts							
					and							
					behaviour							
HomU	Analytical	Application	Sho	Identify	Demonstr	Psychomo	Imitate	Mus	Case-	Assignme	SA	Hor
G-		of	WS	the	ate the	tor	Levell	t	based	nts	Q	learnin
OM-		knowledge	how	mental	rubrics		LEVELI	kno	learning			g with
l.3.5		in practice		expressi	from the			w				Repert
				ons in								ory

		Repertor	given case		Teaching		
		У	scenarios		with		
					Repertory		

Semester 1 Topic 4 Physiological basis of Emotions, Thought and Behaviour

Sr.No. 4	Generic compete ncy	Subject area	Millers Know/ Knowh ow/ Show how/ Does	Specific competenc y	Specific Learning Objective s / outcomes	Bloom 's domai n	Guilbert 's level	Must know / desira ble to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Forma tive Assess ment	Sum m - ativ e Asse ss men t	Integratio n - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG- OM- I.4.1	informati on Collectio n	Physiolo gical basis of the mind	Knows	Understa nding the parts of the brain important in understan ding	List the parts of the Brain relevant to understan ding the mental	Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture with a demonstr ation with model of brain	MCQ	SAQ	Anatomy - Brain structures can be dealt

			mental functions	functionin g							simultane ously
Hom UG- OM- I.4.2	informati on collection	Knows		Explain the different parts of the brain which are the seat of the emotions of aggressio n, love, anger and anxiety	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Demonstr ation of brain model with discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
Hom UG- OM- I.4.3		Knows		Explain the different parts of the Brain which are the seat of intellectu al functions of attention,	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Demonstr ation of brain model with a discussion	MCQ	SAQ	

					memory and executive functions							
Hom UG- OM- I.4.4			Knows		Explain the different parts of the Brain which are responsibl e for simple behaviour	Cognit ion	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Desira ble to know	Group discussion	ΜርQ	SAQ	
Hom UG- OM- I.4.5	Informati on Interpret ation and Synthesis	1	Knows how	Discuss the genesis of Emotions, Thinking ,Behavior		Cognit ive	Proble m solving Level III	Must know	Lecture with PPT	MCQ	SAQ	

Sr. No	Generic Compet ency	Subject area	Mill ers Kno w/ Kno w how / Sho w how /	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom 's domai n	Guilbert's level	Must know / desira ble to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Forma tive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integra tion - Horizon tal / Vertical / Spiral
	Informat ion Informat ion	Behaviour and Functioning and the origins	/ Doe s Kno ws Kno ws	Instincts and reflexes and their	Define instinct and reflex Enumerat e the	Cognit ive Cognit ive	Recall Level I Recall Level I	Must know Must know	Lecture	MCQ MCQ	MCQ MCQ	Physiol ogy

Semester 1: Topic 5: Understanding behaviour, its origins and its representation in repertory and materia medica

	importanc e	instincts seen across the animal species						
Informat ion	Kno ws	Enumerat e the reflexes seen in the new born	Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ
Informat ion Analysis	Kno ws	Discuss the role and limitation s of these ensuring in our survival	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva
Informat ion	Kno ws	Define Condition ed and Unconditi oned reflex	Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ

Informat	Kno	Define	Define	Cognit		Must	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ
ion	W	Behavior	Behaviour	ive	Level I	know	and AV		
		and	as				methods		
		Functionin	externally						
		g	observed						
			expressio						
			ns						
Informat	Kno	•	Differenti	Cognit	Underst	Must	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V
ion	ws		ate	ive	and and	know			iva
Analysia			behaviour		interpre				
Analysis			as being of		t Level II				
Self			conscious						
awareness			and						
			unconscio						
			US						
Informat	Kno		Define	Cognit	Recall	Must	Lecture	MCQ	МСО
ion	w		functionin	ive	Level I	know	and		
			g as				Demonstr		
			expressio				ation		
			ns of the						
			system						
			which						
			needs						
			special						
			instrumen						
			ts to						
			measure						

Informat ion Analysis	Kno w how	Elaborate Cognit on the ive difference between Behaviour and Functionin g	Underst Must and and know interpre t Level II	Lecture SAQ	SAQ/V iva
Informat ion System thinking	Kno ws	Discuss Cognit the ive scientific methods of studying behaviour	Underst Must and and know interpre t Level II	Lecture LAQ	LAQ
Informat ion	Kno Origins ws and function Behavio		: Recall Must Level I know	Lecture MCQ	ΜCQ
Informat ion Analysis	Kno ws	Discuss Cognit the ive function of these specific	Underst Must and and know interpre t Level II	Lecture SAQ	SAQ Viva

					behaviour s							
Informat ion	Control Behaviour	of	Kno ws	Factors influencin g behaviour	Discuss the factors which regulate any two of the species specific behaviour s listed above	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ Viva	
Informat ion Synthesi s			Kno ws		Differenti ate innnate and learned behaviour as originatin g from unconditi oned and condition ed reflexes	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	

Analytic al		Kno ws		Discuss how emotions are the determina nts of behaviour and functionin g	Cognit ive	and and interpre t Level I	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ Viva	
Analytic al		Kno ws		Discuss how thoughts are is the determina nt of behaviour and functionin g	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ Viva	
Informat ion Analysis	BehaviourBehavi ourand Homoeopathy	Kno ws	Represent ation of Behaviour in the repertory	Illustrate the place of behaviour in repertory	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Demonstr ation	Checkli st	MCQ / Viva	Repert ory

Informat	Kno	Represent	Illustrate	Cognit	Underst	Must	Demonstr	Checkli	MCQ /	Materia
ion	WS	ation of	the	ive	and and	know	ation	st	Viva	Medica
Synthesi		behaviour	represent		interpre					
Synthesi		in Materia	ation of		t Level II					
5		Medica	behaviour							
			in Materia							
			Medica							
			Medica							

Semester 2 Topic 1 Understanding emotions and their representation in the repertory and materia medica

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Mille	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert's	Must	TL method	Format	Summ	Integrat
No	Compete ncy	area	rs Kno w/ Kno w how/ Sho w how/ Does	competenc y	Learning Objectives / Outcomes	s domai n	level	know / desira ble to know / nice to know	/ media	ive Assess ment	-ative Assess ment	ion - Horizon tal / Vertical / Spiral

ln or	formati n	Understan ding emotions, the types and their	Kno ws	Define emotions and differentiat	Define emotions, mood and feelings	Cogniti ve	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
Aı	nalysis	and their origins	Kno ws how	e from feeling and mood	Differentia te the above three from each other	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	Caselet s	SAQ/Vi va	
io	bservat n mpathy		Sho ws	Recognitio n of facial expressions	Recognize different emotions exhibited on the screens	Affecti ve	Receive Level I	Must know	Images of facial expression s	Spotter s	MCQ	
	ystem ninking		Kno w		Discuss the different ways that emotional expression is perceived by us	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	

Informati	Kno	Classificati	Discuss the	Cogniti	Underst	Nice	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
on	WS	on of	classificati	ve	and and	to				
		emotions	on of		interpret	know				
			emotions		Level II					
			Primary							
			and							
			Secondary							
			; Positive							
			and							
			negative							
Analysis	Kno	-	Discuss the	Cogniti	Underst	Nice	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/Vi	
	WS		implication	ve	and and	to			va	
			s and		interpret	know				
			limitation		Level II					
			of the							
			above							
			classificati							
			on							
Informati	Kno	Understan	Describe	Cogniti	Underst	Nice	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/Vi	
on	WS	d theories	the	ve	and and	to			va	
		of	prominent		interpret	know				
		emotions	theories of		Level II					
		and their	emotions							
		significanc	James							
		e		1		1	1		1	

			Cannon- Bard Schaster- Singer Cognitive mediation al theory							
Info on	rmati	Kno ws	The Bhava- Rasa theory of emotions	Cogniti ve	Recall level-I	Nice to know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ	
Ana	lysis	Kno ws	Differentia te the five theories from each other	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
	thesis olem ing	Kno ws	Evaluate the implication s of each of the theories in understan	Cogniti ve	Problem solving level -III	Nice to know	Discussion with examples	LAQ	LAQ	

				ding emotions							
Informati on	Biological view of emotions	Kno ws	Biological basis of emotions	Enumerate the constituen ts of the limbic system important in the understan ding of emotions	Cogniti ve	Recall Level	Must know	Lecture with model	MCQ	MCQ/V iva	Anatom y
Analysis and Synthesis		Kno ws		Discuss the role of the different constituen ts of the limbic system in expression and regulation of emotions	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Must know	Discussion	LAQ	LAQ	

Informati	Kno	Discuss the	Cogniti	Underst	Must	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/Vi	Physio
on Analysis	WS	effects of hormones in influencing emotions	ve	and and interpret Level II	know			va	ogy
Synthetic	Kno Sex an ws emotions	nd Define sexual activity in terms of emotional arousal	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
Synthesis	Kno ws	Describe the participati on of brain systems in sexual behaviour	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	-
Informati on	Kno ws	Discuss the effect of early influences on sexual behaviour	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/Vi va	
Synthesis	Kno ws	Discuss the effects of	Cogniti ve	Underst and and	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/Vi va	

					1		1	1 1
		socio-		interpret				
		cultural		Level II				
		surroundin						
		gs on						
		sexual						
		behaviour						
Informait	Kno	Enumerate	Cogniti	Recall	Must	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ
on	WS	the	ve	Laural I	know			
		varieties of		Level -I				
		sexual						
		orientation						
		seen						
			c	D			1460	1460.04
Informati	Kno	Identify	Cogniti	Recall	Must	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/V
on	WS	gender	ve	Level -1	know			iva
		identity						
		and sexual						
		identity						
Self	Kno	Recognize	Affecti	Receive	Must	Visual clips	SAQ	SAQ/Vi
awarenes	WS	the	ve		know	of cases		va
S		challenges		Level-II		Dele elevi		
		faced by				Role play		
		differently						
		sexually						
		oriented						
		persons in						
		p 0.00						

Informati on	Wholistic approach to Emotiona I health	Kno ws	Emotions and their effects on the self and others	List the effects of emotions on the human system in terms of cognitive, behavioura I and physical system	ve	Recall Level-I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/V iva
Systems thinking		Kno ws		Discuss the pathways through which emotions affect cognition, behaviour and physical system	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ
Informati on		Kno ws	Positive emotions and their	Define happiness, joy and peace	Cogniti ve	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/Vi va

Analysis	Kno effect w health	on	Describe the brain mechanis ms responsibl e for states of happiness,	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ	Anatom y
Synthesis	Kno w		joy and peace Discuss the effects of states of happiness, joy and peace on human systems	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	Physiol ogy
Holistic approach Self awarenes s	Kno ws		Explore the different mechanis ms for maintainin g a state of joy and peace	Affecti ve	Receive Leve-l	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	

Informati on		Kno ws	Influence of Cultural on expressions of emotions	Enumerate the effects of different cultures on emotional expression	Cogniti ve	Recall level-I	Nice to know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/V iva	
Holsitic approach		Kno ws		Discuss the implication s of cultures affecting emotional expression s	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II		Lecture/Fil ms	SAQ	SAQ/Vi va	
Informati on Analysis	Emotions and Homoeopa thy	Kno ws	Representa tion of Emotions in the repertory	Illustrate the place of emotions in repertory	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Must know	Demonstra tion	DOPS	MCQ	Reperto ry
Informati on Synthesis		Kno ws	Representa tion of emotions in Materia Medica	Illustrate the representa tion of emotions in Materia Medica	Cogniti ve	Underst and and interpret Level II	Must know	Demonstra tion	DOPS	MCQ	Materia Medica

Semester 2 Topic 2 Understanding intellect and its representation in repertory and materia medica -I Attention, concentration and memory

Sr. No	Generic Compet ency	Subject area	Millers Know/ Knowho w/ Showho w/ Does		Specific Learning Objective s / Outcome s	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know desirab le to know nice to know		Forma tive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integra tion - Horizo ntal / Vertical / Spiral
	Informat ion	Introducti on to attention and concentra tion the	Knows	Definition of terms with psychophysio logical mechanisms	Define attention and concentra tion	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva	
	Informat ion	underlyin g psycho- physiologi cal mechanis ms, regulation and	Knows		Enumerat e the brain regions which are involved in these functions	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture with model	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva	Anato my

Informa		Knows		Discuss	Cognitiv	Underst	Must	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V	Physio
ion	aspects			the neural processes which are responsib le for regulatin g attention and concentra tion	e	and and interpre t Level II	know		5/12	iva	ogy
Information	t	Knows	Control over attention and concentration	Discuss the factors which affect attention and concentra tion	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva	
Informa ⁻ ion	t	Knows		Realize the above processes in our daily life	Affective	Receive Level-I	Must know	Demonstr ation	-	-	

Informat		Knows		Discuss	Cognitiv	Underst	Must	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
ion		KIIOWS		the different physical and psycholog ical methods used for regulatin g attention and concentra	e	and and interpre t Level II	know	Lectore			
Informat ion	Applied aspects of attention	Knows	Application of attention and concentration	tion	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture Video	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	
Informat ion		Knows	Representati on of attention and concentration	life Identify the rubrics representi	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Demonstr ation	DOPS	MCQ	

			in repertory	the	ng attention and concentra tion in the repertory							
Informa ion	t	Knows	Reflection attention Materia Medica	of in		Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Demonstr ation	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	
Informa ion	types, processes and	Knows	Types Memory processes	of and		Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
Informa ion	applied aspects	Knows			Discuss the models of memory Informati on- processin g	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	

			And neural network						
Informat ion Analysis	Know		Discuss the function of the types of memory in our daily lives	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ
Informat ion	Know	Factors affecting memory and their regulation	Enumerat e the factors which affect different types of memories	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva
Informat ion	Know how		Discuss different ways of assessing different types of memory	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva

Informat ion	g, its mechanis ms and implicatio	Know	Forgetting, the types and the implications	Discuss the reasons for forgetting	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	
Informat ion Synthesi s		Know how		Discuss ways of enhancin g recall	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture Demonstr ation	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	
Informat ion	_	Knows		Describe the state of memory with senescen ce	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	
Informat ion		Knows		Discuss the implicatio ns of loss of memory with advancin g age	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	

Informat ion	Applied aspects of Memory	Knows	Memory changes	Describe ways in which memory can get distorted	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	-	-	
Informat ion		Knows		Discuss ways of reconstru cting a lost memory	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	-	-	
Informat ion		Knows		Discuss the implicatio ns of the dangers of reconstru ction of memory in our everyday life	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	-	-	
Informat ion	Homoeop athic	Knows	Representati on of sharp and loss of	Identify the rubrics representi	psychom otor	Underst and and	Must know	Demonstr ation	DOPS	МСО	

	aspects of memory		memory in the repertory	ng memory issues in the repertory		interpre t Level I				
Informat ion		Knows	Reflection of memory issues in Materia Medica	Identify the reflection of memory in remedies	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level I	Demonstr ation	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	

Semester 2 Topic 3 Understanding intellect and its representation in repertory and materia medica -II Perception and Intelligence

Sr.N	Generic	Subject	Mill	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Formati	Sum	Integration
0	Compet ency	area	ers Kno w/ Kno w	compete ncy	Learning Objectives / Outcomes	domain	level	know / desira ble to know / nice	method / media	ve Assess ment	m -ative Asses s	- Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
								, mee			ment	

			how / Sho w how / Doe s					to know				
Hom UG- OM- 2.2.1	Informat ion collectio n	Discuss Perceptu al organiza tion	kno ws	Describe Perceptio n and differenti ate from sensation	Define Perception.	Cognitio n	Recall level I	Must know	Small group discussio n	MCQ	MCQ	Horizontal Anatomy and Physiology
	Informat ion organiza tion			s and thinking	Relate perception to sensory processes and differentiat e from thinking	Cognitio n	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Must know	Visual films	SAQ	SAQ	
Hom UG-	Synthesi s		kno w	Genesis of perceptio n and	Describe the Psychophy	Cognitio n	Understa nd and	Must know	Small group	MCQ	МСО	

OM- 2.2.2			importan ce of ground	siology of perception		interpret Level II		discussio n			
Hom UG- OM- 2.2.3	Informat ion interpret ation	Kno ws how	Dynamics of perceptio n and perceptu al errors	Describe the role of attention and state of the mind, depth, constancy, movement in Perception	Cognitiv e	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Must know	Small group activities	Observ ation	MCQ/ Viva	
Hom UG- OM- 2.2.4	Informat ion synthesi s	Kno w		Explain the physiologic al and psychologi cal basis for Perceptual errors.	Cognitiv e	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Desir able to know	Films and images	Project	MCQ/ Viva	
Hom UG- OM- 2.2.5	Informat ion synthesi s	Kno w	Social perceptio n and its impact on our lives	Discuss determina nts of social perception	Cognitiv e	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Must know	Class room lecture	MCQ	LAQ/ SAQ	

	Self reflectio n	Kno w		Realize the effect of perception on interperson al and community relationshi ps	Affectiv e	Receive Level I	Must know	Media and discussio n	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	
Hom UG- OM- 2.2.6	Holistic approac h	Kno ws	Gestalt perceptio n and its importan ce to Homoeo pathy	Observe gestalt perception Illustrate its importance to Homoeopa thy in case taking	psycho motor Cognitiv e	Observe/i mitate Level II Understa nd and interpret Level II	Must know Desir able to know	Small group activity Visual films Demonst ration in OPD/vide os	Present ation perform ance	MCQ	Horizontal/ Vertical with Organon
HOM UG OM 2.2.7	Synthesi s	Kno ws	Applied aspects of Perceptio n	Understan d the perceptual difficulties of Dyslexia Know the phenomen a of	Cognitiv e	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Must know	Caselets and visual graphics		SAQ/ Viva	Vertical integration Psychiatry

					hallucinati on							
HOM UG OM 2.2.8	Informat ion manage ment		Sho ws how	Perceptio n in Repertor y and Materia Medica	Derives rubrics and remedies related to perceptual phenomen a	Cognitiv e	Unerstan d Level II	Must know	Demonst rate	DOPS	SAQ / Viva	Horizontal integration Repertory and HMM
	Informat ion	Intelligen ce and its measure	Kno ws	Conceptu al models of	Define Intelligenc e	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva	
	Analysis	ment	Kno ws	Intelligen ce	Detail the different approaches to viewing Intelligenc e i. Multiple intellige nces (Gardner) ii. Triarchic theory	Cognitiv e	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	

				(Sternbe rg) iii. Fluid and Crystalli zed (Catell's) iv. PASS theory							
Inf ior	ormat n	Kno ws	Measure ment of Intelligen ce	Define Intelligenc e Quotient (IQ)	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	
ior	Format n nalysis	Kno ws		Discuss the contributio n of heredity and environme nt to intelligence	Cognitiv e	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	
tor	Formai n nalysis	Kno ws		Discuss the pros and cons of measurem ent of IQ	Cognitiv e	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	

Informat ion		Kno ws		Enumerate the methods of assessing intelligence	Cognitiv e	Recall level l	Nice to Know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva
Informat ion	Intelligen ce as a force	Kno ws	Emotiona I intelligen ce and its	Define emotional intelligence	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva
Informat ion		Kno ws	USES	Define the component s of Emotional intelligence		Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ/ Viva
System thinking and sel awarene ss		Kno ws		Discuss the ways in which Emotional intelligence is useful to individuals and groups	Cognitiv e	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture and discussio n	LAQ	LAQ
Informat ion		Kno ws	Creativity and its	Define creativity	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva
Informat ion		Kno ws	growth	Illustrate the process	Cognitiv e	Understa nd and	Must know	Lecture		

Systems thinking				of creativity		interpret Level II					
Systems thinking		Kno ws		Discuss the ways in which creativity can be fostered		Understa nd	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	
Informat ion	Applied aspects of Intelligen ce	Kno ws	Extremes of intelligen ce	List the types of extreme intelligence on the Bell- shaped curve		Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	
Informat ion Analysis		Kno ws		Discuss the special needs of the persons occupying the extremes of intelligence	e	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	

Informat ion Analysis	Intelligen ce and Homoeo pathy	Kno ws	Represen tation of Intelligen ce in the repertory	Illustrate the place of Intelligenc e in repertory	Cognitiv e	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Must know	Demonst ration	DOPS	MCQ	Repertory
Informat ion Synthesi s		Kno ws	Represen tation of intelligen ce in Materia Medica	Illustrate the representa tion of intelligence in Materia Medica	Cognitiv e	Understa nd and interpret Level II	Must know	Demonst ration	DOPS	SAQ/ Viva	Materia Medica

Semester 2 Topic 4 Motivation, its types and its relevance for Homoeopath

Sr.No	Generic	Subject	Millers	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Forma	Summ	Integrat
10	Compet ency	area	Know/ Know/ how/ Show how/ Does	competen cy	Learning Objectives / Outcomes	domain	level	know / desirab le to know / nice to know	method / media	tive Assess ment	-ative Assess ment	ion - Horizon tal / Vertical / Spiral

Hom UG- OM- 2.10. 1	Informa tion collectio n	Motivati on, the types and its role in daily living	Knows	Describe motivatio n	Define motivation	Cognitive	Recall level I	Must know	Class room lecture	MCQ	LAQ/SA Q
Hom UG- OM- 2.10. 2	Informa tion collectio n		Knows	Understan d the nature and types of motivatio	Enumerate the types of motivation	Cognitive	Recall level I	Must know	Class room lecture	MCQ	LAQ/SA Q
Hom UG OM 2.10.3	Self reflectio n		Knows how	n	Recognize the types of motivation influencing our thinking and emotions	Affective	Receive level I	Must know	Audio- visual Discussi on	SAQ	SAQ/Viv a
Hom UG- OM- 2.10. 4	Informa tion Interpre tation	Use of Maslow's model of motivati on in our personal	Knows	Models of Motivatio n	Describe the Maslow's self- actualizatio n model	Cognitive	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Small group discussi on	Assign ment	LAQ

HOM UG OM 2.10.5	Self reflectio n and awaren ess	and professio nal lives	Knows how		Recognize the importance of the model in knowing human	Affective	Receive level I	Must know	Group discussi on with caselets	Checkl ist	SAQ/Viv a	
UG HOM 2.10.6	Synthes is	Utility of Motivati on for a Homoeo path	Shows how	Reflection of motivatio n in Repertory and HMM	beings Derives rubrics and remedy images related to motivation	Cognitive	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Demons trate	Checkl ist	МСО	

Semester 2 Topic 5 Learning, its types and its relevance in daily functioning of Humans

	Generic	Subject	Miller	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Forma	Summ	Integrat
Sr.No	Compet	area	S	competency	Learning	domain	level	know /	method	tive	-ative	ion -
8	ency		Know	competency	Objectives /		level	desirab	/ media	Assess	-alive	Horizon
0	ency		1		Outcomes			le to		ment	Assess	tal /
			Know		Obteomes			know /		mene	mont	Vertical
								nice to			ment	/ Spiral
			how/					know				

			Show how/ Does								
Hom UG- OM- I.6.1	Informa tion collectio n	Learning and adaptatio n	Know s	Define learning and its role in bringing about adaptation to	Define learning and adaptation	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Class room lecture	MCQ	LAQ / SAQ
	Synthes is			change	Derive the relationship between the two	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Caselets	Casele ts	Problem
Hom UG- OM- I.6.2	Informa tion collectio n	Learning forms and their implicatio n for us	Know s	Forms of learning	Explain the three forms of learning viz. Classical conditioning, Instrumental conditioning and observational learning	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Class room lecture	Checkl ist	LAQ/SA Q
Hom UG-	Holistic thinking		Does	Differentiate the forms or types of	Explain the significance of the above	Cognitiv e	Understan d and	Must to know	Demons tration	Projec t	MCQ

OM- I.6.3			learning and their significance	three forms in our daily lives		interpret Level II				
	Informa tion	Know	Determinants of learning and their significance	Enumerate the various factors which determine the quality of learning	Cognitiv e	Recall level l	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ
	Proble m solving	Know how		Derive the ways in which these factors can be used for enhancing learning	Cognitiv e	Problem solving level II	Must know	Assignm ents	Casele ts	SAQ / Viva
	Analytic al	Know s		Identify the factors which would inhibit learning and which would need to be attended to	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Assignm ent	SAQ	SAQ/Viv a
	Informa tion	Know s	Know the methods of	List the methods whereby	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/Viv a

	Assessmen t of		assessing learning	learning assessed	is							
Analytic al	learning			Evaluate respective value of different methods assess learning	9	Cognitiv e	Problem solving level III	Must know	Assignm ent	SAQ	SAQ/Viv a	
Synthes is	Utility of Learning and adaptation for a Homoeopa th	Show s how	Reflection of learning and adaptation in Repertory and HMM	Derives rubrics remedy images related learning adaptatio	and to and n	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Demons trate	DOPS	MCQ	

Semester 3 Topic 1 Evolution of Mind with Growth and Development: Normal developments since birth to maturity: physical and psychological

Sr.No	Generic	Subject	Millers	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Forma	Summ	Integrat
	Compet ency	area	Know/ Know	competen cy	Learning Objectives / Outcomes	domain	level	know desirable to know	method / media	tive Assess ment	-ative Assess	ion - Horizon tal /

			how/Sho w					nice to know			ment	Vertical / Spiral
			how/Doe s									
	Informa tion collectio n and analysis	Concept and process of Human	Knows	Discuss areas of human Growth and	Distinguish between Growth and Development	Cognitiv e	Interpret	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/Viv a	
Hom UG- OM- I.4.1	Informa tion collectio n	Develop m	Knows	- Developm ent	List the three domains of development Physical, Cognitive and psychosocial development	Cognitiv e	Remembe r- level l	Must know	Class room Lecture	MCQ	LAQ / SAQ	
Hom UG- OM- I.4.2	Analytic al		Knows how		Distinguish the characteristic s of physical, cognitive and psychosocial development	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Small group discussi on Charts / Models	Quiz True- false test items	LAQ/SA Q	

									Audio- visual aids			
	Analyitc al		Knows how	Discuss determina nts of developme nt	Distinguish between the contribution of nature and nurture in development	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
			Knows		Define the concept of development al milestones in childhood	Cognitiv e	Recall	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
Hom UG- OM- I.4.3	Informa tion Analytic al	Devlopm ental stages of Psychose xual, cognitive and psychoso	Knows how	Discuss the theories of cognitive and psychosoc ial developm	Discuss the theory of psychosexua l developmen t as proposed by Freud	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Small group demons tration, peer group activitie s.	MCQ	MCQ	Horizon tal integrat ion with Anato my, physiol ogy
	Informa tion Analytic al	cial develop ment	Knows how	- ent	Discuss the theory of cognitive developmen	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	

				t proposed by Piaget							
Informa tion Analytic al		Knows how		Discuss the theory of psychosocial developmen t of Erik Erikson	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
Informa tion Analysis	Human Develop ment across the Life span	Knows how	Discuss the developm ent of the human being across the lifespan	Discuss the different stages of physical, emotional and cognitive development of childhood	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
Informa tion Self reflectio n		Knows		Discuss parental styles appropriate to help optimal growth in childhood	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	

Informa tion Analysis	Knows how	Discussthe differentCognitiv eUnderstan dMust knowLectureLAQLAQdifferentedand interpret Level IIknowImage: Solution of the second
Informa tion Self reflectio n	Knows how	Discuss the Cognitiv Understan Must Lecture LAQ LAQ role of home, e d and know school and society on the Level II development of the adolescent
Informa tion Analysis	Knows how	Discuss the Cognitiv e Understan d and d and hnow hnow hnow hnow hnow hnow hnow hnow
Informa tion Analysis	Knows how	DiscusstheCognitivUnderstanMustLectureLAQLAQdifferentedandknowifferentiffere

					psychosocial and cognitive development of old age and senescence		interpret Level II					
ti Se re n av	nforma on elf eflectio and waren ss	Significa nce of knowled ge of Growth and Develop ment for	Knows how	Discuss significanc e of growth and developm ent in homoeopa	Recognize the impact on knowledge of G and D in case taking	Affectiv e	Receive level I	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	Hor. with Organo n
ti	nforma on Inalysis	a homoeo path	Knows	thy	Identify the significance of knowledge of G and D in use of Repertory	Psycho motor	Imitation level I	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	Hor. with Reperto ry
ti	nforma on nalysis		Knows		Locate the significance of knowledge of G and D in Homoeopat hic Materia Medica	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	Hor. with HMM

Semester 3	Topic 2 Develo	pment of Perso	nality, types,	Traits, Tempe	erament

Sr.N	Generic	Subject	Millers	Specific	Specific		Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Forma	Summ	Integrat
0	Compet	area	Know/	competen	Learning Objective	s /	domain	level	know / desirabl	method / media	tive Assess	-ative	ion - Horizon
	ency		Know how/Sho w	су	Outcomes	5			e to know / nice to		ment	Assess ment	tal / Vertical / Spiral
			how/Doe s						know				
Hom	Informati	Concept	Knows	Discuss	Define	the	Cognitiv	Recall	Must	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ/Viv	Concep
UG- OM- I.9.1	on collection	ty. Tempera ment		the concept of personalit Y	concept personalit	of y	e	level I	know	with discussio n		а	t to be discuss with Organo n
	Informa tion	and trait	Knows	Discuss the	Discuss	the of	Cognitiv	Understan d and	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ	
	Synthes is			concept of Tempera ment and its evolution	concept temperam and relation Body type	nent its to	e	interpret Level II	NIUW				

Hom UG- OM- I.9.4	Informa tion collectio n + Informa tion Interpre tation		Knows	Discuss the concept of traits and its utility	Describe the scientific concept of 'Traits' and their importance	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture with case let discussi on	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Concep t to be discuss with Organo n
Hom UG- OM- I.9.5	Informa tion collectio n Analysis Synthes is	Theories of Personali ty and develop mental process	Knows	Discuss the Theories of Personalit y	Explain the following theories of personality 1. Biological 2. Behaviourist ic 3. Learning 4. Humanistic proposed by various psychologis ts and their implication s to a physician	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Desirabl e to know	Lecture with case discussi on or suitable exampl e	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	

Hom UG- OM- I.9.6	Informa tion Holistic approac h		Knows how	Discuss the developm ent of Personalit	Illustrate the process of personality development	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Desirabl e to know	Case scenari o discussi on	MCQ	SAQ	
Hom UG- OM- I.9.7	Informa tion collectio n and Case Interpre tation of data		Knows	y and factors determini ng it	Enumerate the Factors determining the Personality	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Desirabl e to know	Case scenari o discussi on	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	
Hom UG- OM- I.9.9	Informa tion Analysis Synthes is		Knows how	Assessme nt of personalit y	Describe the techniques of assessing Personality	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Nice to know	Case scenari o discussi on	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	
Hom UG- OM- I.9.1 o	Informa tion collectio n	Personali ty and Homoeo pathy	Knows	Implicatio ns of study of personalit y to	Discuss the relevance of concept of Personality to a homoeopath	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Discussi on with case scenari o	MCQ	LAQ	Hor with Organ on

Hom	Proble	Knows	homoeopa	Discuss	the	Cognitiv	Unde	erstan	Desira	abl	Discussi	MCQ	LAQ	Hor
UG-	m		th	relevance	of	е	d	and	e	to	on with			with
OM-	Solving			studying			inter	pret	know		scenari			MM
l.9.1	_			Personalit	у		Leve	111			0			
1				from	the									
				perspectiv	e of									
				Materia										
				Medica										
1														

Semester 3 Topic 3 Bio-Psycho-Social development of Human Being

Sr.No 7	Generic Compet ency	Subject area	Millers Know/ Know how/Sho w how/Doe	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL metho d / media	Forma tive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integrati on - Horizont al / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG- OM- I.5.1	Informa tion	Concept of Bio- Psycho- Social model for	s Knows	Describe concept of Bio- Psycho- Social developm	Define the Bio-Psycho- Social model	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lectur e	Ess	LAQ/ SAQ	Anatomy , Physiolo gy

Informa tion Analysis Synthes is	holistic care	Knows	ent of Human Being	Illustrate how each of the constituent of the Bio- psycho-social model gives a more comprehensiv e understandin g of a human being	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lectur e	LAQ	LAQ	
Holistic approac h System based thinking		Knows how	Implicatio ns of the Bio- psycho- social approach	Discuss the significance of the Bio- psycho-social approach to a human being	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lectur e	LAQ	LAQ	
Synthes is		Knows	Implicatio ns in homoeopa thic care	Discuss the similarity between homoeopathi c approach to a human being with Bio-psycho-	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lectur e	LAQ	LAQ	Hor with Organon

				social approach							
UG- OM- I.5.5	Informa tion Synthes is	Knows how	Discuss Socio cultural basis of Behavior	Defines the role of culture in shaping human behavior.	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Small group discus sion	Chart prepar ation Assign ment	SAQ	

Semester 3 Topic 4 Concept of Stress-Conflict: their genesis, types and effects on the mind and body

Sr.No	Generic	Subject	Millers	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Forma	Summ	Integrati
	Compet ency	area	Know/ Know how/Sho w	competen cy	Learning Objectives / Outcomes	domain	level	know / desirabl e to know / nice to	method / media	tive Assess ment	-ative Assess ment	on - Horizont al / Vertical / Spiral
			w how/Doe s					know				Spiral
Hom UG-	Informa tion	Stress, Conflicts	Knows	Discuss the	Define Stress	Cognitiv e	Remembe r and	Must know	Present ation	MCQ	LAQ	Observat ion in any
OM-		and		Concept of								departm

l.10. 1	collectio n	Coping Mechani sms		Stress and types of stress			Recall Level I		with case let			ental OPD/ IPD
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 2	Informa tion and analysis		Knows		Classify the types of stres		Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	LAQ	
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 3	Informa tion		Knows how		Identify the sources o Stress		Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 4	Organiz e the data		Knows how		Discuss the effect o Stresses of Mind and Body	f e Î	Understan d and interpret Level II	Desirabl e to know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 5	Informa tion		Knows	Concept of Conflict and types	Define Conflict	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD

Hom UG- OM- I.10. 6	Informa tion collectio n	Knows		State the stages of Conflict	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD
Hom UG- OM- I.10.7	Organiz e the data	Knows how		Enumerate the types of Conflict	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 8	Analysis Synthe sis	Know	Describe the relationshi p between stress and conflict	Discuss the relationship between Stress and Conflict	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Desirabl e to know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD
Hom UG- OM-	Informa tion	Know	Discuss the concept of Coping Mechanis	Define Coping mechanism	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD

l.10. 9			ms and their use								
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 10	Informa tion	Knows how		Enumerate the types of Coping mechanisms	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 1	Proble m solving	Knows how		Discuss the utility of Coping mechanism while dealing with Stress	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	MCQ	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD
	Holistic approac h System based thinking	Knows how	Discuss successful resoution of conflict	Evaluate the role of learning and adaptation in ensuring resolution of stress	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	

Synthet	Applicati	Shows	Exploring	Explore	the	Cognitiv	Problem	Must	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
ic	on of stress- conflict in Homoeo		effects of stress- conflict in Homoeop athy	reflection conflict	of in		solving III	know				
	pathy		,									

Semester 3 Topic 5 Applied Psychology: Clinical, Education, Sports, Business and Industrial

Sr.No	Generic	Subject	Millers	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Forma	Summ	Integrat
	Compet ency	area	Know/ Know how/ Show how/ Does	competen cy	Learning Objectives / Outcomes	domain	level	know / desirab le to know / nice to know	method / media	tive Assess ment	-ative Assess ment	ion - Horizon tal / Vertical / Spiral

Hom	Informa	Applied	Knows	Understan	Define	the	Cognitiv	Recall	Must	Discussi	MCQ	SAQ	
UG-	tion	Psycholo		d the	following		e	Level I	know	on on			
OM-	Collecti	gy		applicati	terms	in				the			
l.11.1	on			on of	Applied					utility of			
				Psycholo	Psycholog	у				the			
				gy in the	viz Clin	ical,				subject			
				different	Business,					in			
				fields of	Education	,				multiple			
				Clinical,	Sports,					human			
				Educatio	Industrial					resource			
				n, Sports,						s areas			
	Informa		Knows	Business,	Illustrate	the	Cognitiv	Understan	Desirab	Library	SAQ	SAQ/Viv	
	tion		i tillows	Industrial	utility	of	e	d and	le to	referenc	5/12	a	
	manage				subject	0.	C	interpret	know	es		ч ч	
	ment				Psycholog	v in		Level II					
					various fie								

Semester 3 Topic 6: Psychology and its importance in Homoeopathic practice for Holistic Management of the patient

Generic	Subject	Millers	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Forma	Summ	Integrat
Compet ency	area	Know/ Know how/	competen cy	Learning Objectives / Outcomes	domain	level	know / desirab le to know /	method / media	tive Assess ment	-ative Assess ment	ion - Horizon tal /

		Show how/ Does					nice to know				Vertical / Spiral
System s thinking	Psycholo gy and Homoeo pathy for Holistic manage ment	Knows	Summarizi ng the course of Psycholog Y	Discuss the ways in which Psychology may contribute to the holistic manageme nt of the patient	Cognitive	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture and discussi on	LAQ	LAQ	

Teaching-Learning Methods

- a. Classroom teaching
 - i. Lecture
 - ii. Demonstration
 - iii. Group discussion
 - iv. Problem based learning
- b. Practical
 - i. Psychometric tests
 - ii. Facial recognition spotters

- c. Individual learning
 - i. Assignment
 - ii. Short project -e.g. searching MM or Repertory for representation of emotions, thoughts and behaviour

V Practical – Lab work – Field – Clinical Hospital work

- a. Journal club: a team of students to present the understanding of current development inpsychological aspects of every day events
- b. Field work Some survey for identification of psychological disturbance in Common Man
- c. Clinical Hospital Work- Small project on psychometric tests.

VI No of Teaching Hours: Theory

Sr. No	Торіс	No of lectures	Non-lectures
1.	Introduction to the study of Mind in Homoeopathy	3	-
2.	Psychological organization and the interrelationship of Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation); Conscious and Unconscious elements	2	1
3.	Physiological basis of behaviour - the place of conditioned and unconditioned reflex	3	1
4.	Understanding Behavior and Functioning and expressions in Repertory and Materia Medica	4	2
5.	Understanding Emotion, its different definitions and expressions in Repertory and Materia Medica	5	3

6.	Understanding Intellect: Attention, memory and its function and expression in Repertory and Materia Medica	4	3
7.	Understanding Intellect: Perception and expressionsin Repertory and Materia Medica	3	2
8.	Understanding Intellect: Thinking, intelligence and its measurementand expressions in Repertory and Materia Medica	4	2
9.	Motivation and their types with role in our lives	2	2
10.	Learning and its place in adaptation	4	2
11.	Growth and development of Mind and its expressions from Infancy to old age	4	2
12.	Structure of Personality, the types, their assessment, relationship to Temperament and representation in Materia Medica	4	2
13.	Conflicts: their genesis and effects on the mind and body	3	1
14.	Applied Psychology: Clinical, Education, Sports, Business, Industrial	2	-
15.	Psychology and its importance in Homoeopathic practice	2	-
	Total	50	22

8. Assessment

8A- Number of papers and Mark Distribution

Sr. No.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical	Viva Voce	Internal Assessment Practical	Grand Total
1	HomUG-OM-I	1	100	50	40	10	200

8B - Scheme of Assessment (formative and Summative)

Sr. No	Professional Course	1 st term (1-6 Months)	2 nd Term (7-12 Months)	3 rd Term (13-18 Months)	
1	First Professional BHMS	First PA + 1 ST TT	2 nd PA+2 ND TT	3 rd PA	UE

PA: Periodical Assessment; TT: Term Test; UE: University Examinations

8 C - Evaluation Methods for Periodical Assessment

Sr. No	Evaluation Dimensions
1	Practical/Clinical Performance
2	Viva Voce, MCQs, MEQ (Modified Essay Questions/Structured Questions)
3	Open Book Test (Problem Based)
4	Reflective writing
5	Class Presentations; Work Book Maintenance

6	Problem Based Assignment
8	Co-curricular Activities, (Social Work, Public Awareness, Surveillance/ Prophylaxis Activities, Sports or Other Activities which may be decided by the Department).
9	Small Project

8 D - Paper Layout

Summative assessment:

<u>Theory- 100 marks</u>

Section –I-50 marks-Organon

ΜርQ	5 marks	10min
SAQ	25 marks	50 min
LAQ	20 marks	30 min

Section –II-50 marks- psychology

ΜርQ	5 marks	10min
SAQ	25 marks	50 min
LAQ	20 marks	30 min

8 E– I - Distribution of Theory exam

Sr. No	Paper			D Type of Questions "Yes" can be asked. "No" should not be asked.			
	Α	В	С	MCQ SAQ			
	List of Topics	Term	Marks	(1 Mark)	(5 Marks)	(10 Marks)	
1	Introductory Topics	1	Refer Next Table	Yes	Yes	No	
2	Logic	1	-	Yes	Yes	No	
3	§1 to 27 of Organon of medicine, §105 to 145	1&11		Yes	Yes	Yes	
4	The physician – purpose of existence, qualities, duties and knowledge	11		Yes	Yes	Yes	
5	Vital force- dynamisation- homoeopathic cure- natures law of cure & its Implications- drug proving	&		Yes	Yes	Yes	

8 E– II - Theme table-organon

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
A	Introductory Topics	I	10	Yes	Yes	No
В	Logic	1	05	Yes	Yes	No
С	§1 to 27 of Organon of medicine, §105 to 145	1&11	25	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	The physician – purpose of existence, qualities, duties and knowledge	11	10	Yes	Yes	Yes

Theme table: -Psychology

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
А	Introduction to psychology	I	05	NO	Yes	No
В	Psychological organization of Mind –Structural and Functional	I	25	Yes	Yes	Yes
С	Growth and development	11	10	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Personality development and stress management	111	05	NO	yes	no
E	Applied Psychology	Ш	05	No	Yes	no

8F Question paper Blue print :

Section one Organon

Α	В	Question Paper Format
Question Serial Number	Type of Question	(Refer table 4 F II Theme table for themes)
Q1	Multiple choice Questions	Theme A
	(MCQ)	Theme B
	5 Questions	Theme C
	1 mark each	Theme C
	All compulsory	Theme D
	Must know part: 3 MCQ	
	Desirable to know: 2 MCQ.	
	Nice to know: 1 MCQ	
Q2	Short answer Questions	Theme A
	(SAQ)	Theme B
	5 Questions	Theme C
	5 Marks Each	Theme C
	All compulsory	Theme D
	Must know part:5 SAQ	

	Desirable to know: Nil	
	Nice to know: Nil	
Q ₃	Long answer Questions	Theme C
	(LAQ)	Theme D
	Two Questions	
	10 marks each	
	All compulsory	
	All questions on must know	
	No Questions on Nice to know and Desirable to know	

Section Two: psychology Section-II- Psychology -50 marks

Question Seria	Type of Question	Question Paper Format
Number		(Refer table 4 F II Theme table for themes)
Q1	All compulsory Multiple choice Questions (MCQ) 5 Questions -1 mark each Must know – 3MCQ	Theme B +C
	Desirable to know-1 MCQ Nice to know -1 MCQ	
Q2	 Short answer Questions (SAQ) 5 Questions 5 Marks Each All compulsory Must know part: 3 SAQ Desirable to know: 1 SAQ Nice to know: 1 SAQ 	Theme A+B+C+D+E
Q ₃	Long answer Questions (LAQ) 2 Questions 10 marks each	Theme B+C

All compulsory	
Must know part: 2 LAQ	

8 G - Distribution of Practical Exam

<u>Practical 50 marks –</u>

Organon: 25 marks

Viva voce	20 marks
Internal assessment	5 marks

Psychology: 25 marks

ſ	Viva voce	20 marks
	Internal assessment	5 marks

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Subject- Human Anatomy

Subject Code: Hom UG-AN

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1. PREAMBLE

Anatomy is a study of the structural organization and development of man from gross to cellular aspects along with exploring the interrelationship of different tissues, organs and systems.

An important aspect for the homoeopathic student to grasp is the essentially holistic approach emphasized by Hahnemann. From that perspective, study of anatomy is not a study of isolated organs, parts or tissues but that of a hierarchical system which is intimately interconnected and functions with a purpose of striking balance when in a state of adaptation. The subtle ways in which this balance is lost through a malfunctioning of the vital force needs to be appreciated. This can occur when anatomy is taught with applied anatomy in the background. This delivers an immediate clinical relevance in the mind of the student who is being simultaneously being exposed to clinical practice in the OPD and IPD.

While anatomy explores the structural organization of man, physiology gives us an understanding of the functional organization of the human being. These subjects, which are in reality the two sides of the coin, need to be taught interdependently. This enables the student to develop an insight into the essential interconnection of both in normal health and how both these alter when the disease process gets initiated in the system. This will also reduce the number of teaching hours due to avoiding duplication of information. While the clinical integration is taking place, homoeopathic connection is emphasized when the relevance of the Homoeopathic subjects being taught in the 1st year (Philosophy, Materia Medica, Pharmacy and Repertory), is simultaneously brought to the forefront and hence student centred teaching of the first BHMS year be achieved.

Advances in the understanding of tissues and cell structures which subsume functions of the organs and systems can afford a fertile area for exploring the action of drugs of Materia medica.

2. PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

At the end of BHMS program, a student must

- 1. Develop the competencies essential for primary health care in clinical diagnosis and treatment of diseases through the judicious application of homoeopathic principles
- 2. Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy and to apply the Homoeopathic Principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community.
- 3. Discern the relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referral and life saving measures, so as to address clinical emergences
- 4. Develop capacity for critical thinking and research aptitude as required for evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 5. Demonstrate aptitude for lifelong learning and develop competencies as and when conditions of practice demand.
- 6. Be competent enough to practice homoeopathy as per the medical ethics and professionalism.
- 7. Develop the necessary communication skills to work as a team member in various healthcare setting and contribute towards the larger goals of national policies such as school health, community health, environmental conservation.
- 8. Identify and respect the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors that affect health and disease and plan homoeopathic intervention to achieve the sustainable development Goal.

3. COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, I BHMS student must be able to-

- 1. Discuss the evolution of life and the developmental anatomy and genetics of human.
- 2. Explain the ethics of Anatomy, such as Anatomy act, Body donation & receiving procedure and its legal aspects, develop respect to the human cadaver.
- 3. Differentiate the structural organization of man from micro to macro and its evolution from embryo
- 4. Correlate the structural organization of man with functional organization and its applied aspect
- 5. Apply anatomy knowledge to achieve vertical integration with clinical subjects
- 6. Correlate structural organization of man with homeopathic philosophy and concept of man, Homoeopathic Materia Medica, Repertory and Pharmacy.
- 7. Correlate structural organization in interpreting different investigations

4. TEACHING HOURS

Sr No.	Subject	Theoretical Lecture	Practical / Tutorial / Seminar / Clinical Posting
01	Anatomy	325 hrs.	33ohrs.

TEACHING HOURS (THEORY)

Sr. No	Paper-I		
	Α	В	C
	List of Topics	Term	Teaching Hours
1	General Anatomy	1	20
2	Head, Neck & Face	II	40
3	Central Nervous System	II	40
4	Upper Extremities	I	50
5	Embryology	1	25

Sr. No	Paper-II		
	Α	В	С
	List of Topics	Term	Teaching Hours
1	Thorax	Ш	25
2	Abdomen & Pelvis	III	55
3	Lower Extremities	III	50
4	Histology	I	20

TEACHING HOURS (PRACTICAL)

Sr. No			
	Α	В	С
	List of Topics	Term	Teaching Hours
1	Head, Neck & Face	11	24
2	Central Nervous System		18

3	Upper Extremities	I	72
4	Thorax	11	48
5	Abdomen & Pelvis		66
6	Lower Extremities		72
7	Histology	1	18
8	Embryology	I	12

5. COURSE CONTENT (THEORY)

Syllabus Planning:

- (a) Syllabus should start with revision of some of important topics of BIOLOGY- (To connect Biology to Medical Science) Origin of Earth-Environment - Origin of LIFE-Evolution of Human Lives.
- (b) The complete course of Human Anatomy should be subdivided in number of modules-according to topics/region/system.
- (c) Syllabus of other subjects of same year should plan out where the maximum integration (Vertical & Horizontal) of topics is possible.
- (d) Theory/Practical/Tutorial/Clinical posting should be arranged in parallel.
- (e) Integrated Syllabus planning of whole year should be briefed to clinician where clinical postings are going to be arranged for application of classroom knowledge to clinical knowledge.
- (f) Each module should be planned according to the need of system-Co-relation with Homoeopathy & time dimension. (No. of hours)
- (g) At the end of each module knowledge should be assessed by arranging joint seminars.(Application of classroom knowledge to practical understanding)

A. Theory:-

The curriculum includes the following from an introductory stage which would include

- 1. Anatomy Act
- 2. Body donation procedure and its legal aspects.
- 3. Develop respect to the human cadaver, empathy towards diseased and sense of gratification for the voluntary body donors and their families
- 4. Anatomy and Ethics

The rest of the contents have been detailed below:

1. General Anatomy: -

- 1.1 Modern concepts of cell and its components; cell division, types with their significance.
- 1.2 Tissues- Theory & demonstration of each basic Tissue (Structure, Location & Function)-Organ formation- Histology.
- 1.3 Genetics
- 1.4 Basics of General Anatomy
 - i. Definition & Subdivision of Anatomy
 - ii. History of Anatomy
 - iii. Anatomical Terms, Position & Movements
 - iv. Superficial and Deep fasciae
 - v. Muscles
 - vi. Bones
 - vii. Joints
 - viii. Blood vessels
 - ix. Lymphatic system
 - x. Nerves

2. Developmental anatomy (Embryology): -

2.1 Male & Female reproductive organs (Superficial)

2.2 Spermatogenesis

2.3 Oogenesis

2.4 Fertilization

2.5 Formation of Germ Layers-Tissue formation & its classification

2.6 Notochord

2.7 Yolk Sac

2.8 Amniotic Sac

2.9 Developmental embryogenic disk

2.10 Placenta

2.11 Development of abdominal organ

2.12 Development of cardio vascular system

2.13 Development of nervous system

2.14 Development of respiratory system

2.15 Development of body cavities

2.16 Development of uro-genital system

3. Regional or systemic anatomy:

Each of the areas below will cover: -

(a) Osteology

(b) Syndesmology (Joints)

(c) Myology

(d) Angiology

(e) Neurology

(f) Splanchnology (Viscera and Organ)

(g) Histology

(h) Surface anatomy

(i) Applied anatomy

(j) Radiographic anatomy

(k) Correlation with homoeopathic subjects

This will be taught under the following regions: -

3.1 Upper and Lower extremities
3.2 Head, Neck and Face
3.3 Brain- CNS
3.4 Thorax- Respiratory & Cardio vascular system

3.5Abdomen- GIT, Metabolism, Excretory, RE system, Lymphatics & Reproductive

Practical – Lab work – Field – Clinical Hospital work

1. Dissection of whole Human Body, Demonstration of dissected parts. - Small group discussion

- 2. Identification of histological slides, related to tissue & Organs. -Microscope/OHP slides
- 3. Students shall maintain Practical-Dissection & Histology record and clinical journals

THEORY

Sr. No.	Topics	Hrs	Term
1	GENERAL ANATOMY		I

		1
3.5 Modern concepts of cell and its components; cell division, types with their significance	2	
1.1 Tissues- Theory & demonstration of each basic Tissue (Structure, Location & Function)-Organ formation- Histology	2	
3.6 Basics of General Anatomy- xi. Definition & Subdivision of Anatomy xii. History of Anatomy xiii. Anatomical Terms, Position & Movements xiv. Superficial and Deep fasciae xv. Muscles xvi. Bones xvii. Joints xviii. Blood vessels xix. Lymphatic system xx. Nerves	2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1	

	1. Anatomy — Physiology Seminar on cell	1	
	2. Anatomy — Physiology Seminar on Musculoskeletal System	1	
	Total Hours	20 hrs	
2	EMBRYOLOGY & GENETICS		I
	1. Developmental anatomy (Embryology): - 1.1 Male & Female reproductive	2	
	organs (Superficial) 1.2 Spermatogenesis	1	
	1.3 Oogenesis 1.4 Fertilization 1.5 Formation of Germ Layers-	1	
	Tissue formation & its classification 1.6 Notochord 1.7 Yolk Sac	3	
	1.8 Amniotic Sac 1.9 Developmental embryogenic	1	
	disk	1	
	1.10 Placenta 1.11 Development of abdominal organ	1 2	
		1	

	1.12 Development of cardio	1	
	vascular system		
	1.13 Development of nervous	2	
	system	2	
	1.14 Development of	2	
	respiratory system	2	
	1.15 Development of body	2	
	cavities	2	
	1.16 Development of uro-		
	genital system		
	Total Hours	25 hrs	
3	HISTOLOGY		I
	1. Modern concept of cell, tissue	1	
	& systemic structure		
	2. Connective tissue	1	
	3. Histology lectures-General	3	
	4. Epithelial tissue	1	
	5. Nervous tissue	1	
	6. Histology lectures of specific	13	
	organs		
	Total Hours	20 hrs	
4	UPPER LIMB		1

1.	Brachial plexus	2	
2.	Mammary Gland	2	
3.	Shoulder Joint	2	
4.	Median nerve and wrist joint	2	
5.	Muscles of scapular region	2	
6.	Muscles of shoulder region	2	
7.	Back and Intermuscular spaces around scapula	2	
8.	Arm- Post. Aspect	1	
9.	Radial nerve	2	
10.	Forearm – superficial extensor	2	
11.	Forearm- Deep extensor	2	
12.	Elbow joint	2	
13.	Radioulnar joint	1	
14.	Extensor retinaculum	1	
15.	Ulnar nerve	2	
16.	Hand- post. Aspect	2	
17.	Pectoral region	2	

	1	1	1
	18. Arm- Ant. Aspect	2	
	19. Musculocutaneous nerve	1	
	20. Cubital fossa	1	
	21. Forearm- superficial flexors	2	
	22. Forearm- deep flexors	2	
	23. Median nerve	2	
	24. Flexor retinaculum	1	
	25. Brachial, Ulnar & Radial artery	3	
	26. Venous drainage of upper limb	2	
	27. Anatomy — Physiology Seminar on nerves of upper limb & nervous system	1	
	28. Integrated lecture with Surgery on Joints of Upper limb	1	
	29. Tutorial	1	
	Total Hours	50 hrs	
5	LOWER LIMB		111
	1. Introduction to lower limb	1	
L	1	1	l

2. Hip Joint	2
3. Knee Joint	2
4. Arches of foot	2
5. Sacral Plexus	1
6. Gluteal region	2
7. Back of thigh	2
8. Sciatic nerve	2
9. Popliteal fossa	2
10. Lat. Compartme	ent of leg 2
11. Post. Compartm	nent of leg 2
12. Femoral, popli artery	teal & tibial 3
13. Ankle joint	2
14. Peroneal nerve	2
15. Median compart	tment of thigh 2
16. Obturater nerve	1
17. Femoral Triangl	e 2
· · · · · ·	· · · · · ·

	18. Front of thigh& Tensor Fascia Lata	3	
	19. Femoral vessels	2	
	20. Ant. Compartment of leg	2	
	21. Venous drainage of lower limb	2	
	22. Saphenous vein	2	
	23. Retinaculum (Lat., Ant. & medial)	2	
	24. Sole of foot	2	
	25. Femoral nerve	1	
	26. Anatomy — Physiology Seminar on nerves of lower limb & nervous system	1	
	27. Integrated lecture with Surgery on Joints of Lower limb	1	
	28. Tutorial	1	
	Total Hours	50 hrs	
6	THORAX		II
	1. Introduction to thorax	1	

2. Development of lung	Heart and 2
3. Pericardium and H	Heart 2
4. Coronary circulati	ion 1
5. Lungs and pleura	3
6. Trachea	1
7. Oesophagus	1
8. Thoracic duct	1
9. Diaphragm	1
10. Aorta	2
11. Mediastinum	2
12. Azygous vein	1
13. Sup. Vena cava	1
14. Inf. Vena cava	1
5 5	ture with 1 adiology of
16. Anatomy — Seminar on System	Physiology 1 Respiratory

	17. Tutorial	1	
	18. Anatomy — Physiology Seminar on Cardiovascular System	1	
	19. Revision	1	
	Total Hours	25 hrs	
7 ABDO	MEN		
	1. Introduction to Abdomen	1	
	2. Development of Abdominal organs	2	
	3. Oesophagus	1	
	4. Stomach	2	
	5. Duodenum	1	
	6. Small intestine	2	
	7. Revision	2	
	8. Caecum	1	
	9. Appendix	1	
	10. Large intestine	2	
	11. Rectum	2	

12. Anal cana	al	1	
13. Liver		2	
14. Abdomin	al aorta	1	
15. Female g	enital system	4	
16. Post. Abo	dominal wall	2	
17. Male rep	roductive system	2	
18. Ant. Abd	ominal wall	2	
19. Pancreas		2	
20. Gall Blad	der	1	
21. Spleen		2	
22. Kidney		2	
23. Supra rer	nal gland	1	
24. Ureter		1	
25. Urinary b	ladder	2	
26. Pelvic dia	phragm	1	
27. Portal ve	nous system	1	
28. Peritone	Jm	2	
29. Extrahep	atic biliary apparatus	2	

	30. Walls of pelvis	1	
	31. Revision	6	
	Total Hours	55 hrs	
8	HNF		II
	1. Introduction to HNF	1	
	2. Ear	1	
	3. Tongue	1	
	4. Face- muscles	2	
	5. Contents of Orbit	1	
	6. Lachrymal apparatus	1	
	7. Extraocular muscles	2	
	8. Ant. Triangle of neck	2	
	9. Post. Triangle of neck	1	
	10. Common & Internal carotid artery	1	
	11. External carotid artery	1	
	12. Sternocleidomastoid muscle	1	
	13. Fascias of neck	1	1

14. Suboccipital triangle of ne	eck 1	
15. Contents of vertebral can	al 1	
16. Cranial cavity	2	
17. Supra &Infra hyoid muscl	e 1	
18. Vertebral artery	1	
19. Scalp	1	
20. Eyeball	2	
21. Oral cavity	1	
22. Pharynx	2	
23. Larynx	2	
24. Eustachian tube	1	
25. Parotid gland	1	
26. Submandibular gland	1	
27. Thyroid gland	1	
28. Muscles of mastication	1	
29. Jugular vein	1	
30. Lateral wall of Nose	1	
31. Revision	3	

		Total Hours	40 hrs	
9	CNS			II
	1.	Introduction to Brain	1	
	2.	IIIrd Ventricle and IVth Ventricle	2	
	3.	Pons	2	
	4.	Medulla	2	
	5.	Spinal cord	1	
	6.	Lateral Ventricle	1	
	7.	Cerebrum Sulci & gyri	2	
	8.	Areas of cerebrum	2	
	9.	Corpus callosum	1	
	10	. White matter of cerebrum	1	
	11	Internal capsule	1	
	12	. Basal ganglia	1	
	13	Midbrain	1	
	14	. Blood supply of brain	1	
	15	. Meninges	1	

16. CSF	1	
17. Thalamus	1	
18. Cerebellum	2	
19. Cranial nerves including special senses.	12	
20. Revision	4	
Total Hours	40 hrs	

Total — 325 hrs

PRACTICAL

Sr. No.	Topics	Hrs	Term
1.	EMBRYOLOGY & GENETICS		I
	Stages of Development	12	
	Spermatogenesis, Oogenesis and Germ layers.		
	Development of Embryogenic Disc, Placenta		
	Embryology of organs		
	Total Hours	12 hrs	

2	HISTOLOGY		I
	Histology lectures of specific organs	18	
	Total Hours	18 hrs	
3	UPPER LIMB		I
	Practicals		
	Clavicle	6	
	Scapula	6	
	Humerus	6	
	Radius	6	
	Ulna	6	
	Hand	6	
	Surface Marking of Upper limb	6	
	Dissection		
	Axilla & Arm	6	
	Forearm & Hand	6	
	Muscles of Back	6	
	Muscles of Pectoral Region	6	
	Radiology		

	Joints of Upper limb	6	
		72 hrs	
4	LOWER LIMB		
	Practicals		
	Hip Bone	6	
	Femur	6	
	Tibia	6	
	Fibula	6	
	Foot	6	
	Surface Marking of Lower limb	6	
	Dissection		
	Femoral Region	6	
	Gluteal Region	6	
	Thigh	6	
	Leg	6	
	Foot	6	
	Radiology		
	Joints of Lower limb	6	

		72 hrs	
5	THORAX		
	Practicals		
	Ribs – Typical & Atypical	6	
	Thoracic Vertebrae	6	
	Sternum	6	
	Dissection		
	Heart	6	
	Mediastinum	6	
	Lungs	6	
	Surface Marking of thorax	6	
	Radiology	6	
	Total Hours	48 hrs	
6	ABDOMEN		
	Practical		
	Lumbar Vertebrae	6	
	Dissection		
	Abdominal cavity, Abdominal vessels	6	

	Stomach, Pancreas, Spleen	6	
	Relation of viscera	6	
	Liver, Gall bladder	6	
	Kidney, Ureter, Urinary bladder	6	
	Peritoneum & Intestine	6	
	Uterus, fallopian tubes, Ovaries	6	
	Ant. Abdominal wall & Post. Abdominal wall	6	
	Surface Marking of Abdomen	6	
	Radiology	6	
		66 hrs	
7	Head, Neck and Face		
	Practical		
	Skull & Mandible	12	
	Dissection		
	Face & Neck	6	
	Radiology	6	
		24 hrs	
8	CNS		

Cerebrum	6	
Cerebellum	6	
Midbrain, Pons & Medulla	6	
	18 Hrs	

Total – 330 Hrs

6. TEACHING LEARNING METHODS

General Instructions

- (a) Instructions in anatomy should be so planned as to present a general working knowledge of the structure of the human body both at micro and macro level and should correlate with function. Topics-syllabus should be planned out in parallel with other subjects for better understanding & to achieve integration.
- (b) The amount of detail which a student is required to memorise should be reduced to the minimum but should connect to syllabus of other subjects and applied anatomy
- (c) Major emphasis should be laid on functional anatomy of the living subject rather than on the static structures of the cadaver and on general anatomical positions and broad relations of the viscera, muscles, blood vessels, nerves and lymphatics and study of the cadaver is the only means to achieve this
- (d) Students should know the basic applied anatomy & should not be burdened with minute anatomical details which have no clinical significance.
- (e) Only such details which have professional or general educational value for the Homoeopathic medical students need to be focused.
- (f) Normal radiological anatomy may also form part of practical or clinical training and the structure of the body should be presented linking functional aspects.

- (g) A good part of theoretical lectures on anatomy can be transferred to tutorial classes with the demonstrations / Prosection / Dissection.
- (h) Lectures or demonstration on the clinical and applied anatomy should be arranged in the later part of the course and it should aim at demonstrating the anatomical basis of physical signs and the value of anatomical knowledge to the students. For better exposure of applied & Clinical aspects of all the subjects, student should be allotted clinical posting at various OPDs/Clinical Pathology lab/Radiology/Dispensing/ Community OPDs/Causality etc
- (i) Seminars and group discussion to be arranged periodically with view of presenting these subjects in an integrated manner.
- (j) More stress on demonstrations and tutorials should be given. Emphasis should be laid on the general anatomical positions and broad relations of the viscera, muscles, blood vessels, nerves and lymphatics.
- (k) There should be joint seminars with the departments of Physiology and Bio-Chemistry, Repertory, HMM, Philosophy and Pharmacy which should be organized once a month considering that syllabus of all the subjects is arranged in an integrated form.-Teaching tool can be a CASE (Clinical Posting) which students have attended.
- (I) There should be a close correlation in the teaching of gross Anatomy, Histology, Embryology and Genetics and the teaching of Anatomy, Physiology including Bio Chemistry along with Homoeopathic subjects shall be integrated.

Though dissection of the entire body is essential for the preparation of the student for his clinical studies, the burden of dissection can be reduced and much saving of time can be effected with considerable reduction of the amount of topographical details while following the above points-

The purpose of dissection is to give the student an understanding of the body-Structure from Macro to Micro correlate to its function-Functional anatomy to integrate with Physiology and the dissection should be designed to achieve this goal.

(v) Dissection should be preceded by a course of lectures on the general structure of the organ or the system under discussion and then its function. In this way anatomical and physiological knowledge can be presented to students in an integrated form and the instruction of the whole course of anatomy and physiology made interesting, lively practical or clinical. Syllabus of all the subjects of First BHMS should be structured to run parallelly, horizontally & vertically as far as possible to achieve maximum integration. Students should be able to identify anatomical specimens and structures displayed in the dissection. Teaching and Demonstration methods should be supported with latest software/Practical/Charts/OHP/slides/Working or 3D Diagrams, Audio-Visual/ Multimedia presentation/Simulation to train clinical application

The Teaching Learning activities in Anatomy requires change in structure & process in order to be more skill based & providing hands on experience. The Teaching Learning methods with respect to Anatomy may be covered in the following manner –

a) **Class Room Lectures** – Oral Presentation, Board Work, Power point Presentation.

b) **Tutorials** on the topics covered.

c) Assignments – For Slow Learners

d) **Practical Class** – Demonstration, Dissection, Surface Marking, Histology, Radiology

e) Student Activities – Working out the Assignments, Projects, PowerPoint presentations as assigned

f)Case based Learning &Problem Based Learning (CBL & PBL)- for students to understand the application of knowledge of Anatomy with Clinical subjects.

g)DOAP (Demonstration – Observation – Assistance – Performance)- For Clinical Anatomy

7. CONTENT MAPPING (COMPETENCY TABLE)

Content (Topic) List:

1 Theory:-

The curriculum includes the following from an introductory stage which would include

- 1. Anatomy Act
- 2. Body donation procedure and its legal aspects.
- 3. Develop respect to the human cadaver, empathy towards diseased
- 4. sense of gratification for the voluntary body donors and their families
- 5. Anatomy and Ethics

The rest of the contents have been detailed below:

- 1. General Anatomy: -
 - 1.1 Modern concepts of cell and its components; cell division, types with their significance.
 - 1.2 Tissues- Theory & demonstration of each basic Tissue (Structure, Location & Function)-Organ formation- Histology.
 - 1.3 Genetics
 - 1.4 Basics of General Anatomy
 - xxi. Definition & Subdivision of Anatomy
 - xxii. History of Anatomy
 - xxiii. Anatomical Terms, Position & Movements
 - xxiv. Superficial and Deep fasciae
 - xxv. Muscles
 - xxvi. Bones
 - xxvii. Joints
 - xxviii. Blood vessels
 - xxix. Lymphatic system
 - xxx. Nerves

- 2. Developmental anatomy (Embryology): -
 - 2.1 Male & Female reproductive organs (Superficial)
 - 2.2 Spermatogenesis
 - 2.3 Oogenesis
 - 2.4 Fertilization
 - 2.5 Formation of Germ Layers-Tissue formation & its classification
 - 2.6 Notochord
 - 2.7 Yolk Sac
 - 2.8 Amniotic Sac
 - 2.9 Developmental embryogenic disk
 - 2.10 Placenta
 - 2.11 Development of abdominal organ
 - 2.12 Development of cardio vascular system
 - 2.13 Development of nervous system
 - 2.14 Development of respiratory system
 - 2.15 Development of body cavities
 - 2.16 Development of uro-genital system
- 3. Regional or systemic anatomy:

Each of the areas below will cover: -

- (l) Osteology
- (m)Syndesmology (Joints)
- (n) Myology
- (o) Angiology
- (p) Neurology
- (q) Splanchnology (Viscera and Organ)

(r) Histology

(s) Surface anatomy

(t) Applied anatomy

(u) Radiographic anatomy

(v) Correlation with homoeopathic subjects

This will be taught under the following regions: -

3.1 Upper and Lower extremities- Muscle Physiology

3.2 Blood

3.3 Head, Neck and Face-

3.4 Endocrine & Exocrine system

3.5 Brain- CNS system

3.6 Thorax- Respiratory & Cardio vascular system

3.7 Abdomen- GIT, Metabolism, Excretory, RE system, Lymphatics & Reproductive

Semester I

1. Topic: General Anatomy

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of general anatomy, I-BHMS student must:

- 1. Describe the structure of a cell, its components and their function.
- 2. Classify the different types of cells in order to identify and differentiate different cell types.
- 3. Illustrate the different types of tissues and organs with respect to their cell structure, location and function.
- 4. Differentiate different types of tissues and organs based on their histological characteristics
- 5. Mention the drugs indicated for particular tissue/organ involvement.

- 6. Classify bones, muscles, joints
- 7. Recall the terminologies used in Anatomy.
- 8. Practice Ethics related to the learning of Anatomy.

Sr.N o.	Generi c Compe tency	Subje ct Area	Miller s Know s/Kno ws how/ Show s how/ Does	Specific Competency	Special learning objectives	Blooms Domain	Guilber ts level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	TL Metho d/Medi a	Format ive Assess ment	Summ ative Assess ment	Integratio n Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- AN- 1.1	m	ineral iatomy	Know s	1.Describe structural organization of the cell, tissue,	Define the terms cell, tissue, organ, organ system	Cognitive	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture , Small Group Discuss ions.	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar
Hom UG- AN- 1.2	Knowle dge Inform ation		Know s how	organ, organ system. 2.Differentiat e and Identify	Explain the structure of a cell with respect to its components with their functions.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture , Small Group Discuss ions	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar

	gatheri ng		cell, tissue, organ, and organ system								
Hom UG- AN- 1.3	Practic al Skills Inform ation manag ement synthes is	Knc s	w	Enumerate the different types of cells.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture , Small Group Discuss ions	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar
Hom UG- AN- 1.4		Knc s hc		Explain the characteristic features of different normal cell lines.	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tanding and Interpr etation	Desirable to Know	Lecture , Small Group Discuss ions	SAQ	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar

Hom	Know	Differentiate the	Cognitive	Level ₂	Desirable to	Histolo	Practic	MCQ,	
UG- AN-	s how	given normal cell lines		Unders tanding	Know	gy Practic	al	SAQ. Viva	
1.5				and Interpr etation		al		Voce	
Hom UG- AN- 1.6	Know s	Enumerate the different types of tissues and organs	Cognitive	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture , Small Group Discuss ions	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar
Hom UG- AN- 1.7	Know s how	Explain the structure of each tissue with respect to its cell structure, location and function.	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tanding and Interpr etation	Must Know	Lecture , Small Group Discuss ions	SAQ	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar

Hom UG- AN- 1.8	Knov s hov		Differentiate the given types of tissues.	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tanding and Interpr etation	Must Know	Histolo gy Practic al	Spottin g- Histolo gy Practic al, OSPE	MCQ, SAQ. Observ ation checkli st, Viva Voce	
Hom UG- AN- 1.9	s Knov	v Correlate the Knowledge of same with Homoeopat hy.	Enumerate the drugs indicated for a particular type of tissue, organ, organ system	Cognitive	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Nice to Know	Integra ted teachin g with Materia Medica	MCQ, SAQ,	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Integrated teaching with Materia Medica
Hom UG- AN- 1.10	Knov s hov		Explain the Types and Classification of bones, muscles, joints	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tanding and Interpr etation	Must Know	Lecture , Small Group Discuss ions	MCQ, SAQ, Assign ments,	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Integrated lecture with Surgery.

Hom	Show	Demonstr	Demonstratenorm	Cognitive	Level 1	Must Know	Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	
UG-	s how	ate	alanatomicalpositi		(Reme		,DOAP	SAQ,	SAQ	
AN-		the	on, various planes, r		mber/		session	Assign	Viva	
1.11		terminolo gies of Anatomy	elation,compariso n,laterality&move mentinourbody		recall)			ments,	Voce	
Hom UG- AN- 1.12	Know s how	Explain the Ethics of Anatomy	Explain the Anatomy Act	Cognitive and Affective	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Nice to Know	Lecture , Small Group Discuss ions	Assign ments	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	

2. Topic: Developmental Anatomy (Embryology)

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of embryology, I-BHMS student should be able to:

- 1. Describe evolution of life on earth and the developmental anatomy and genetics.
- 2. Explain the structural organization of man from micro to macro and its evolution from embryo
- 3. Explain the evolution of different organs and systems from the embryo.
- 4. Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs indicated for particular genetic or developmental defect.

Sr.N o.	Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Knows/K nows how/ Shows how/Doe s	Specific Competen	Special learning objective s	Bloo ms Dom ain	Guilberts level	Must know / Desir e to know / Nice to know	TL Method/M edia	Formati ve Assess ment	Summ ative Assess ment	Integra tion Horizon tal/ Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG- AN- 2.1	Integrati on of Knowle dge Informa tion gatherin g	Developm ental Anatomy (Embryolo gy)	Knows	Describe in detail the develop mental Anatomy of the male and female reproduc tive	Define Darwin's Theory of evolution	Cogni tive	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions	MCQ, Assignm ents.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	
	Informati on manage			organs								

	ment synthesis									
Hom UG- AN- 2.2		Knows how	Explain the normal human reproduc tive cycle in males and females and the genetics involve	Cogni tive	Level2 Understa nding and Interpret ation	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions	MCQ, Assignm ents	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiol ogy Seminar
Hom UG- AN- 2.3		Knows how	Explain the develop mental anatomy of the	Cogni tive	Level2 Understa nding and Interpret ation	Desir able to know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions	MCQ , Assignm ents	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiol ogy Seminar

		male and female reproduc tive organs and their functions							
Hom UG- AN- 2.4	Knows	Enumera te the different germ layers	Cogni tive	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions , Histological identificatio n, Models/Spe cimens of embryonic developmen t	MCQ, Assignm ents,	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiol ogy Seminar , Integrat ed teachin g with Gynaec ology and Obstetri cs

Hom UG- AN- 2.5	Knows how		Explain the develop ment of the organ and organ system.	Cogni tive	Level2 Understa nding and Interpret ation	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions	MCQ, Assignm ents	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiol ogy Seminar ,
Hom UG- AN- 2.6	Knows how		Explain the develop mental anatomy of embryo.	Cogni tive	Level2 Understa nding and Interpret ation	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions	MCQ, SAQ, Assignm ents	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Integrat ed teachin g with Gynaec ology and Obstetri cs
Hom UG- AN- 2.7	Knows	Correlate knowledge developme anatomy with homoeopa	drugs indicated for a particular	Cogni tive	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	Nice to know	Integrated teaching with Materia Medica	MCQ, Assignm ents, Viva Voce	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Integrat ed teachin g with Materia Medica

		develop mental defect			
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3. Topic: Upper Extremities

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Upper Extremities, I-BHMS student should be able to:

- 1. Describe the anatomy of the bones of the upper extremities, their blood supply and applied anatomy.
- 2. Describe anatomy of the joints of the upper extremities, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.
- 3. Describe the muscles of the upper extremities, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.
- 4. Explain anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the upper extremities, their course, muscles they supply, relations and applied anatomy.
- 5. Describe the anatomy of mammary gland with its applied anatomy.
- 6. Describe the anatomy of axilla.
- 6. Enumerate homoeopathic drugs indicated for particular involvement of bones, muscles, joints, nerves, blood vessels.

Sr.No	Generic Compet ency	Subjec t Area	Miller s Kno ws/K nows how/ Show s how/ Does	Specific Competenc Y	Special learning objectives	Blooms Domain	Guilberts level	Must know / Desir e to know / Nice to know	TL Method/Me dia	Form ative Asse ssme nt	Sum mati ve Asse ssme nt	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- AN- 3.1	Proble m formula tion Integrat ion of Knowle dge Informa tion	Upper Extrem ities	Know s	Describe the anatomy of upper extremities in detail.	Enumerate the bones in the upper extremities.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions	SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Integrated teaching with Department of Surgery and Medicine (Orthopeadi cs)

	gatheri ng										
	Practica I Skills										
	Informat ion manage ment synthesi s										
Hom UG- AN- 3.2		Know s how	th lin at bl	xplain the anatomy of ne bones of the upper mb with their muscle ttachments, relations, lood supply and pplied anatomy.	-	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions	MCQ , SAQ, Assig nmen ts,	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Integrated teaching with Department of Surgery and Medicine (Orthopeadi cs)
Hom UG-		Know s		numerate the joints in ne upper extremities.	е	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture,	SAQ, Assig nmen	MCQ SAQ	Integrated teaching with

AN- 3.3				Small Group Discussions	ts, Viva voce	Viva Voce	Department of Surgery and Medicine (Orthopeadi cs)
Hom UG- AN- 3-4	know s how	e Un dir	evel2 Must nderstan Know ng and terpretati n	Lecture, Small Group Discussions	MCQ , SAQ, Assig nmen ts,	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiology Seminar Integrated teaching with Department of Medicine (Orthopeadi cs)

Hom UG- AN- 3.5	Know s	Enumerate the muscles in the upper extremities.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions	SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ	Anatomy – Physiology Seminar
Hom UG- AN- 3.6	Know s how	Explain the anatomy of the muscles of the upper extremities, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.	Cognitiv e	Level2 Understan ding , Interpretati on	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions, Case based learning, PBL	MCQ, SAQ, Assign ments , Viva voce	Viva	Anatomy – Physiology Seminar
Hom UG- AN- 3.7	Know s	Enumerate the vessels and nerves in the upper extremities.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions	SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiology Seminar

Hom UG- AN- 3.8	Know s how	Explain the anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the upper extremities, their course, muscles they supply, relations and applied anatomy.	Cognitiv e	Level2 Understan ding , Interpretati on	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussions, Case based learning, PBL	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Assig nmen ts ,Viva voce	MCQ SAQ, LAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiology Seminar
Hom UG- AN- 3-9	s S	Explain thelocation,extent,dee p relations, structure,age changes,blood supply,lymphatic drainage,microanatom yand applied anatomy of mammary gland.	Cognitiv e	Level2 Understan ding , Interpretati on	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion, DOAP session	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Assign ment, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ, LAQ Viva Voce	Spiral Integration with Homoeopat hic subjects
Hom UG- AN- 3.10	Know s how	Explain boundariesandcontents ofaxilla.	Cognitiv e	Level2 Understan ding , Interpretati on	Must Know	Lecture,Sm allgroupdisc ussion,DOA Psession	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Assign ment Viva voce	MCQ SAQ, LAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiology Seminar

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Hom	Know	Correlate	Enumerate the drugs	Cognitiv	Level 1	Nice	Integrated	MCQ	MCQ	Integrated
UG-	S	the	indicated for particular	е	(Remembe	to	teaching	,	SAQ,	lectures
AN-		knowledge	involvement of bones,		r/ recall)	Know	with	Assis	LAQ	with
3.11		of	muscles, joints, nerves,				Materia	Assig	Viva	Homoeopat
		anatomy of upper extremity with homoeopat hy.	blood vessels of upper extremities.				Medica	nmen ts, Viva Voce	Voce	hic Materia Medica

Semester II

4. Topic: Head Neck Face & Special Senses

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Head Neck & Face, I-BHMS student should be able to:

1. Describe the anatomy of the bones of the Head Neck & Face, their blood supply, and applied anatomy.

2. Describe the anatomy of the joints of the Head Neck & Face, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.

3. Explain the anatomy of the muscles of the Head Neck & Face, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.

4. Describe the atomy of the vessels and nerves of the Head Neck & Face, their course, muscles they supply, relations and applied anatomy.

- 5. Describe the triangles of the Neck with its applied anatomy.
- 6. Identify a particular bone of Head Neck & Face on X-Ray.
- 7. Describe the structure of the special senses organs with its applied anatomy.

Sr.No.	Generi c Comp etency	Subje ct Area	Miller s Kno ws/K nows how/ Show s how/ Does	Specific Competency	Special learning objectives	Blooms Domain	Guilbe rts level	Mus t kno w/ Desi re to kno w/ Nic e to kno w	TL Method/ Media	Form ative Asse ssme nt	Sum mati ve Asse ssme nt	Integra tion Horizon tal/ Vertical / Spiral
HomU G-AN- 4.1	Proble m formul ation Integra tion of Knowl edge	Head Neck Face	Know s how	Describe in detail the anatomy of Head, Neck and Face	Explain the anatomy of the bones of the Head Neck & Face with their muscle attachments, blood supply.	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g and Interpr etation	Mus t Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns, Assignm ents, Tutorials	MCQ SAQ, LAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiol ogy Semina r

	Inform ation gatheri ng									
HomU G-AN- 4.2	Practic al Skills Inform ation manag ement synthe	Know s how	Explain the applied anatomy of the bones of the Head Neck & Face.	-	Level2 Unders tandin g and Interpr etation	Mus t Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns	SAQ, LAQ Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiol ogy Semina r
HomU G-AN- 4.3	sis	Know s how	Explain the anatomy of the joints of the Head Neck & Face, their blood supply, action	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g and Interpr etation	Mus t Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns Assignm ents, Tutorials, Case based	MCQ , SAQ, LAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Integrat ed teachin g with Depart ment of Surgery and Medicin e (Orthop eadics)

						learning, PBL			
HomU G-AN- 4-4	Know s how	Explain the applied anatomy of the joints of the Head Neck & Face	-	Level2 Unders tandin g and Interpr etation	Mus t Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns, Case based learning, PBL	SAQ, LAQ Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Spiral Integrat ion with Homoe opathic subjects
HomU G-AN- 4·5	Know s	Enumerate the muscles in the Head Neck & Face.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Mus t Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns	SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiol ogy Semina r

HomU G-AN- 4.6	Know s how	Explain the anatomy of the muscles of the Head Neck & Face, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action.	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g and Interpr etation	Mus t Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns.	MCQ , SAQ, LAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiol ogy Semina r
HomU G-AN- 4.7	Know s how	Explain the applied anatomy of the muscles of the Head Neck & Face	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g and Interpr etation	Mus t Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns, Case based learning, PBL	SAQ, LAQ Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Spiral Integrat ion with Homoe opathic subjects

HomU G-AN- 4.8	Know s	Enumerate the vessels and nerves in the Head Neck & Face.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Mus t Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns	SAQ,	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiol ogy Semina r
HomU G-AN- 4-9	Know s how	Explain the anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the Head Neck & Face, their course, muscles they supply, relationsand its applied anatomy.	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g and Interpr etation	Mus t Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns, Assignm ents, Tutorials	MCQ , SAQ, LAQ, Assig nmen ts, , Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiol ogy Semina r, Integrat ed teachin g with Depart ment of Medicin e (ENT, Opthth almolog y)

			17			c				64.0	1460	
HomU			Know		Explain the boundaries and	Cognitive	Level ₂	Mus	Lecture,	SAQ,	MCQ	Spiral
G-AN-			s how		contents of triangles of the		Unders		Small	LAQ,	SAQ	Integrat
4.10					Neck with its applied		tandin	Kno	Group	Assig	LAQ	ion with
					anatomy.		g and	w	Discussio	nmen	Viva	Homoe
							Interpr			ts, ,	Voce	opathic
							etation		ns, Case	Viva	voce	subjects
									based	voce		
									learning,			
									PBL			
HomU	-		Does		Identify a particular bone	Cognitive	Level 1	Nice	Radiolog	Spott	MCQ	Integrat
G-AN-					of Head Neck & Face on X-	5	(Reme	to	y -	ing		ed
4.11					Ray		mber/	Kno	, Practicals		Viva	teachin
					,		recall)	w		OSPE	Voce	g with
							,			Mini		Surgery
										CEX		e e : g e : y
										CLX		
HomU		Speci	Know	Describe the	Enumerate the special	Cognitive	Level 1	Mus	Lecture,	SAQ,	MCQ	Anatom
G-AN-		al	S	anatomy of	sense organs.		(Reme	t	Cmall	Assig	SAQ	у –
4.12		Sense		organs of			mber/	Kno	Small	nmen		Physiol
		S					recall)	w	Group	ts,		ogy
		Orga		Special					Discussio	Viva		Semina
		ns		Senses					ns	voce		r
		-										

HomU G-AN- 4.13	Know s how	Explain the anatomy of the special sense organs with their applied anatomy	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g and Interpr etation	Mus t Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns	MCQ , SAQ, LAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiol ogy Semina r, Spiral Integrat ion with Homoe opathic
HomU G-AN- 4.14	Know s	Enumerate the drugs indicated for involvement of particular special sense organ	Cognitive	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Mus t Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns	SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	subjects Integrate d teaching with Materia Medica, Organon and Repertor y.

5. Topic- Brain- CNS System

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of CNS, I-BHMS student should be able to:

- **1.** Describe the structure of Brain and CNS with their applied anatomy.
- 2. Classify nervous system and identify the parts of the brain and their features and internal structure.
- 3. Describe the origin and course of cranial nerves

Sr.No.	Generic Compete ncy	Subje ct Area	Miller s Know s/Kno ws how/ Show s how/ Does	Specific Competency	Special learning objectives	Blooms Domain	Guilbe rts level	Must know / Desir e to know / Nice to know	TL Method /Media	Form ative Asse ssme nt	Sum mati ve Asse ssme nt	Integrat ion Horizon tal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomU G-AN- 5.1	Problem formulati on	Brain - CNS	Know s	Describe in de the Anatomy Brain and CNS		Cognitive	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussi ons	SAQ, Assig nmen ts,	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiolo gy Seminar

	Integratio n of Knowled ge							,Viva voce		
	Informati on gathering									
	Practical Skills									
	Informati on manage									
HomU G-AN- 5.2	ment synthesis	Know s how	Explain the anatomy of parts of Brain and CNS	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g, Interpr etation	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussi ons	MCQ , SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiolo gy Seminar

HomU G-AN- 5·3	Know s how	Explain the applied anatomy of the Brain and CNS	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g, Interpr etation	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussi ons, Case based learning , PBL	SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Spiral Integrati on with Homoeo pathic subjects
HomU G-AN- 5·4	s S	Enumerate the drugs indicated for involvement of CNS.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussi ons	SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Integrat ed teaching with Materia Medica, Organo n and Reperto ry.
HomU G-AN- 5·5	Know s how	Explain the origin and course of cranial nerves	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g, Interpr etation	Desir able to Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussi ons, Case	SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatom y – Physiolo gy Seminar

			based learning		

6. Topic: Thorax- Respiratory and Cardiovascular system

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Thorax, I-BHMS student should be able to:

1. Describe the parts of Respiratory and Cardiovascular system with their applied anatomy.

tency s/Kno ssme Asse I/ Vertice ws ws kno nt ssme Asse Spiral how/ Show s nt ssme Asse Spiral s how/ s how/ s to s to s how/ how/ kno kno kno s s s	Sr.No.	Generi	Subje	Miller	Specific	Special	learning	Blooms	Guilbe	Must	TL	Form	Sum	Integratio
Compe tency Area Know Ievel W/ Media Asse ve Horizon tency s/Kno s/Kno ws how/ ssme Asse nt ssme Asse I/ Vertic bow/ Show s how/ int ssme nt spiral how/ s how/ int some int spiral		с	ct	S	Compotoncy	objectives		Domain	rts	kno	Method/	ative	mati	n
Does		Compe		Know s/Kno ws how/ Show s	Competency					w/ Desir e to kno w/ Nice		Asse ssme	ve Asse ssme	Horizonta l/ Vertical/

HomU G-AN- 6.1	Proble m formul ation Integra tion of Knowl edge	Thora x	Know s how	Describe the anatomy of th Thorax in deta	system.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Reme mber/ recall)	Must Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussi ons	MCQ , SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar
	Inform ation gatheri ng											
HomU G-AN- 6.2	Practic al Skills Inform ation manag ement		Know s how		Explain the applied anatomy of organs of the Respiratory system.	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g, Interpr etation	Must Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussi ons, Case based	MCQ , SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar, Spiral Integratio n with Homoeop

	synthe sis							learning, PBL			athic subjects
HomU G-AN- 6.3		Know s how		anatomy of Cardiovascular	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g, Interpr etation	Must Kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussi ons	MCQ , SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar

HomU	Know	Explain the applied	Cognitive	Level ₂	Must	Lecture,	MCQ	MCQ	Spiral
G-AN- 6.4	s how	anatomy of organs of the Cardiovascular system.		Unders tandin g, Interpr etation	Kno w	Small Group Discussi ons, Case based learning, PBL	, SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Integratio n with Homoeop athic subjects
HomU G-AN- 6.5	Know s	Enumerate the drugs indicated for involvement of thoracic organs.	Cognitive	Level2 Unders tandin g, Interpr etation	Nice to kno w	Lecture, Small Group Discussi ons	MCQ , Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Integrated teaching with Materia Medica, Organon and Repertory.

Semester III

7. Topic: Lower Extremity

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Lower Extremities, I-BHMS student should be able to:

- 1. Describe the anatomy of the bones of the lower extremities, their blood supply, and applied anatomy.
- 2. Describe the anatomy of the joints of the lower extremities, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.
- 3. Describe the anatomy of the muscles of the lower extremities, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.
- 4. Describe the anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the lower extremities, their course, muscles they supply, relations and applied anatomy.

5. Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs indicated for particular involvement of bones, muscles, joints, nerves, blood vessels.

Sr.No.	Generic Competenc Ƴ	Subje ct Area	Miller s Know s/Kno ws how/ Show s how/ Does	Specific Competency	Special learning objectives	Bloom s Domai n	Guilberts level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	TL Method/ Media	Form ative Asses smen t	Sum mati ve Asses smen t	Integratio n Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomU G-AN- 7.1	Problem formulation	Lower Extre mities	Know s	Describe the anatomy of lower extremitie in detail.	Enumerate the bones in the lower extremities.	5	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns	SAQ, Assig nmen ts,	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar

	Integration of Knowledge							Viva voce		
	Information gathering									
	Practical Skills									
	Information manageme nt synthesis									
HomU G-AN- 7.2		Know s how	Explain the anatomy of the bones of the lower limb with their muscle attachments, relations, blood supply and applied anatomy.	Cogniti ve	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns.	MCQ, SAQ, Assig nmen ts,	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Integrated teaching with Departme nt of Surgery Medicine (Orthopea dics)

HomU	Know	Enumerate the	Cogniti	Level 1	Must	Lecture,	SAQ,	MCQ	Anatomy
G-AN- 7-3	S	joints in the lower extremities.	ve	(Remembe r/ recall)	Know	Small Group Discussio ns	Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	 Physiolog y Seminar Integrated teaching with Departme nt o Surgery Medicine (Orthopea dics)
HomU G-AN- 7.4	Know s how	Explain the anatomy of the joints of the lower limbs, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.	Cogniti ve	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns, Case based	MCQ, SAQ, Assig nmen ts,	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar Integrated teaching

						learning, PBL			with Departme nt ofSurgery Medicine (Orthopea dics)
HomU G-AN- 7.5	s Know	Enumerate the muscles in the lower extremities.	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns	SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar
HomU G-AN- 7.6	s how	Explain the anatomy of the muscles of the lower extremities, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.	Cogniti ve	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns, Case based learning, PBL	MCQ, SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar

HomU G-AN- 7·7	Know s	Enumerate the vessels and nerves in the lower extremities.	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns	SAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar
HomU G-AN- 7.8	Know s how	Explain the anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the lower extremities, their course, muscles they supply, relations and applied anatomy.	Cogniti ve	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group Discussio ns, Case based learning, PBL	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Anatomy – Physiolog y Seminar, Spiral Integratio n with Homoeop athic subjects
HomU G-AN- 7-9	Know Correlate s knowledge anatomy of lower extre with homoeopar	for particular involvement of mity bones, muscles, joints, nerves, blood vessels of	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Nice to Know	Integrate d teaching with Materia Medica	MCQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva Voce	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Integrated lectures with Homoeop athic Materia Medica, Organon,

						Repertory

8. Topic: Abdomen

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Abdomen, I-BHMS student should be able to:

1. Describe the anatomy of the abdomen and pelvic organs with their applied anatomy.

2. Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs indicated for involvement of the abdominal and pelvic organs

Sr.No	Generic Competen cy	Subjec t Area	Millers Kno ws/K nows how/ Show s how/ Does	Specific Competency	Special learni objectives	ng Bloon s Doma n		Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	TL Metho d/Med ia	Form ative Asse ssme nt	Sum mati ve Asse ssme nt	Integratio n Horizontal / Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- AN-	Problem formulatio n	Abdom en	Know s	Describe in detail Anatomy of Abdomen		he Cogni he ve	i Level 1 (Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lectur e, Small	SAQ, Assig nmen	MCQ SAQ	Anatomy- Physiology Seminar
8.1									Group	ts, ,		

Integratio n of Knowledg e				Discus sions	Viva voce	Viva Voce	
Informatio n gathering							
Practical Skills							
Informatio n managem ent synthesis							

			•		•		-		
Hom	Know	Explain the	Cogniti	Level2	Must	Lectur	MCQ	MCQ	Anatomy-
UG-	s how	anatomy of the	ve	Understanding	Know	е,	1	SAQ	Physiology
AN- 8.2		abdominal organs with their applied anatomy		and Interpretation		Small Group Discus sions, Case based learnin g, PBL	, SAQ, LAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	LAQ Viva Voce	Seminar Integrated teaching with Departme nt of Surgery, Spiral Integration with Homoeopa thic
Hom UG- AN- 8.3	Know s how	Explain the anatomy of the pelvic organs with their applied anatomy	Cogniti ve	Level2 Understanding and Interpretation	Must Know	Lectur e, Small Group Discus sions, Case based	MCQ , SAQ, LAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	subjects Anatomy- Physiology Seminar Integrated teaching with Departme nt of

								learnin g, PBL			Surgery, Spiral Integration with Homoeopa thic subjects
Hom UG- AN- 8.4		Know s		ate the indicated vement of nal organs	Cogniti ve	Level (Remember/ recall)	. Nice Know		MCQ , SAQ, LAQ, Assig nmen ts, Viva voce	MCQ SAQ Viva Voce	Integrated lectures with Homoeopa thic Materia Medica, Repertory, Organon

PRACTICAL

Semester I

9. Topic: Upper Extremities

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Upper Extremity, I-BHMS student should be able to:

1. Describe the anatomy of the bones of the upper extremity, their blood supply, and applied anatomy.

2. Describe the anatomy of the joints of the upper extremity, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.

3. Describe the anatomy of the muscles of the upper extremity, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.

4. Describe the anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the upper extremity, their course, muscles they supply, relation and applied anatomy.

5. Identify a particular bone and joint of upper extremity on X-Ray.

6. Trace the course of the vessels and nerves of the upper extremity on the cadaver.

Sr.No.	Generic Compete ncy	Subje ct Area	Millers Knows/ Knows how/ Shows how/Do es	Specific Competenc	Special learnin objectives	g Blooms Domain	Guilberts level	Must know/ Desire toknow / Nice to know		Form ative Asses smen t	Summ ative Assess ment	Integr ation Horizo ntal/ Vertica I/ Spiral
HomU		Uppe	Knows	Describe	Explain the anatomy of the upper	-	Level 2	Must	Practic	Practi	MCQ	-
G-AN-	formulati	I	how	the	the bones of the uppe limb with their musc		Understan	Know	al, Croup	cals	SAQ	
9.1	on					e	ding and		Group	and	LAQ	

	Extre	anatomy	attachments,	Interpretati	Discus	Viva	Viva	
Intograti	mity	of	relations, blood supply	on	sions	voce	Voce	
Integrati					and			
on of		upper						
Knowled		extremity			DOAP			
ge		in			session			
		detail.			1			
					Works			
Informati					hop			
on								
gatherin								
g								
Practical								
Skills								
Informati								
on								
manage								
ment								
synthesis								

Shows	Demonstrate	Psychomot	Level 2	Must	Practic	Practi	MCQ	-
how	important muscle	or	Understan	Know	al	cals	SAQ	
	attachment on the		ding and		DOAPs		LAQ	
	bones of upper limb.		Interpretati on		ession, Smallg roupte aching		Checkl ist Viva Voce	
Knows	Explain the applied	Cognitive	Level2	Must	Lectur	Viva	MCQ	-
now	of the upper limb		ding and Interpretati on	KNOW	e, Small Group Discus	voce	Viva Voce	
		6			sions			
	. ,	Cognitive						-
now	limb, their blood		ding and	KNOW	DOAPs	and	LAQ	
			on		ession	voce	Viva Voce	
	how	howimportant attachment on the bones of upper limb.Knows howExplain the applied anatomy of the bones of the upper limbKnows howExplain the anatomy of the upper limb	howimportant attachment on the bones of upper limb.orKnows howExplain the applied anatomy of the bones of the upper limbCognitiveKnows howExplain the anatomy of the joints of the upper limb, their bloodCognitive	howimportant attachment on the bones of upper limb.orUnderstan ding and Interpretati onKnows howExplain the applied anatomy of the bones of the upper limbCognitive Levelz Understan ding and Interpretati onKnows howExplain the anatomy of the joints of the upper limb, their blood supply, action.Cognitive Levelz Understan ding and Interpretati on	howimportant attachment on the bones of upper limb.orUnderstan ding and interpretati onKnowKnowsExplain the applied anatomy of the bones of the upper limbCognitive understan ding and interpretati onMust KnowKnowsExplain the applied anatomy of the bones of the upper limbCognitive understan ding and interpretati onLevel2 understan ding and interpretati onMust KnowKnowsExplain the anatomy of the joints of the upper limb, their blood supply, action.Cognitive understan ding and interpretati ding and interpretatiMust Know	howimportant attachment on the bones of upper limb.orUnderstan ding and Interpretati onKnow al DOAPs ession, Smallg roupte achingKnows howExplain the applied anatomy of the bones of the upper limbCognitive anatomy of the bones of the upper limbLevel2 Understan ding and Interpretati onMust e, Small Group Discus sionsKnows howExplain the anatomy of the upper limbCognitive anatomy of the bones of the upper limbLevel2 Understan ding and Interpretati onMust e, Small Group Discus sionsKnows howExplain the anatomy of the joints of the upper limb, their blood supply, action.Cognitive and ing and InterpretatiMust Know e, Small Group Discus sions	howimportant attachment on the bones of upper limb.orUnderstan ding and Interpretati onKnowal DOAPs ession, Smallg roupte achingcalsKnows howExplain the applied anatomy of the bones of the upper limbCognitive anatomy of the bones of the upper limbLevel2 Understan ding and interpretati onMust KnowLectur e, Small Group Discus sionsViva voceKnows howExplain the anatomy of the upper limbCognitive anatomy of the bones of the upper limbLevel2 Understan ding and interpretati onMust KnowLectur e, Small Group Discus sionsViva voceKnows howExplain the anatomy of the joints of the upper limb, their blood supply, action.Cognitive boneLevel2 Understan ding and ling and <td>howimportant attachment on the bones of upper limb.orUnderstan ding and Interpretati onKnowal DOAPs ession, Smallg roupte achingSAQ LAQKnows howExplain the applied anatomy of the bones of the upper limbCognitive anatomy of the bones of the upper limbLevelz Understan ding and Interpretati onMust st ession, Smallg textLectur voceViva VoceKnows howExplain the anatomy of the joints of the upper limb, their blood supply, action.Cognitive essionLevelz Understan ding and Interpretati onMust st essionLectur voceViva VoceKnows howExplain the anatomy of the joints of the upper limb, their blood supply, action.Cognitive essionLevelz Understan ding and Interpretati onMust essionPractic calsPractic calsMCQ stal stal voce</br></td>	howimportant attachment on the bones of upper limb.orUnderstan ding and

HomU G-AN- 9-5	Shows how	Demonstrate the action of joint.	Cognitive	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Practic al Demo nstrati on, PBL	Practi cals	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	-
HomU G-AN- 9.6	Knows how	Explain the applied anatomy of the joints of the upper limb.	Cognitive	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Lectur e, Small Group Discus sions	Practi cals and Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	-
HomU G-AN- 9.7	Knows how	Explain the anatomy of the muscles of the upper extremity, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.	Cognitive	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Practic al and DOAPs ession	Practi cals and Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	-
HomU G-AN- 9.8	Shows how	Dissect the given muscle of the upper extremity and demonstrate the	Psychomot or	Level2 Understan ding and	Must Know	DOAPs ession	Practi cals	MCQ SAQ LAQ	-

		anatomical relations and actions		Interpretati on				Viva Voce	
HomU G-AN- 9.9	Does	Illustrate the actions of muscles of upper limb.	Psychomot or	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Practic als	Practi cals	Checkl ist	-
HomU G-AN- 9.10	Knows how	Explain the applied anatomy of the muscles of upper limb.	Cognitive	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Lectur e, Small Group Discus sions	Practi cals and Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Checkl ist Viva Voce	-
HomU G-AN- 9.11	Knows how	Explain the anatomy of the vessel and nerves of the upper extremity, their course, muscles they supply and relation.	Cognitive	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Practic al and Dissect ion	Practi cals and Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	-

HomU G-AN- 9.12	Shows How	Dissect the given vessel and nerve of the upper extremity	Psychomot or	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	DOAPs ession	Practi cals	Checkl ist Viva Voce	-
HomU G-AN- 9.13	Knows how	Explain the Applied Anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the upper limb	Cognitive	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	Lectur e, Small Group Discus sions, PBL	Practi cals and Viva voce	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	-
HomU G-AN- 9.14	Does	Identify a particular bone of upper extremity on X-Ray	Cognitive	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretati on	Must Know	DOAPs ession	Spotti ng OSPE Mini CEX	Checkl ist Viva Voce	-

HomU	Shows	Trace the course of the	Psychomot	Level ₂	Must	DOAPs	Surfa	Practic	-
G-AN-	How	vessels and nerves of	or	Understan	Know	ession	ce	al /	
9.15		the upper extremity on		ding and			Marki	checkli	
		the cadaver.		Interpretati			ng,	st	
				on			OSPE		
I									

10. Topic – Histology

Learning Outcome- At the end of Histology, I-BHMS student should be able to:

1. Describe a particular organ and tissue through its histological features.

Sr.No.	Generic	Subjec	Miller	Specific	Special learning	Blooms	Guilberts	Must	TL	Form	Sum	Integra
	Compete	t Area	s	Competency	objectives	Domain	level	know	Metho	ative	mati	tion
	ncy		Know					1	d/Medi	Asses	ve	Horizo
			s/Kno					Desir	а	smen	Asses	ntal/
			-					e to		t	smen	-
			ws					know			t	Vertical
			how/					/ Nice				/ Spiral
			Show									
			S									

			how/ Does					to know				
HomUG -AN- 10.1	Problem formulati on Integratio n of Knowled ge Informati	Histolo gy	Does	Describe the organ/ tissue with it histological features in detail	he s	Identify the organ/tissue with its histological features.	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Demon stration	Spotti ng, OSPE / Practi cal perfor manc e	Practi cal / check list	-
	on gathering Practical Skills											

	Informati on manage ment synthesis										
HomUG -AN-		Know s how	Explain organ/tissu	the e with	Cognitive	Level2 Understan	Must Know	Demon stration	Spotti ng,	Practi cal /	-
10.2				logical		ding and Interpretat ion.			OSPE / Practi cal perfor	check list	
									manc e		

<u>Semester II</u>

10. Topic: Head Neck Face

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Head Neck & Face, I-BHMS student should be able to:

1. Describe the anatomy of the bones of the Head Neck & Face, their blood supply and applied anatomy.

2. Describe the anatomy of the joints of the Head Neck & Face, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.

3. Describe the anatomy of the muscles of the Head Neck & Face, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.

- 4. Describe the anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the Head Neck & Face, their course, muscles they supply, relation and applied anatomy.
- 5. Identify individual bones of Head Neck & Face on X-Ray.
- 6. Demonstrate the projection of structures of Head, Neck & Face on the cadaver.

Sr.No.	Generic Compete ncy	Sub ject Are a	Millers Knows/K nows how/ Shows how/Doe s	Specific Competer	Special objectives	learning	Blooms Domain	Guilberts level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	TL Metho d/Medi a	Form ative Asses smen t	Sum mativ e Asses smen t	Integrati on Horizont al/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG -AN- 11.1	Problem formulati on		Knows how	Describe ir	Explain thefeatures frontalis,ve		Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Small group discussi	Practi cals and	Practi cal / checkl	

			detail	ccipitalis, lateralisan				on,	Viva	ist	
	Integratio		anatomy o					, Practic	voce	and	
	Integratio n of		Head, nec					al,		Viva	
	Knowledg e		face					DOAPs ession, Worksh op		voce	
	Informati on gathering										
	Practical Skills										
	Informati on manage ment synthesis										
HomUG AN- 11.2		Knows how		Explain cranialcavity,itssubd ivisions,foraminaan dstructurespassingt hroughthem	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Small group discussi on, Practic	Practi cals and Viva voce	Practi cal / checkl ist and	

						al, DOAP session		Viva voce	
HomUG -AN- 11.3	Knows how	Explain features of typical and atypical cervical vertebrae	Cognitive	Level 2 (Understan d)	Must Know	Small group discussi on, Practic al, DOAP session	Practi cals and Viva voce	MCQ SAQ and Viva voce	
HomUG -AN- 11.4	Knows how	Explain the anatomy of the bones of the Head Neck & Face with their muscle attachments, relations, blood supply and applied anatomy	Cognitive	Level2 Understan ding, and Interpretat ion.	Must Know	Practic al and DOAP session	Practi cals and Viva voce	MCQ SAQ and Viva voce	

HomUG	Does	Identify the given	Cognitive	Level 1	Must	Small	Practi	Practi
-AN-		bone of the Head		(Remembe	Know	group	cals	cals
11.5		Neck & Face and		r/ recall)		discussi	and	МСО
		demonstrate the anatomical relations.				on, Practic al	Viva voce	SAQ and Viva voce
HomUG -AN- 11.6	Knows	Enumerate the joints in the Head Neck & Face.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture , Small Group Discuss ion	Practi cals and Viva voce	MCQ
HomUG -AN-11.7	Knows how	Explain the anatomy of the joints of the Head Neck & Face, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.	Cognitive	Level2 Understan dingand Interpretat ion.	Must Know	Small group discussi on, Practic al and DOAPs ession	Practi cals and Viva voce	MCQ SAQ and Viva voce

HomUG -AN- 11.8	Knows	Enumerate the muscles in the Head Neck & Face.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Small group discussi on,	Practi cals and Viva	MCQ	
						Practic al and	voce		
						DOAPs ession			
HomUG	Knows	Explain the anatomy	Cognitive	Level2	Must	Small	Practi	MCQ	
-AN- 11.9	how	of the muscles of the Head Neck & Face, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy		Understan ding, and Interpretat ion	Know	group discussi on, Practic al, PBL and	cals and Viva voce	SAQ and Viva voce	
						DOAPs ession			
HomUG	Shows	Dissect the given	Psychomotor	Level2	Must	DOAPs	Practi	Practi	
AN- 11.10	how	muscle of the Head Neck & Face		Understan dingand	Know	ession	cals and	cals / Check	
								list and	

				Interpretat ion.			Viva voce	Viva voce
HomUG -AN- 11.11	Shows How	Demonstrate the actions of muscle of Head Neck & Face	Psychomotor	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretat ion	Must Know	Small group discussi on, Practic al and DOAPs ession	Practi cals and Viva voce	Practi cals / checkl ist and Viva voce
HomUG -AN- 11.12	Knows	Enumerate the vessels andnerves in the Head Neck & Face.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Small group discussi on, Practic al and DOAPs ession	Practi cals and Viva voce Practi cals and Viva voce	MCQ and Viva voce

HomUG	Knows	Explain the anatomy	Cognitive	Level2	Must	Small		SAQ
-AN- 11.13	how	of the vessels andnerves of the Head Neck & Face, their course, muscles they supply, relation and applied anatomy		Understan ding, and Interpretat ion	Know	group discussi on, Practic al and DOAPs ession	Practi cals and Viva voce	LAQ and Viva voce
HomUG -AN- 11.14	Shows how	Dissect the given vessels andnerve of the Head Neck & Face	Psychomotor	Level2 Understan ding, and Interpretat ion	Must Know	DOAPs ession	Practi cals and Viva voce	Practi cals / checkl ist and Viva voce
HomUG -AN- 11.15	Shows How	Demonstrate the anatomical relations and applied anatomy of given vessels andnerve of the Head Neck & Face.	Psychomotor	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretat ion	Must Know	Small group discussi on, Practic al and	Practi cals and Viva voce	Practi cals / checkl ist and Viva voce

						DOAPs ession			
HomUG -AN- 11.16	Does	Identify a particular bone of Head Neck & Face on X-Ray	Cognitive	Level 2 (Understan d)	Nice to Know	DOAPs ession	Radiol ogy, OSPE	SAQ Check list Viva voce	
HomUG -AN- 11.17	Shows How	Demonstrate the projection of structures ofHead, Neck & Face on the cadaver.	Psychomotor	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretat ion	Must Know	DOAPs ession	Surfa ce Marki ng, OSPE	Practi cal / checkl ist	-

12. Topic- Brain- CNS System

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of CNS, I-BHMS student should be able to:

1. Describe the anatomy of the Brain and its applied anatomy.

2. Classify CNS and describe the parts of brain

Sr.No.	Generic Compete ncy	Sub ject Are a	Miller s Kno ws/K nows how/ Show s how/ Does	Specific Competency	Special learning objectives	Blooms Domain	Guilberts level	Must know / Desir e to know / Nice to know	TL Method/ Media	Form ative Asses smen t	Sum mati ve Asse ssm ent	Integra tion Horizo ntal/ Vertica I/ Spiral
HomUG -AN- 12.1	Problem formulati on Integratio n of Knowled ge Informati on gathering		Know s	detail th	Enumerate the parts of the CNS.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Small group discussio n, Practical and DOAPse ssion, Worksho p	Practi cals and Viva voce	MC Q SAQ Viva voce	

	Practical Skills									
	Informati on manage ment synthesis									
HomUG -AN- 12.2		Know s how	Explain the anatomy of the Brain and CNS with their applied anatomy	Cognitive	Level2 Understan dingand Interpretat ion.	Must Know	Small group discussio n, Practical , PBL and DOAPse ssion	Practi cals and Viva voce	SAQ LAQ Viva voce	
HomUG -AN- 12.3		Show s how	Illustrate the parts of the Brain.	Psychomot or	Level2 Understan dingand Interpretat ion.	Must Know	DOAPse ssion	Practi cals and Viva voce	Prac tical / chec klist	

13. Topic: Thorax- Respiratory and Cardiovascular system

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Thorax, I-BHMS student should be able to:

1. Describe the anatomy of the Respiratory and Cardiovascular system with their applied anatomy.

2. Identify the organs of the Respiratory and Cardiovascular system

3. Explain features of X-ray thorax.

4. Demonstrate surface projection of thoracic organs.

Sr.No	Generic Competen cy	Subj ect Area	Millers Knows/ Knows how/ Shows how/D oes	Specific Competer	Special objectives	learning	Blooms Domain	Guilberts level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	TL Method/ Media	Form ative Asses smen t	Sum mativ e Asses smen t	Integrati on Horizont al/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG -AN- 13.1	Problem formulatio n	Thora x	Knows	Describe the anatomy of	Enumerate organs Respirator Cardiovasc system	of the y and	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must Know	Small group discussio n, Practical and	Practi cals and Viva voce	SAQ LAQ Viva voce	

	Integration of Knowledg e Informatio n gathering	Th	iorax				DOAPse ssion, Worksho p			
	Practical Skills									
	Informatio n managem ent synthesis									
HomUG -AN- 13.2		Knows how	of R Carc syste	ain the organs espiratory and liovascular em with their ied anatomy	Level2 Understan ding, and Interpretat ion	Must Know	Small group discussio n, PBL, Practical and	Practi cals and Viva voce	LAQ SAQ	

						DOAP session		
HomUG -AN- 13.3	Shows how	Dissect the organs of the Thorax	Psychomotor	Level2 Understan ding, and Interpretat ion.	Must Know	DOAP session	Practi cals and Viva voce	Practi cal / checkl ist
HomUG -AN- 13.4	Knows how	Explain featuresoftypicalan datypicalthoracic vertebrae and ribs.	Cognitive	Level2 Understan ding, and Interpretat ion	Must Know	Lecture, DOAP session	Practi cals and Viva voce	SAQ Practi cals / checkl ist Viva voce
HomUG -AN- 13.5	Knows how	Explain featuresofX- raythorax.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Nice to Know	Lecture, DOAP session	Radiol ogy, OSPE	SAQ Practi cals and Viva voce

HomUG -AN-	Shows How	Demonstratesurfac eprojectionof Thoracic organs.	Psychomotor	Level2 Understan	Must Know	Practical ,	Surfa ce	Practi cal /
13.6				ding and Interpretat ion		Smallgro updiscus sion,DO APsessio n	Marki ng, OSPE	checkl ist

Semester III

14. Topic: Lower Extremities

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Lower Extremity, I-BHMS student should be able to:

1. Describe the anatomy of the bones of the Lower extremity, their blood supply and applied anatomy.

2. Describe the anatomy of the joints of the Lower extremity, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.

3. Describe the anatomy of the muscles of the Lower extremity, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.

4. Describe the anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the Lower extremity, their course, muscles they supply, relations and applied anatomy.

5. Identify a particular bone and joint of Lower extremity on X-Ray.

6. Trace the course of the vessels and nerves of the Lower extremity on the cadaver.

Sr.No.	Generic Compete ncy	Subj ect Area	Millers Knows/K nows how/ Shows how/Doe s	Specific Competency	Special learning objectives	Blooms Domai n	Guilberts level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	TL Metho d/Med ia	Form ative Asses smen t	Summ ative Assess ment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomU G-AN- 14.1	Problem formulati on Integratio n of Knowled ge	Lowe r Extre mity	Knows how	Describe the anatomy of Lower extremity	Explain the anatomy of the bones of the Lower limb with their muscle attachments, relations, blood supply	Cogniti ve	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretat ion	Must Know	Practic al, Works hop and DOAP sessio n	Practi cals and Viva voce	SAQ LAQ, Practic al & Viva Voce	-
	Informati on gathering											
	Practical Skills											

	Informati on manage ment synthesis									
HomU G-AN- 14.2		Knows how	Explain the anatomy of the joints of the Lower limb, their blood supply, action.	-	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretat ion	Must Know	Practic al and DOAP sessio n	Practi cals and Viva voce	SAQ LAQ, Viva Voc	-
HomU G-AN- 14.3		Shows how	Demonstrate the action of joint.	Psycho motor	Level2 Control	Must Know	Practic al and DOAP sessio n	Practi cals	Practic al / checkli st	-
HomU G-AN- 14.4		Knows how	Explain the applied anatomy of the joints of the Lower limb.		Level2 Understan ding and Interpretat ion	Must Know	Lectur e, Small Group Discus	Practi cals and Viva voce	SAQ, Viva Voc	-

						sions,P BL			
HomU G-AN- 14.5	Knows how	Explain the anatomy of the muscles of the Lower extremity, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.	Cogniti ve	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretat ion	Must Know	Practic al, PBL and DOAP sessio n	Practi cals and Viva voce	SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	-
HomU G-AN- 14.6	Shows how	Dissect the given muscle of the Lower extremity	Psycho motor	Level2 Control	Must Know	DOAP sessio n	Practi cals	Practic al / checkli st	-
HomU G-AN- 14.7	Shows how	Demonstrate the actions of muscles of Lower limb and its applied anatomy.	Psycho motor	Level2 Control	Must Know	DOAP sessio n	Practi cals	Practic al / checkli st	-

HomU	Knows	Explain the applied	Cogniti	Level2		Lectur	Practi	SAQ,	-
G-AN- 14.8	how	anatomy of the muscles of Lower limb.	ve	Understan ding and Interpretat ion	Must Know	e, Small Group Discus	cals and Viva voce	Viva Voce	
HomU G-AN- 14.9	Knows how	Explain the anatomy of the vessel and nerves of the Lower extremity,	Cogniti ve	Level2 Understan ding and	Must Know	sions Practic al, PBL and	Practi cals and	Theory , Practic	-
		their course, muscles they supply and their relation.		Interpretat ion		DOAP sessio n	Viva voce	al & Viva Voce	
HomU G-AN- 14.10	Shows how	Dissect the given vessel and nerve of the Lower extremity	Psycho motor	Level2 Control	Must Know	DOAP sessio n	Practi cals	Practic al & Viva Voce	-
HomU G-AN-	Knows how	Explain the Applied Anatomy of the vessels	Cogniti ve	Level2 Understan	Must Know	Lectur e,	Practi cals	SAQ, Practic	-
14.11		and nerves of the Lower limb	-	ding and Interpretat ion		Small Group Discus	and Viva voce	al & Viva Voce	

						sions,P BL			
HomU G-AN- 14.12	Does	Identify a particular bone and joint of Lower extremity on X-Ray	Cogniti ve	Level2 Understan ding and Interpretat ion	Must Know	DOAP sessio n	Spottin g OSPE Mini CEX	SAQ, Practic al & Viva Voce	-
HomU G-AN- 14.13	Shows How	Trace the course of the vessels and nerves of the Lower extremity on the cadaver.	Psycho motor	Level2 Control	Must Know	DOAP sessio n	Surfa ce Marki ng, OSPE	Practic al / checkli st	-

15. Topic: Abdomen

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Abdomen, I-BHMS student should be able to:

- 1. Describe the anatomy of the Abdominal and pelvic organs with their applied anatomy.
- 2. Identify the abdominal and pelvic organs in dissection.
- 3. Explain features of plain X-ray abdomen and pelvis.
- 4. Demonstrate surface projection of Abdominal and pelvic organs.

Sr.No	Generic Competency	Subjec t Area	Millers Knows/ Knows how/ Shows how/Do es	Specific Competency	Special learning objectives	Blooms Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Media	Formati ve Assessm ent	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integrati on Horizont al/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- AN- 15.1	Problem formulation Integration of Knowledge	Abdom en	Knows	Describe in d the anatomy Abdomen	Enumerate the organs of the Abdomen and pelvis	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	Must Know	Small group discussion , Practical and Dissection	Practical s and Viva voce	SAQ and Viva voce	
	Information gathering											
	Practical Skills											
	Information management synthesis											

Hom	Knows	Explain the	Cognitiv	Level ₂	Must	Small	Practical	SAQ	
JG-	How	anatomy of	e	Understa	Know	group	s and	LAQ	
AN-		the		nding,		discussion	Viva	Viva	
15.2		abdominal		and		, Practical,	voce	voce	
		and pelvic		Interpret		PBL and			
		organs with		ation		Dissection			
		their applied				DISSECTION			
		anatomy							
Hom	Shows	Dissect the	Psychom	Level2	Must	Dissection	Practical	Practical	
JG-	how	abdominal	otor	Control	know	,DOAPses	s and	1	
AN-		and pelvic				sion	Viva	checklist	
15.3		organs with					voce		
		their							
		relations							
Hom	Knows	Explain	Cognitiv	Level 1	Must	Lecture,D	Radiolog	Practical	
JG-	how		e	(Remem	know	OAPsessio	y, OSPE	s and	
AN-		plainX-		ber/	-	n	/1	Viva	
15.4		rayabdomen		recall)				voce	
		and pelvis							
Hom	Shows	Demonstrat	Psychom	Level2	Must	Practical,	Surface	Practical	-
JG-	How	esurfaceproj ectionofAbd	, otor	Control	Know	Smallgrou	Marking,	1	
		ominaland				pdiscussio	0.	checklist	
		pelvic				P 415005510	OSPE		

AN-			organs.		n,DOAPse		
15.5					ssion		

8. PRACTICAL TOPICS

Sr. No.	Topics	Hrs	Term
1.	EMBRYOLOGY & GENETICS		1
	Stages of Development	12	
	Spermatogenesis, Oogenesis and Germ layers.		
	Development of Embryogenic Disc, Placenta		
	Embryology of organs		
	Total Hours	12 hrs	
2	HISTOLOGY		1
	Histology lectures of specific organs	18	
	Total Hours	18 hrs	
3	UPPER LIMB		1
	Practicals		
	Clavicle	6	
	Scapula	6	
	Humerus	6	
	Radius	6	
	Ulna	6	

Lland	6
Hanu	b
Surface Marking of Upper limb	6
Discostian	
Dissection	
Axilla & Arm	6
Earaarm & Hand	6
Forearm & Hand	0
Muscles of Back	6
Muscles of Pectoral Pegion	6
	•
Radiology	
Joints of Upper limb	6
	72 hrs
LOWER LIMB	
Practicals	
Llin Dana	6
нрвопе	0
Femur	6
Tibio	6
TIDId	0
Fibula	6
Foot	6
	DissectionAxilla & ArmForearm & HandMuscles of BackMuscles of Pectoral RegionRadiologyJoints of Upper limbLOWER LIMBPracticalsHip BoneFemurTibiaFibula

	Surface Marking of Lower limb	6
	Dissection	
	Femoral Region	6
	Gluteal Region	6
	Thigh	6
	Leg	6
	Foot	6
	Radiology	
	Joints of Lower limb	6
		72 hrs
5	THORAX	
	Practicals	
	Ribs – Typical & Atypical	6
	Thoracic Vertebrae	6
	Sternum	6
	Dissection	
	Heart	6

	Mediastinum	6	
	Lungs	6	
	Surface Marking of thorax	6	
	Radiology	6	
	Total Hours	48 hrs	
6	ABDOMEN		ll
	Practical		
	Lumbar Vertebrae	6	
	Dissection		
	Abdominal cavity, Abdominal vessels	6	
	Stomach, Pancreas, Spleen	6	
	Relation of viscera	6	
	Liver, Gall bladder	6	
	Kidney, Ureter, Urinary bladder	6	
	Peritoneum & Intestine	6	
	Uterus, fallopian tubes, Ovaries	6	
	Ant. Abdominal wall & Post. Abdominal wall	6	

		18 Hrs	
	Midbrain, Pons & Medulla	6	
	Cerebellum	6	
	Cerebrum	6	
8	CNS		
		24 hrs	
	Radiology	6	
	Face & Neck	6	
	Dissection		
	Skull & Mandible	12	
	Practical		
7	Head, Neck and Face		
		66 hrs	
	Radiology	6	
	Surface Marking of Abdomen	6	

Non-Lecture Activities

Sr. No	Non Lecture Teaching Learning methods	Time Allotted per Activity			
		(Hours)			
1	Seminars/ Workshops	10			
2	2 Group Discussions 10				
3 Problem based learning 10					
4	Integrated Teaching	15			
5	Case Based Learning	10			
6	Self-Directed Learning	15			
7	Tutorials, Assignments, projects	10			
	Sub total	80			
8	Practical	250			
	Total	330			

9. ASSESSMENT

Table- Assessment Summary

Number of papers and Mark Distribution

Sr. No.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical	Viva Voce	Internal Assessment- Practical	Electives Grade Obtained	Grand Total
1	HomUG-AN	2	200	100	80	20		400

Scheme of Assessment (formative and Summative)

Sr. N	Professional Course	1 st term (1-6 Months)	2 nd Term (7-12 Months)	3 rd Term (13-18 Months)	
1	First Professional BHMS	First PA + 1 ST TT	2 nd PA+2 ND TT	3 rd PA	UE

PA: Periodical Assessment; TT: Term Test; UE: University Examinations

Evaluation Methods for Assessment

Sr. No	Evaluation Criteria
1	Practical Performance

2	Viva Voce, MCQs, MEQ (Modified Essay Questions/Structured Questions)

Paper Layout

Paper-1 (100 marks)			
General Anatomy, H	ead, face and neck, Central nervous Sy	stem, upper extremities and Embryology	
1	MCQ	10 marks	
2	SAQ	50 marks	
3	LAQ	40 marks	
Paper-2 (100 marks))		
Thorax, Abdomen, P	elvis, Lower extremities and Histology	(micro anatomy).	
1	MCQ	10 marks	
2	SAQ	50 marks	
3	LAQ	40 marks	

I - Distribution of Theory exam

Sr. No	Paper-I			D Type of Questions "Yes" can be asked. "No" should not be asked.		
	A List of Topics	B Term	C Marks	MCQ (1 Mark)	SAQ (5 Marks)	LAQ (10 Marks)
1	General Anatomy		Refer	Yes	Yes	No
2	Head, Neck & Face	11	— Next Table	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Central Nervous System			Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Upper Extremities	I	1	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	Embryology	I		Yes	Yes	No

Sr. No	Paper-II		D
			Type of Questions

				"Yes" can be asked. "No" should not be asked.			
	A	В	С	MCQ	SAQ	LAQ	
	List of Topics	Term	Marks	(1 Mark)	(5	(10 Marks)	
					Marks)		
1	Thorax		Refer	Yes	Yes	Yes	
2	Abdomen & Pelvis	III	— Next Table	Yes	Yes	Yes	
3	Lower Extremities			Yes	Yes	Yes	
4	Histology	I		Yes	Yes	No	

II - Theme table

Paper-I

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
A	General Anatomy		10	Yes	Yes	No
В	Upper Extremities		30	Yes	Yes	Yes
С	Embryology		15	Yes	Yes	No
D	Head, neck and Face	II	25	Yes	Yes	Yes
E	Central nervous System	II	20	Yes	Yes	Yes

Paper-II

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
A	Lower Extremities	III	30	Yes	Yes	Yes
В	Thorax	II	30	Yes	Yes	Yes
С	Abdomen and Pelvis	III	30	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Histology	I	10	Yes	Yes	No

Question paper Blue print

Paper-I

A	В	Question Paper Format
Question Serial Number	Type of Question	(Refer table 4 F II Theme table for themes)
Q1	Multiple choice Questions	1. Theme A
	(MCQ)	2. Theme A
	(MCC)	3. Theme B
	10 Questions	4. Theme B
		5. Theme C
	1 mark each	6. Theme C
	All compulsory	7. Theme D
	An compository	8. Theme D

	Must know part: 7 MCQ Desirable to know: 2 MCQ. Nice to know: 1 MCQ	9. Theme E 10. Theme E
Q2	Short answer Questions(SAQ)ten Questions5 Marks EachAll compulsoryMust know part: 10 SAQDesirable to know: NilNice to know: Nil	1. Theme A 2. Theme B 3. Theme B 4. Theme B 5. Theme C 6. Theme C 7. Theme D 8. Theme D 9. Theme E 10. Theme E
Q ₃	Long answer Questions (LAQ) four Questions 10 marks each All compulsory All questions on must know	1. Theme B 2. Theme D 3. Theme E

No Questions on Nice to know and
Desirable to know

Paper-II

Α	В	Question Paper Format
Question Serial Number	Type of Question	(Refer table II Theme table for themes)
Q1	Multiple choice Questions (MCQ) 10 Questions 1 mark each All compulsory Must know part:7 MCQ Desirable to know: 2 MCQ. Nice to know: 1 MCQ	1.Theme A2.Theme A3.Theme A4.Theme B5.Theme B6.Theme C7.Theme C8.Theme C9.Theme D10.Theme D
Q2	Short answer Questions (SAQ) ten Questions 5 Marks Each All compulsory Must know part: 7 SAQ	 Theme A Theme A Theme A Theme B Theme B Theme C Theme C Theme C Theme C Theme C Theme C Theme D

	Desirable to know: 3SAQ Nice to know: 1 SAQ	10. Theme D
Q ₃	Long answer Questions	1. Theme A
	(LAQ)	2. Theme B
	four Questions	3. Theme C
	10 marks each	
	All compulsory	
	All questions on must know	
	No Questions on Nice to know and Desirable to know	

Distribution of Practical Exam

Osteology	60 marks
Soft part	60 marks
Extremities	40 marks
Histology	10 marks
Journal	10 marks
Internal Assessment	20 Marks

Total	200 Marks
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Practical- 100 Marks (Spotting- 30 Marks, Surface Anatomy-10 Marks, Extremities, Bones, Viscera-50 Marks, Journal-10 marks)

Viva Voce- 80 Marks

10. List of recommended books –

Standard Books

- Garg K, *B.D.Chaurasia's Human Anatomy Regional & Applied, Dissection & Clinical. Upper limb & Thorax.* CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- Garg K, *B.D. Chaurasia's Human Anatomy Regional & Applied, Dissection & Clinical. Lower limb & Abdomen.* CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
- Garg K, *B.D. Chaurasia's Human Anatomy Regional & Applied, Dissection & Clinical. Head, Neck & Brain.* CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
- Singh V. General Anatomy. Elsevier; New Delhi
- Garg K, Indira Bahl, Mohini Kaul. Textbook of Histology. Ed. 5. CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
- Halim A. Surface and Radiological Anatomy. CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
- Khurana A, Khurana I, Garg K B.D. Chaurasia's Dream Human Embryology, CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
- Loukas M, Benninger B, Tubbs R S. Gray's Clinical Photographic Dissector of Human Body. Elsevier; Philadelphia
- Romanes G J. Cunningham's Manual of Practical Anatomy. Upper & Lower limb. Oxford Medical Publisher; Oxford
- Romanes G J. Cunningham's Manual of Practical Anatomy. Abdomen & Pelvis. Oxford Medical Publisher; Oxford
- Romanes G J. Cunningham's Manual of Practical Anatomy. Head & Neck. Oxford Medical Publisher; Oxford

Reference books

- Eroschenko VP. Di'fiore's Atlas of Histology with functional correlation. Lippincot, William, Wilkins; London
- Gunasegaran JP. *Text book of Histology & Practical Guide*. Elsevier; New Delhi.
- Hansen JT. Netter's Atlas of Human Anatomy. South Asian Ed. Elsevier; New Delhi
- Mescher AL. Junqueria's Basic Histology Text & Atlas. Lange; New York
- Mortan DA, Peterson KD, Albretine K. H. Gray's Dissection Guide for Human Anatomy. Elsevier; London
- RomanesGJ.Cunningham's Textbook of Anatomy. Oxford Medical Publisher; Oxford
- Ross & Wilson. *Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness*. Elsevier; London
- Singh, Inderbir. *Human Embryology*. Jaypee; New Delhi
- Singh V. Anatomy of Head, Neck & Brain. Elsevier; New Delhi.
- Singh V. Anatomy of Upper limb & Thorax. Elsevier; New Delhi
- Singh V. Anatomy of Abdomen & Lower limb. Elsevier; New Delhi
- Sinnathamby CS. Snell's Clinical Anatomy for Medical Students. Lippincot, William, Wilkins; London
- Standring Susan. Gray's Anatomy The Anatomical Basis of Clinical Practice. Elsevier; London
- Tortora GJ & Derrickson B. Anatomy & Physiology. New Delhi: Wiley; New Delhi.

11. LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS

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Dr Bharat Panchal

HOD, Anatomy Dept. Smt Smt Malini Kishore Sanghvi Homoeopathic Medical College Karjan

Dr. Gautam Ash

Former HOD, Pratap Chandra Memorial HMC, Kolkata

Course- Human physiology & Biochemistry

Course code: Hom UG - PB

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1. PREAMBLE

Physiology studies the functional organization of man at several levels like atom, chemical, cells, tissues, organ systems and the whole body to understand fundamental mechanisms that operate in a living organism. The underlying goal is to explain the operations in a living organism.

Besides satisfying a natural curiosity about how humans function, the study of physiology is of central importance in medicine and related health sciences, as it underpins advances in our understanding of disease and our ability to treat it more effectively. It is also important from psychological and philosophical viewpoints, helping us to understand the different systems. Homoeopathic Philosophy postulates the force animating every cell as the Vital Force which helps in homoeostasis. When it is deranged due to web of causes, disease develops.

Homoeopath must understand Man in a holistic way which would help him to deliver the therapeutic action for the purpose of bringing about a cure. Understanding the structural organisation i.e., Anatomy along with psychological organisation go hand in hand. Their interplay maintains health and delivers optimum function for healthy living and progressing towards higher purpose as per Hahnemannian guidelines. Hence physiology needs to be integrated horizontally with Anatomy, Materia Medica, Organon of Medicine, Psychology & Pharmacy as well as vertically with Pathology, Surgery, Obstetrics & Gynaecology, Community Medicine, Practice of Medicine & Repertory for better grasp of health, disease and process of cure. Advances in biochemical processes have been occurring at an astonishing pace. The action of homoeopathic medicines does occur at sub-cellular levels. Hence an in-depth understanding and correlation of the processes in health and disease can open up a whole new way of understanding Homoeopathic drugs and their far-reaching effects.

2. PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

At the end of BHMS program, a student must

- 1. Develop the competencies essential for primary health care in clinical diagnosis and treatment of diseases through the judicious application of homoeopathic principles
- 2. Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy and to apply the Homoeopathic Principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community.
- 3. Discern the relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referral and life saving measures, so as to address clinical emergences
- 4. Develop capacity for critical thinking and research aptitude as required for evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 5. Demonstrate aptitude for lifelong learning and develop competencies as and when conditions of practice demand.
- 6. Be competent enough to practice homoeopathy as per the medical ethics and professionalism.
- 7. Develop the necessary communication skills to work as a team member in various healthcare setting and contribute towards the larger goals of national policies such as school health, community health, environmental conservation.

8. Identify and respect the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors that affect health and disease and plan homoeopathic intervention to achieve the sustainable development Goal.

2. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Discuss the Homoeopathic concept of health in relation to integrated body structure and functions.
- 2. Explain the normal functioning of the human body at all levels of organization.
- 3. Relate the concept of homoeostasis with relevant ideas in Anatomy, Materia medica and Organon of Medicine at BHMS I level .
- 4. Elucidate the physiological aspects of normal growth and development with focus on evolution.
- 5. Correlate micro functions at cellular level with macro functions at organ-system level.
- 6. Use necessary communication skills required for history-taking of the patient & relating various clinical findings in the patient.
- 7. Perform experiments in haematology, clinical physiology & biochemistry as required for the study of physiological phenomena and for assessment of normal function.
- 8. Identify the normal values of haematology, clinical physiology & biochemistry.
- 9. Perform clinical physiological examination under supervision.
- 10. Correlate knowledge of Organon & Materia Medica with Physiology.
- 11. Explain the integrated responses of the organ systems of the body to physiological and pathological stresses.

4. TEACHING HOURS

Sr No.	Subject	Theoretical Lecture	Practical / Tutorial / Seminar / Clinical Posting
01	PHYSIOLOGY & BIOCHEMISTRY	325 hrs.	330 hrs.

PER SEMESTER TOTAL HRS OF TEACHING

Lectures - 108	Non – Lecture – 110	Total - 218

PER WEEK TOTAL HRS OF TEACHING

Lectures – 7	Non – Lecture – 7	Total - 14

Theory Wise Teaching Hours Distribution – 325 Hours

Sr. No	Paper-I				
	List of System	Teaching Hours			
1	General Physiology	20			
2	Bio Physics Science	15			
3	Skin & The Integumentary System	15			
4	Body fluids & Immune mechanism	35			
5	Nerve Muscle physiology	15			
6	Cardiovascular system	20			
7	Respiratory and Environmental Physiology	25			
8	Renal Physiology	20			
	Total	165			
Sr. No	Paper-II				
	List of System	Teaching Hours			
1	Central Nervous System	35			
2	Endocrinology	30			
3	Reproduction	15			
4	Special Senses	20			

5	Digestion and Nutrition	35
6	Biochemistry	25
	Total	160

Practical / Clinical Physiology / OPD Wise Teaching Hours Distribution – 330 Hours

Physiology – SEMESTER 1 : Practical – lab work				
<u>No</u>	Practical	Demonstration / Performance	Number of Teaching Hours	
HAE	MATOLOGY			
1	Study of the Compound Microscope	Performance	05	
2. Collection of Blood Samples Performance		05		
3	Estimation of Haemoglobin Concentration	Performance 05		
4 Determination of Haematocrit Demonstration		Demonstration	05	
5	5 Hemocytometry Performance o		05	
6	6 Total RBC Count Performance 10		10	
7	Determination of RBC Indices	Demonstration	05	
8	Total Leucocytes Count (TLC)	Performance	10	

9	Preparation And Examination Of Blood Smear	10	
10	Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC)	Performance	10
11	Absolute Eosinophil Count	Demonstration	05
12	Determination of Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate	Demonstration	05
13	Determination of Blood Groups	Performance	05
14	Determination of Bleeding Time and Coagulation Time	Performance	05
BIO	CHEMISTRY		
1	Demonstration of Uses Of Instruments Or Equipment	Demonstration	05
2	Qualitative Analysis of Carbohydrates, Proteins And Lipids	Performance	10
3	Normal Characteristics of Urine		04
4	Abnormal Constituents of Urine Performance		10
5	Quantitative Estimation of Glucose, Total Proteins, Uric Acid in Blood	Performance	05
6	Liver Function Tests	Demonstration	04
7	Kidney Function Tests	Demonstration	04
8	Lipid Profile	Demonstration	04
9	Interpretation and Discussion of Results of Biochemical Tests	Demonstration	04
	Total	1	140

CLI	NICAL PHYSIOLOGY		
1	Case Taking & Approach to pt	Performance	05
2	General Concept Of Examination	Performance	10
3	Examination of muscles, joints,	Performance	10
4	Cardio-Vascular System – Blood Pressure Recording, Radial Pulse, ECG, Clinical Examination	Performance	15
5	Nervous System- Clinical Examination	Performance	15
6	Respiratory System- Clinical Examination, Spirometry, Stethography	Performance	15
7	Special Senses- Clinical Examination	Performance	15
8	Reproductive System- Diagnosis of Pregnancy	Performance	05
9	Gastrointestinal System- Clinical Examination	Performance	10
	Total		100
OP	D – APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY	I	1
1	OPD (Applied Physiology)	Demonstration & Performance	90
	TOTAL		90

Semester Wise Distribution of Theory, Practical, Clinical Physiology & OPDs

Sr No./ Duration	Wk	Physiology	Total Hrs
SEMESTER	- 1		
Module 1.	16 Wks	 General physiology Bio Physics Science Skin & The integumentary System 	Lectures – 100 Hrs Non – Lectures – 115 Hrs.
Organization of the human body	_	 Clinical Physiology : Case Taking & Approach to Patient General concept of examination. Body Fluid & Immune Mechanism 	
Module 2 Principals of		Nerve Muscles Physiology Practical :	
Support System & Movements with transportation		 Study of the Compound Microscope Collection of Blood Samples Estimation of Haemoglobin Concentration Determination of Haematocrit Haemocytometry Total RBC Count 	

		 Determination of RBC Indices Total Leucocytes Count (TLC) Preparation And Examination Of Blood Smear Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC) Absolute Eosinophil Count Determination of Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate Determination of Blood Groups Determination of Bleeding Time and Coagulation Time 	
		Examination of muscles, joints,	
	4 th Month –	5 days PA	
	6 th Month –	10 days TT – including Viva Voce	
SEMESTER -	• 2		
	16 Wks	Cardiovascular System	Lectures – 110 Hrs
		Respiratory & Environmental Physiology	Non – Lectures – 110 Hrs.
Module 3.		Clinical Physiology :-	
Vital Maintenance of the human body		 Cardio-Vascular System – Blood Pressure Recording, Radial Pulse, ECG, Clinical Examination 	
		Respiratory System- Clinical Examination, Spirometry, Stethography	
		OPD (Applied Physiology)	
Module 4.		Central Nervous System	

Control system of the human body with continuity		 Endocrinology Clinical Physiology : Nervous System- Clinical Examination Special Senses- Clinical Examination Reproductive System – Diagnosis of pregnancy OPD (Applied Physiology) 	
	9 th Month –	- /	
	12 th Month	– 10 days TT – including Viva Voce	
SEMESTER -	3		
	16 wks	Reproductive System	Lectures – 115 Hrs
		Special Senses	Non – Lectures – 105 Hrs.
		Digestion System & Nutrition	
Module 5.		Renal Physiology	
Energy		Bio-Chemistry	
maintenance of human body		Practical : -	
		Demonstration of Uses Of Instruments Or Equipment	
		Qualitative Analysis of Carbohydrates, Proteins And Lipids	
maintenance of		 Practical : - Demonstration of Uses Of Instruments Or Equipment 	

 Liver Function Tests Kidney Function Tests Lipid Profile Interpretation and Discussion of Results of Biochemical Tests Clinical Physiology :- Gastrointestinal System- Clinical Examination OPD (Applied Physiology)
n — 5 days PA n — 12 days TT — including Viva Voce — University exam

5. COURSE CONTENT

- 1. The purpose of a course in physiology is to enable the students to learn the functions, processes and inter-relationship of the different organs and systems of the normal disturbance in disease so that the student is familiar with normal standards of reference while diagnosing deviations from the normal, and while treating the patients.
- 2. There can be no symptoms of disease without vital force animating the human organism and it is primarily the vital force which is maintaining state of health
- 3. Physiology shall be taught from the stand point of describing physical processes underlying them in health;
- 4. Applied aspect of every system including the organs is to be stressed upon while teaching the subject.
- 5. Correlation with Organon and philosophy especially the concept of health and its derangement the interplay of different cell, tissue organ and system, their representation in repertory and integration in HMM
- 6. There should be close co-operation between the various departments while teaching the different systems;

- 7. There should be joint courses between the two departments of anatomy and physiology so that there is maximum co-ordination in the teaching of these subjects;
- 8. Seminars should be arranged periodically and lecturers of anatomy, physiology and bio-chemistry should bring home the point to the students that the integrated approach is more meaningful.

THEORY:-

1. GENERAL PHYSIOLOGY:

Introduction to cellular physiology

Cell Junctions

Transport through cell membrane and resting membrane potential Body fluids compartments

Homeostasis

2. BIO-PHYSICAL SCIENCES

Filtration Ultra-filtration Osmosis

Diffusion Adsorption Hydrotropy, Colloid

Donnan Equilibrium Tracer elements Dialysis

Absorption Assimilation Surface tension

3. SKIN & THE INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

Skin & Integumentary System

Layers of Skin

Function of Skin

Sweat

Body temperature and its regulation

4. BODY FLUID & IMMUNE MECHANISM

Blood

Plasma Proteins

Red Blood Cells

Erythropoiesis

Haemoglobin and Iron Metabolism

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate

Packed Cell Volume and Blood Indices

Haemolysis and Fragility of Red Blood Cells

White Blood Cell

Immunity

Platelets

Haemostasis

Coagulation of Blood

Blood groups

Blood Transfusion

Blood volume

Reticulo-endothelial System and Tissue Macrophage Lymphatic System and Lymph

Tissue Fluid and Oedema

5. NERVE MUSCLE PHYSIOLOGY

Physiological properties of nerve fibres

Nerve fibre- types, classification, function, Degeneration and regeneration of peripheral nerves

Neuro-Muscular junction

Physiology of Skeletal muscle

Physiology of Cardiac muscle

Physiology of Smooth muscle

EMG

6. CARDIO-VASCULAR SYSTEM

Introduction to cardiovascular system Properties of cardiac muscle

Cardiac cycle

General principles of circulation Heart sounds

Regulation of cardiovascular system

Normal and abnormal Electrocardiogram (ECG)

Cardiac output

Heart rate

Arterial blood pressure

Radial Pulse

Regional circulation- Cerebral, Splanchnic, Capillary, Cutaneous & skeletal muscle circulation.

Cardiovascular adjustments during exercise

7. RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ENVIRONMENTAL PHYSIOLOGY

Physiological anatomy of respiratory tract

Mechanism of respiration: Ventilation, diffusion of gases

Transport of respiratory gases Regulation of respiration Pulmonary Function Test

High altitude and space physiology Deep sea physiology

Artificial respiration

Effects of exercise on respiration

8. CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

Introduction to nervous system Neuron

Neuroglia

Receptors

Synapse

Neurotransmitters

Reflex

Spinal cord

Somato-sensory system and somato-motor system Physiology of pain

Brain stem, Vestibular apparatus

Cerebral cortex

Thalamus

Hypothalamus

Internal capsule

Basal ganglia

Limbic system

Cerebellum – Posture and equilibrium

Reticular formation

Proprioceptors

Higher intellectual function Electroencephalogram (EEG)

Physiology of sleep

Cerebro-spinal fluid (CSF) Autonomic Nervous System (ANS)

9. ENDOCRINOLOGY

Introduction of endocrinology and importance of PNEI axis Hormones and hypothalamo- hypophyseal axis

Pituitary gland

Thyroid gland

Parathyroid

Endocrine functions of pancreas Adrenal cortex

Adrenal medulla

Endocrine functions of other organs

10. REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM

Male reproductive system-testis and its hormones; seminal vesicles, prostate gland, semen.

Introduction to female reproductive system

Menstrual cycle

Ovulation

Menopause

Infertility

Pregnancy and parturition Placenta

Pregnancy tests

Mammary glands and lactation Fertility

Foetal circulation

11. SPECIAL SENSES

Eye: Photochemistry of vision, Visual pathway, Pupillary reflexes, Colour vision, Errors of refraction

Ear: Auditory pathway, Mechanism of hearing, Auditory defects

Sensation of taste: Taste receptors, Taste pathways

Sensation of smell: Olfactory receptors, olfactory, pathways Sensation of touch

12. DIGESTIVE SYSTEM & NUTRITION

Introduction to digestive system

Composition and functions of digestive juices

Physiological anatomy of Stomach, Pancreas, Liver and Gall bladder, Small intestine, Large intestine

Movements of gastrointestinal tract

Gastrointestinal hormones

Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, proteins and lipids

13. RENAL PHYSIOLOGY

Physiological anatomy of kidneys and urinary tract

Fluid & electrolyte with acid base balance need to be include

Renal circulation

Urine formation: Renal clearance, glomerular filtration, tubular reabsorption, selective secretion, concentration of urine, acidification of urine

Renal functions tests

Micturition

14. BIO-CHEMISTRY THEORY

Carbohydrates: (Chemistry, Metabolism, Glycolysis, TCA, HMP, Glycogen synthesis and degradation, Blood glucose regulation)

Lipids: (Chemistry, Metabolism, Intestinal uptake, Fat transport, Utilization of stored fat, Activation of fatty acids, Beta oxidation and synthesis of fatty acids)

Proteins: (Chemistry, Metabolism, Digestion of protein, Transamination, Deamination Fate of Ammonia, Urea cycle, End products of each amino acid and their entry into TCA cycle

Enzymes: (Definition, Classification, Biological Importance, Diagnostic use, Inhibition)

Vitamins: (Daily requirements, Dietary source, Disorders and physiological role)

Minerals (Daily requirement, Dietary Sources, Disorders and physiological role) mineral metabolism

Organ function tests

PRACTICAL & CLINICAL PHYSIOLOGY:-

<u>No</u>	Practical	DemonstrationIPerformance
HAE	MATOLOGY	

1	Study of the Compound Microscope	Performance
2.	Collection of Blood Samples	Performance
3	Estimation of Haemoglobin Concentration	Performance
4	Determination of Haematocrit	Demonstration
5	Hemocytometry	Performance
6	Total RBC Count	Performance
7	Determination of RBC Indices	Demonstration
8	Total Leucocytes Count (TLC)	Performance
9	Preparation And Examination Of Blood Smear	Performance
10	Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC)	Performance
11	Absolute Eosinophil Count	Demonstration
12	Determination of Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate	Demonstration
13	Determination of Blood Groups	Performance
14	Determination of Bleeding Time and Coagulation Time	Performance
BIO	CHEMISTRY	
1	Demonstration of Uses Of Instruments Or Equipment	Demonstration
2	Qualitative Analysis of Carbohydrates, Proteins And Lipids	Performance

3	Normal Characteristics of Urine	Performance
4	Abnormal Constituents of Urine	Performance
5	Quantitative Estimation of Glucose, Total Proteins, Uric Acid in Blood	Performance
6	Liver Function Tests	Demonstration
7	Kidney Function Tests	Demonstration
8	Lipid Profile	Demonstration
9	Interpretation and Discussion of Results of Biochemical Tests	Demonstration
CLI	NICAL PHYSIOLOGY & OPD	
1	Case Taking & Approach to pt	Performance
2	General Concept Of Examination	Performance
3	Examination of muscles, joints,	Performance
4	Cardio-Vascular System – Blood Pressure Recording, Radial Pulse, ECG, Clinical Examination	Performance
5	Respiratory System- Clinical Examination, Spirometry, Stethography	Performance
6	Nervous System- Clinical Examination	Performance
7	Special Senses- Clinical Examination	Performance
8	Reproductive System- Diagnosis of Pregnancy	Performance
9	Gastrointestinal System- Clinical Examination	Performance

6. TEACHING LEARNING METHODS

Different teaching-learning methods must be apply for understanding holistic and integrated way of physiology. There has to be classroom lectures, small group discussions, case discussion where case based learning (CBL) and problem based learning (PBL). In the applied physiology, Case discussion (CBL-PBL) methods are helpful for students. AV – Methods for demonstration of physiological processes will be very helpful. In process of Clinical Physiology – DOAP (Demonstration – Observation – Assistance – Performance) is very well applicable.

Practical & Clinics are the best medium to demonstrate all physiological processes in objective ways. They help us to understand and explain the physiological signs. Haematological& Biochemistry practicals are done in laboratory, where one can apply the DOAP (Demonstration – Observation – Assistance – Performance) & OSPE (Objective Structured Practical Examination) methods. All this should be recorded in the journal.

In the clinics / OPD / IPD / Bed side there shall be exposure of Clinical & Applied Physiology. These can be demonstrated DOAP (Demonstration – Observation – Assistance – Performance) & OSCE (Objective Structured Clinical Examination) methods. These methods are more objective, and t will help students to develop the attitude as clinicians.

Other Innovative methods include preparation of charts and models.

7. CONTENT MAPPING (COMPETENCY TABLE)

SEMESTER – 1

Topic No	1
Theory	General Physiology
Practical	-
Clinical Physiology	Case Taking & Approach to Patient

Learning Outcome: -

At the end of the chapter General Physiology, the student must be able to -

- Discuss the principles of cellular physiology.
- Classify cell junctions.
- Explain the process of transport through cell membrane
- Describe the resting membrane potential.
- Categorise body fluids compartments.
- Explain the concept of homeostasis

S.No	Generic compete ncy	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objective s / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert' s level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Form ative Asses smen t	Summ ative Assess ment	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
HomUG -PB 1.1	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Introduct ion & Cell	Knows	Definition & general introducti on	Define Physiolog y.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Rememb er/ recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	_	
HomU G-PB 1.2			Knows How		Discuss the importanc e of learning physiolog y in a homoeop athic course	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	Viva Voce	Organon
HomU G-PB 1.3			Knows How		Discuss the Internal & external environm	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	

					ent of Body							
HomU G-PB 1.4	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Homeost asis	Knows How W	Describe and discuss the principles of	Explain the regulation of internal environm ent	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Pathology Organon
HomU G-PB 1.5			Knows How	homeosta sis	Explain homoeost asis & it's control	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 1.6	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	The Cellular Level Organisa tion	Knows How	Describe the structure and functions of a	Describe the structure of cell	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Pathology
HomU G-PB 1.7			Knows How	- mammali an cell	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology Organon

		functions of cell		Understan d / interpret		discussio n			
HomU G-PB 1.8	Knows	List the organelles present in cell	Cognitive	Level 1 (Rememb er/ recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 1.9	Knows	Enumerat e the functions of organelles	Cognitive	Level 1 (Rememb er/ recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology
HomU G-PB 1.10	Knows	List the name of intracellul ar junction	Cognitive	Level 1 (Rememb er/ recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 1.11	Knows How	Discuss the importanc e of intracellul	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy

					ar Junction	2						
HomU G-PB 1.12	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)		Knows How	To understan d transport mechanis ms across	Explain Passive transport ation	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 1.13			Knows How	cell membran es	Explain Active Transport ation	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 1.14			Knows How		Explain Vesicular Transport ation	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 1.15	Informati on Gathering ,	Clinical & Applied Physiolo gy	Shows How	To conduct History taking	Demonstr ate history	Affective	Level 1 Observe <i> </i> Imitate	Must know	Demonst ration, Role Play	Obser vation	DOPS	

Integratio	taking		
n Of	process		
informati			
on,			
Problem			
Integratio			
n (K-2)			

Τορίς Νο	2
Theory	Bio Physics Science
Practical	-
Clinical Physiology	-

At the end of the chapter Bio Physics Science, the student must be able to -

- Define biophysics.
- Illustrate the biophysical activity across the cell membrane.
- Explain membrane potential.
- Describe the chemical bond & solution.

S.No	Generic compete ncy	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom' s domai n	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Sum mativ e Asses smen t	Integration -Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
HomU G-PB 2.1	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Bio Physics Science	Knows	To understan d the bio- Physical science of	Define the terms Filtration& Ultrafiltratio n	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemist ry
HomU G-PB 2.2			Knows	cell membran e	Define intra cellular communicati on	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 2.3			Knows		Define the terms adsorption & Absorption	Cognitiv	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 2.4			Knows		Define the terms Hydro trophy,	Cognitiv	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y Medicine

HomU G-PB 2.5		Knows		Dialysis & Assimilation Define Surface Tension	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Desirable to Know	discussio n Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y Medicine
HomU G-PB 2.6	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	Discuss the Membran e Physiolog y	Explain Action Potential	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 2.7		Knows	&Membra ne Potential	Define Donnan Equilibrium	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemist ry
HomU G-PB 2.8		Knows		Define Transmembr ane Potential	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y

HomU G-PB 2.9			Knows How		Explain nerve action potential	Cognitiv	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 2.10			Knows		Define Tracer Elements	Cognitiv	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Nice to know	D Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 2.11			Knows		Define Rhythmicity of some excitable tissues	Cognitiv	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Nice t know	D Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 2.12	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	The Chemica I Level Organisa tion	Knows How	Understan d the chemical bonds	Describe the Ionic Bond	Cognitiv	Level 2 (Understan d and interpret)	Nice t know	D Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 2.13			Knows How		Describe the covalent bond	Cognitiv	Level 2	Nice to know	Small group	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y

						Understan d and interpret		discussio n			
HomU G-PB 2.14		Know		Describe the Hydrogen Bond	Cognitiv	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 2.15	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knov	d the inorganic Compoun d &	Define the terms Colloid, Solution & Suspension	Cognitiv	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 2.16		Know	-	Discuss the characteristic s of acids, Base & Salts	Cognitiv	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 2.17		Knov How		Discuss acid - base balance & its	Cognitiv	Level 2 (Understan d)		Lecture, Small group	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y

		application to the concept of pH			discussio n			
HomU G-PB 2.18	Knows How	Describe the maintaining of pH: Buffer System	-	Level 2 (Understan d)	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y

Topic No	3
Theory	Skin & The Integumentary System
Practical	-
Clinical Physiology	Demonstration of General Examination

At the end of the chapter Skin & the Integumentary System, the student must be able to -

• Discuss the functions of skin, nail, and hair.

S.No	Generic compete ncy	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom' s domai n	Guilbert's level	Must know/ desirable to know / nice to know	method	Form ative Asses smen t	Sum mativ e Asses smen t	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
HomU G-PB 3.1	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Skin & The Integum entary System	Knows How	Understan d the Structure & function of Skin	Discuss layers of skin with their functions	Cognitiv	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine Organon Materia Medica Pharmacy
HomU G-PB 3.2			Knows How		Relate the structure of hair with its function	Cognitiv	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 3·3			Knows How		Relate the structure of	Cognitiv	Level 2	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy

• Conduct examination of the Integumentary System under supervision.

			nail with its function		Understan d and interpret		group discussior			
HomU G-PB 3·4	Knov	s d g v	Relate the structure of different glands of skin with their unctions	Cognitive	Level 2 (Understan d)	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 3·5	Know		Describe the glands of skin	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussi on	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 3.6	Know	r b t	Explain the regulation of body cemperature chrough skin	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussi on	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

HomU G-PB 3·7	Informat ion Gatherin g , Integrati on Of	Clinical & Applied Physiolo gy	Shows How	To demonstr ate General examinati on	Demonstrate the examination of Skin & Mucus Membrane	Psycho Motor	Level 1 Observe / Imitate	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	OSCE	Medicine
Medici neHom UG-PB 3.8	informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)		Shows How		Demonstrate the examination of Conjunctive, Nail & Glands	Psycho Motor	Level 1 Observe / Imitate	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	OSCE	Medicine

Topic No	4
Theory	Nerve Muscle Physiology
Practical	-
Clinical Physiology	Demonstrate effect of mild, moderate and severe exercise and record changes in cardiorespiratory parameters
	Perform Ergography, Examination of muscles, joints,

At the end of the chapter Nerve Muscle Physiology, the student must be able to -

- Discuss the properties and functions of neurons.
- Illustrate a neuromuscular junction.
- Classify muscle fibres.
- Describe the properties of skeletal, cardiac, and smooth muscle fibres.
- Demonstrate effect of mild, moderate and severe exercise and record changes in cardiorespiratory parameters.
- Perform Ergography under supervision.

S.No	Generic compete ncy	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom' s domai n	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Form ative Asses smen t	Summ ative Assess ment	Integratio n - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
HomU G-PB 4.1	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Nerve Muscle Physiolo gy	Knows	To understan d the functional anatomy	Define Neurone Classify neurons	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 4.2			Knows How	of Nerve fibres	Explain structure and function of neuroglia	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy

HomU G-PB 4-3	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	K	<nows< th=""><th>To understan d the physiologi cal</th><th>Definethe terms Excitability & Conductivity</th><th>Cogniti ve</th><th>Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)</th><th>Desirable To Know</th><th>Lecture, Small group discussio n</th><th>SAQs</th><th>LAQs, Viva Voce</th><th></th></nows<>	To understan d the physiologi cal	Definethe terms Excitability & Conductivity	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 4.4			<nows How</nows 	properties of nerve fibers	Discuss graded & action potential	5	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 4.5	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)		<nows How</nows 	To understan d the degenerat ion & regenerati	Discuss the causes & grade of injury	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 4.6			<nows How</nows 	on of neurone	Identify the stages of degeneration	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology

HomU G-PB 4.7		Knows How		Discuss the stages of regeneration	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 4.8	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	To describe Neuromus cular Junction	Illustrate the Structure of Neuro- Muscular Junction	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 4-9		Knows How		Discuss the Neuromuscul ar Transmission	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 4.10		Knows How		Discuss Disorders of neuromuscul ar Junction	Cogniti ve	Level 2 (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n, CBL, PBL	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

HomU G-PB 4.11	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	To understan d the physiologi cal properties of Skeletal Muscle	Illustrate the mechanism of skeletal muscle contraction. Describe the general mechanism of muscle contraction.	ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 4.12		Knows How		Discuss Molecular mechanism	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 4.13		Knows How		Discuss Energetic of muscle contraction	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	

HomU G-PB 4.14		Knows How	Discuss Excitation of skeletal muscle	Cogniti of ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 4.15	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	d phy cal pro	derstan Contraction the of smoot ysiologi muscle		Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 4.16		Knowc	hormonal	Cogniti & ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 4.17	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	d phy cal	derstan Functional the Anatomy o ysiologi cardiac	Cogniti ve of	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy

HomU G-PB 4.18			Knows How	of Cardiac Muscle	Explain process of excitability & contractility	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 4.19			Knows How		Explain properties of cardiac muscle	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 4.20			Knows How		Discuss the disorders of Skeletal Muscles	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 4.21	Informat ion Gatherin g , Integrati on Of informat	Clinical & Applied Physiolo gy Of Muscle	Shows How	Demonstr ate effect of mild, moderate and severe exercise and record	Measure the parameters of cardio- pulmonary changes during exercise	Psycho Motor	Level 2 Control	Nice to know	Demonst ration	Obser vation	OSCE	Medicine

	ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)		changes in cardioresp iratory parameter s								
HomU G-PB 4.22		Shows How	Perform Ergograph Y	Demonstrate the sequence of performing ergography.	Motor	Level 1 Observe / Imitate	Nice to know	Demonst ration	Obser vation	OSCE	Medicine

Topic No	5
Theory	Body Fluid& Immune Mechanism
Practical	Hematology
Clinical Physiology	

At the end of the chapter on Body Fluid & Immune System & Hematology, the student must be able to –

• Describe the composition and functions of blood components

- Describe the origin, Forms, Variations and functions of plasma Protein
- Illustrate the synthesis of Haemoglobin
- Describe RBC formation (erythropoiesis) and its regulation
- Describe WBC formation (granulopoiesis) and its regulation
- Classify Anaemias & Jaundice
- Explain the role of lymphoid tissues in immune responses
- Classify different types of immunity
- Describe the development and regulation of immunity.
- Explain the formation and functions of platelets.
- Illustrate the physiological basis of haemostasis
- Describe different blood groups
- Discuss the clinical importance of blood grouping
- Describe blood transfusion
- Estimate Hb, RBC, TLC, RBC indices, DLC, Blood groups, BT/CT

S.No	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Form	Sum	Integration
	compete	area	Level	competen	Learning	s	level	know /	method /	ative	mativ	-
	ncy			су	Objectives /	domai		desirable	media	Asses	е	Horizontal
				cy	outcomes	n		to know /		smen	Asses	/ Vertical /
								nice to		t	smen	Spiral
								know			t	
HomU	Integrati	Blood	Knows	Describe	Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	
G-PB	on Of	Fluid and	How	the	composition	ve		know	Small		Viva	
5.1		lt's		compositi	of Blood				group		Voce	

	Informat ion (K-1)	Constitu ents		on and functions of blood			Understan d and interpret		discussio n			
				compone nts			interpret					
HomU G-PB 5.2			Knows How		Describe the function of blood	-	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5·3			Knows		Define serum	Cogniti ve	Level 1 recall	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5·4			Knows How		Explain the difference between serum & Plasma	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y

HomU G-PB 5-5	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	Describe the origin, Forms, Variations and functions	Discuss origin plasma protein	the of	5	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 5.6		Knows How	of plasma Protein	•	the and of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology
HomU G-PB 5-7		Knows How		Identify relation diet plasma protein	the of to	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5.8	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	Describe and discuss the synthesis and	Illustrate structure Haemoglo n	of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y

HomU G-PB 5-9		Knows How	functions of Haemoglo bin	Discuss the synthesis of Haemoglobi n	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 5.10	-	Knows		Define Normal function of Haemoglobi n	Cogniti ve	Level 1 recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 5.11	-	Knows		State normal Value of different varieties of Haemoglobi n	Cogniti ve	Level 1 recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 5.12		Knows How		Explain Iron metabolism	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y

HomU G-PB 5.13	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	Describe RBC formation (erythrop oiesis & its regulation	Discuss the normal structure of RBC with its morphology	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desire to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Pathology Medicine
HomU G-PB 5.14		Knows How	-) and its functions	discuss stages and regulation of erythropoiesi s	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5.15		Knows How		Discuss the fate of RBC	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5.16		Knows How		Discuss the haemolysis	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d and interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n, CBL	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine FMT

HomU	Informat	Knows	Describe	Classify the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	Medicine,
G-PB 5.17	ion Gatherin g ,Integrati on Of	How	different types of anaemias & Jaundice	anaemias according to their morphology & aetiology	ve	Understan d / interpret	know	Small group discussio n, CBL, PBL		Viva Voce	Pathology
HomU G-PB 5.18	- informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Knows How		Discuss the different anaemia	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n, CBL, PBL	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine, Pathology Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 5.19		Knows How		Enumerate the different abnormal functions in anaemia	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n, CBL, PBL	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 5.20		Knows How		Discuss the fate of bilirubin	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n, CBL	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine, Pathology Materia Medica Repertory

HomU G-PB 5.21		Knows How		Explain Physiological Jaundice	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n, CBL	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 5.22		Knows How		Explain Jaundice in new-born	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Nice to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n, CBL	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 5.23	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	Describe WBC formation (granulop oiesis) and its	Explain different condition of leucocyte count in our body	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Pathology
HomU G-PB 5.24		Knows How	regulation	Classify different type of WBCs	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology

HomU G-PB 5.25	Knows How	Discuss the Cognit function of ve WBCs as per their classification	i Level 2 Must Understan d / interpret	,	s LAQs, Viva Voce
HomU G-PB 5.26	Knows How	Discuss the Cognit phagocytosis ve	i Level 2 Desir Understan d / interpret		SAQs, Pathology Viva Voce
HomU G-PB 5.27	Knows How	Discuss the Cognit stages of ve leucopoiesis with its regulation	i Level 2 Must Understan d / interpret		S SAQs, Viva Voce
HomU G-PB 5.28	Knows How	Discuss the Cognit conditions ve that cause abnormal value of leucocyte	i Level 2 Desir Understan d / interpret		SAQs, Medicine Viva Voce Pathology

HomU G-PB 5.29	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	Describe the formation of platelets, functions	Discuss the structure & function of Platelets	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Pathology
HomU G-PB 5.30		Knows How	and variations.	Describe the Thrombopoi esis	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5.31		Knows How		Discuss its count & variation of platelets	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 5.32	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	Describe the physiologi cal basis of	Describe the process of coagulation	Cogniti ve	Level 2 (Understan d / interpret)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology Materia Medica

HomU G-PB 5·33		Knows How	haemosta sis	Discuss the mechanism of haemostasis	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5-34		Knows How		Explain stages of clotting mechanism	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology Medicine
HomU G-PB 5·35	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	Describe the clinical importanc e of blood coagulatio n	Discuss haemorrhagi c disorder	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n, CBL	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 5.36	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows	Describe different blood groups	Classify the ABO blood group system	Cogniti ve	Level 1 Recall	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology

HomU G-PB 5·37		Knows How		Discuss Landsteiner's Law	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5.3 ⁸	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	Discuss the clinical importanc e of blood grouping	Describe Rhesus Blood Group	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5·39		Knows How		Discuss Rh Incompatibili ty	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine, Pathology Obstetrics & Gynaecolog Y
HomU G-PB 5.40	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	Describe blood transfusio n	Discuss the importance of Blood transfusion	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery Medicine

HomU G-PB 5.41			Knows		List causes for Blood transfusion reaction		Level 1 Recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5.42	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Immune Mechani sm	Knows How	Explain the role of lymphoid tissues in immune responses	Discuss Tissue Macrophage system	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology Medicine
HomU G-PB 5·43			Knows How		Describe the morphology and functions of Lymphocytes & Plasma cell	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology
HomU G-PB 5·44			Knows How		Explain the functions of spleen		Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	

HomU G-PB 5·45		Knows How		Discuss the formation and functions of Lymph	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce
HomU G-PB 5.46	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows	Define and classify different types of	Define Immunity	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce
HomU G-PB 5·47		Knows How	immunity.	Explain different type of immunity	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce
HomU G-PB 5.48	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows How	Describe the developm ent of immunity	Discuss development of immune response	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce

HomU G-PB 5-49			Knows How	and its regulation	Discuss Autoimmunit y & Hypersensiti vity	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5.50			Knows How		Discuss Immunodefic iency Diseases	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 5.51	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati on Of informat ion,	Haemat ology Practical	Shows How	Estimate Hb, RBC, TLC, RBC indices, DLC, Blood groups, BT/CT	Estimate Hb in the given sample	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology Medicine
HomU G-PB 5.52	- Problem Integrati on (K-2)		Knows How		Interpret results of Hb estimation	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirablet o know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology Medicine

HomU G-PB 5·53	Shows How	Perform RBC Psyc Total Count Moto Estimation		Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology
HomU G-PB 5·54	Knows How	Interpret the Cogr results of ve RBC Total Count Estimation	iti Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology
HomU G-PB 5·55	Shows How	Perform Psych WBC Total Moto Count Estimation		Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology Medicine
HomU G-PB 5.56	Knows How	Interpret the Cogr results of ve WBC Total Count Estimation	iti Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology Medicine
HomU G-PB 5·57	Shows How	Perform Psych WBC DC Moto estimation		Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology

HomU G-PB 5.58	Knows How	Interpret the results of WBC DC estimation	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology
HomU G-PB 5·59	Shows How	Record RBC indices	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology Medicine
HomU G-PB 5.60	Knows How	Evaluate RBC indices	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology Medicine
HomU G-PB 5.61	Shows How	Perform Blood Group identification	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology
HomU G-PB 5.62	Shows How	Perform BT / CT	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology
HomU G-PB 5.63	Knows How	Interpret the results of BT / CT	Cogniti ve	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology

						Understan d / interpret					
HomU G-PB 5.64		Shows How		Record ESR	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	Demonst ration	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology
HomU G-PB 5.65		Knows How		Interpret the results of ESR estimation	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology
HomU G-PB 5.66	Informat ion Gatherin	Shows How	Describe steps for reticulocyt	Record Reticulocyte count	Psycho Motor	Level 1 (Observe / Imitate)	Nice to know	Demonst ration	Obser vation	Obser vation	Pathology
HomU G-PB 5.67	g ,Integrati on Of informat ion, Problem	Knows How	e and platelet count	Interpre the results of Reticulocyte count	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology Medicine
HomU G-PB 5.68	Integrati on (K-2)	Shows How		Record Platelet Count	Psycho Motor	Level 1 (Observe / Imitate)	Nice to know	Demonst ration	Obser vation	Obser vation	Pathology

HomU G-PB	Knows How		ve	Level 2 Understan	Must know	DOAP	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology Medicine
5.69		Platelet Count		d / interpret					

SEMESTER – 2

Τορίς Νο	6
Theory	Cardio Vascular System
Practical	
Clinical Physiology	Cardio-Vascular System – Blood Pressure Recording, Radial Pulse, ECG, Clinical Examination

Learning Objectives: -

At the end of chapter on Cardio Vascular System&itsexamination, the student must be able to -

- Describe the functional anatomy of the heart, with respect to its chambers, valves, input and output vessels, AV ring and electrical discontinuity, Conducting system, Coronary supply.
- Describe the properties of cardiac muscle including its morphology, electrical, mechanical and metabolic functions.
- Discuss the events occurring during the cardiac cycle
- Illustrate the hemodynamics of circulatory system

- Explain the regulation of cardiac output
- Describe the normal mode of conduction of the cardiac impulse
- Explain coronary, cerebral, capillary, pulmonary& splanchnic circulation
- List the major diseases of cardiovascular system,
- Record Pulse, blood pressure, and ECG
- Perform the clinical examination of cardiovascular system

S.No	Generic competenc y	Subje ct area	Miller 's Level	Specific competenc y	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Sum mativ e Asses smen t	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
HomUG -PB 6.1	Integration Of Informatio n (K-1)	Cardio Vascul ar Syste m	Know s How	Describe the functional anatomy of heart including chambers,	Describe the chambers of heart	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Human Anatomy
HomUG -PB 6.2			Know s How	Sounds	Discuss the valves & the walls of heart	Cognitiv e	Level 2Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Human Anatomy

HomUG -PB 6.3	Integration Of Informatio n (K-1)	Know s How	Describe Pacemakert issueandco nductingsys tem.	Explain the pacemaker of heart.	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine – Cardiology
HomUG -PB 6.4		Know s How		Describe the conducting system	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 6.5	Integration Of Informatio n (K-1)	Know s How	Describethe propertiesof cardiacmus cleincluding itsmorpholo gy, electrical,m	Discuss the Morphologic al Properties of heart	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 6.6		Know s How	echanicalan dmetabolicf unctions	Discuss the electrical properties of heart	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 6.7		Know s How		Discuss the mechanical & metabolic	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	Viva Voce	Anatomy

				Properties of heart				discussio n			
HomU G-PB 6.8	Integration Of Informatio n (K-1)	Kno s	ow Discussthee ventsoccurr ingduringth ecardiaccyc le	Cardiac cycle	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 6.9		Kno s He		Discuss the events of cardiac cycle	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 6.10		Kno s H		Explain the pressure changes during cardiac cycle	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 6.11		Kno s He		Explain the ECG changes during each cardiac cycle	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

HomU G-PB 6.12	Integration Of Informatio n (K-1)	Know s	Discuss heart sounds	Define Heart Sound	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 6.13		Know s How		Explain different heart sounds with their measuremen t technique	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 6.14		Know s How		Discuss the clinical importance of Murmurs& Triple heart sound	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, PBL, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Surgery
HomU G-PB 6.15	Integration Of Informatio n (K-1)	Know s How	Describe the physiology of electrocardi ogram (E.C.G),	Discuss normal ECG with it'swaves and intervals	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

HomU G-PB 6.16		Know s How		Explain in electrocardio graphy with unipolar & bipolar recording.	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 6.17 HomU	Informatio n Gathering ,Integration Of informatio nProblem Integration (K-2)	Know s How Know	Discussarrh ythmia, heartblocka ndmyocardi al Infarction	Classify arrythmias		Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know Desirable	Lecture, PBL, Small group discussio n	SAQs SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
нотО G-PB 6.18	(K-2)	s How		Explain Different degree of heart block. Explain Myocardial Infarction	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	to Know	Lecture, PBL , Small group discussio n	SAUs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Pathology Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 6.19	Integration Of Informatio n (K-1)	Know s	Describeha emodynami csofcirculat orysystem	List the functions of circulation	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy

HomU		Know		State	the	Cognitiv	Level 1	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
G-PB		S		functions	of	е	Recall	know	Small		Viva	
6.20				heart					group		Voce	
									discussio			
									n			
HomU		Know		Discuss	the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	
G-PB		s How		pressure		е	Understand	know	Small		Viva	
6.21				changes	in		/ interpret		group		Voce	
				vascular					discussio			
				system					n			
HomU		Know		Recall	the	Cognitiv	Level	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Human
G-PB		S		structure	of	е	1Recall	to Know	Small		Viva	Anatomy
6.22				the b	lood				group		Voce	
				vessels					discussio			
									n			
HomU	Integration	Know	Describethe factorsaffec	Identify	the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
G-PB	Of	s How	tingheartrat	factors		е	Understand	know	Small		Viva	
6.23	Informatio		e,	affecting			/ interpret		group		Voce	
	n (K-1)			heart	rate				discussio			
				and hov	v it				n			
				affects								
HomU		Know		Discuss	the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
G-PB		s How		mechanis	m	е	Understand	know	Small		Viva	
6.24							/ interpret		group		Voce	

				of control of heart rate				discussio n			
HomU G-PB 6.25	Integration Of Informatio n (K-1)	Know s	Describe the regulationo fcardiacout put	Define cardiac output	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs Viva Voce	Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 6.26		Know s How		Discuss the distribution of cardiac output	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 6.27		Know s How		Discuss the factors affecting cardiac output	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 6.28		Know s How		Discuss in detail the Control mechanism of cardiac output	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	

HomU G-PB 6.29	Integration Of Informatio n (K-1)	Know s How	Understand the bloodpressu re regulation	Discuss th importance of bloo pressure	e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, PBL, Smallgro up discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 6.30		Know s		State th factors affecting arterial bloo pressure	e	Level 1 Recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 6.31		Know s How		Discuss th determinant of arteria blood pressure	s e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 6.32		Know s How		Describe regulation c arterial bloo pressure		Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	PBL, Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

HomU G-PB 6.33	Integration Of Informatio n (K-1)	Know s How	Describe coronary, cerebral, capillary, pulmonary &splanchni ccirculation	Discuss capillary circulatio	the n	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 6.34		Know s How		Discuss Coronary circulatio		Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Pathology
HomU G-PB 6.35		Know s How		Discuss Cerebral circulatio	the n	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Pathology
HomU G-PB 6.36		Know s How		Discuss Splenic circulatio	the n	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 6.37		Know s How		Discuss Pulmona circulatio	'	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

								discussio n			
HomU G-PB 6.38	Informatio n Gathering ,Integration Of informatio n,Problem	Know s How	Describethe mechanism of shock,sync ope& Hypertensio n	Explain mechanism responsible for shock & syncope	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Pathology
HomU G-PB 6.39	- Integration (K-2)	Know s How		Discuss the mechanism of hypertension	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Pathology Materia Medica Organon
HomU G-PB 6.40	Informatio n Gathering ,Integration Of informatio n,Problem Integration	Show s How	Recordbloo dpressureat restandindif ferentgrade sof exerciseand postures	Measure the blood in pressure in resting & different grade of exercise	Psycho- motor	Level 2(Control)	Must know	Demonst ration	Observ ation	Check list	Medicine
HomU G-PB 6.41	- (K-2)	Know s How		Discuss the variation between	Cognitiv e	Level 2 (Understan ding)	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small	Observ ation	Check list	Medicine

HomU G-PB 6.42	Informatio n Gathering ,Integration Of informatio n, Problem	Show s How	Recordpuls eatrestandi ndifferentg radesof exerciseand postures	different blood pressure values after measuremen t Measure pulse at rest and in different grades of exercise	Psycho- motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	group discussio n Demonst ration	Observ ation	Check list	Medicine
HomU G-PB 6.43	- Integration (K-2)	Know s How		Discuss the variation between different arterial pulse value after measuremen t	Cognitiv e	Level 2 (Understan d)	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussio n	Observ ation	Check list	Medicine
HomU G-PB 6.44	Informatio n Gathering, Integration of	Show s How	Record ECG	Record ECG in a volunteer.	Psycho- motor	Level 2 (Control)	Desirable to know	Demonst ration	Observ ation	Check list	Medicine

	informatio n, Problem Integration (K-2)	Know s		Identify the features of a normal ECG.	5	Level : (Recall)		Nice Know	L S g	CBL, .ecture, imall iroup liscussio			
HomU G-PB 6.45	Informatio n Gathering,I ntegration	Show s How	Demonstrat ethecorrect clinicalexa minationoft hecardiovas	Locate the Apex beat	Psycho- motor	Level z (Control)	2	Must know		Demonst ation	Observ ation	Check list	Human Anatomy
HomU G-PB 6.46	Of informatio n, Problem	Show s How	cular system	Auscultate forheart sound	Psycho- motor	Level z (Control)	2	Must know		Demonst ation	Observ ation	Check list	Medicine
HomU G-PB 6.47	Integration (K-2)	Show s How		Identify different heart sounds	Psycho- motor	Level z (Control)	2	Must know		Demonst ation	Observ ation	Check list	Medicine

Topic No	7
Theory	Respiratory & Environmental Physiology
Practical	
Clinical Physiology	Respiratory System- Clinical Examination, Spirometry, Stethography

Learning Objectives: -

At the end of the chapter of Respiratory & Environmental Physiology, the student must be able to -

- Describe the functional anatomy of respiratory tract.
- Describe the mechanics of normal respiration
- Describe pressure changes during ventilation
- Describe lung volume and capacities
- Describe the transport of respiratory gases
- Describe the regulation of respiration
- Demonstrate the correct clinical examination of the respiratory system in a normal volunteer.

S.No	Generic	Subject	Miller	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Format	Sum	Integration
	compete	area	′s	competenc	Learning	s .	level	know /	method /	ive	mativ	-
	ncy		Level	v	Objectives /	domai		desirable	media	Assess	e	Horizontal
				,	outcomes	n		to know /		ment	Asses	/ Vertical /
												Spiral

								nice to know			smen t	
Hom UG- PB 7.1	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Respiratory & Environme ntal Physiology	Know s How	Describethe functionala natomyofre spiratorytra ct	Identify the different parts of upper respiratory tract	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG- PB 7.2			Know s How		Describe the importance of different parts of lower respiratory tract	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG- PB 7.3			Know s How		Identify the different parts oftracheo – bronchial tree, Respiratory membrane & pleura	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d ninterpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy

Hom UG- PB 7.4		Know s How		Explain the properties of Gases	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG- PB 7.5		Know s How		Discuss non- respiratory function of respiratory system	Cogniti ve	Level z Understan d interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG- PB 7.6	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describethe mechanicso fnormalres piration	Discuss the mechanism of Inspiration	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG- PB 7.7		Know s How		Discuss the mechanism of Expiration	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG- PB 7.8	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describe pressurecha ngesduring ventilation	Discuss intra- pulmonary pressure	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG- PB 7·9		Know s How		Discuss intra pleural pressure	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

Hom UG- PB 7.10	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describe lungvolume andcapaciti es,	Discuss static lung volume & capacities	Cogniti ve	Level z Understan d interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG- PB 7.11		Know s How		Discuss dynamic lung volume and capacities	Cogniti ve	Level z Understan d interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG- PB 7.12	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	s How	Describe alveolar surface tension	Define surface tension	Cogniti ve	Level : (Remember / recall)	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG- PB 7.13		Know s How		Discuss the significance of lung surfactant	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG- PB 7.14	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describethe transport ofrespirator ygases	Describethe Oxygen transportatio n	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG- PB 7.15		Know s How		Explainthe carbon dioxide transportatio n	Cogniti ve	Level z Understan d interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	

Hom UG- PB 7.16 Hom	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati on Of	Know s How Know	Describe the regulation of respiration	Discuss the nervous regulation of respiration Discuss the	Cogniti ve Cogniti	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Must know Must	Lecture, Small group discussion Lecture,	SAQs SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce LAQs,	
UG- PB 7.17	informat ion, Problem	s How		Chemical regulation of respiration	ve	Understan d interpret	know	Small group discussion		Viva Voce	
Hom UG- PB 7.18	Integrati on (K-2)	Know s How		Discuss the physio clinical aspect of Apnea	Cogniti ve	Level z Understan d interpret	Must know	PBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG- PB 7.19		Know s How		Discuss the physio clinical aspect of Dyspnoea, Asphyxia, Oxygen toxicity	Cogniti ve	Level z Understan d interpret	Must know	PBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine FMT Materia Medica
Hom UG- PB 7.20	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati	Know	Describethe physio clinical aspect of	Define Hypoxia	Cogniti ve	Level : (Recall)	Must know	PBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

Hom UG- PB 7.21	on Of informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Know s	hypoxia	Classify hypoxia. Define Cyanosis	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Must know	PBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQS, SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology Medicine
Hom UG- PB 7.22	Informat ion Gatherin g	Know s How	Describe the principles and methods of	Discuss the principles of artificial respiration	Cogniti ve	Level z Understan d interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG- PB 7.23	, Integrati on Of informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Know s How	artificialres piration,	Discuss the Methods of artificial respiration	Cogniti ve	Level z Understan d interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG- PB 7.24	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describethe physiologyo fhighaltitud eanddeepse a diving	Discuss the pressure changes during high altitude	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG- PB 7.25		Know s How		Discuss the effect during Rapid & slow ascent on high altitude	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	

Hom UG- PB 7.26		Know s How		Discuss the pressure changes during Deep sea diving	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG- PB 7.27	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati on Of informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Show s How	Performthec linicalexami nationofther espiratorysy steminanor malvoluntee r		Psycho -motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	Demonstr ation	Observ ation	Check list	Medicine
Hom UG- PB 7.28		Show s How		Perform percussion on the chest	Psycho -motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	Demonstr ation	Observ ation	Check list	Medicine

Hom	Shov	Perforn	n the Psy	sycho Le	evel 2	Must	Demonstr	Observ	Check	Medicine
UG-	s Ho	v auscult	ation -m	notor (C	Control)	know	ation	ation	list	
PB		on dif	ferent							
7.29		parts	of							
		lungs.								
7.29			of							

Topic No	8
Theory	Central Nervous System
Practical	
Clinical Physiology	Nervous System- Clinical Examination

Learning Objectives:-

At the end of chapter of Central Nervous System, the student must be able to -

- Map the organization of nervous system.
- State the functions and properties of synapse.
- Explain the functions and properties of receptors
- Describe the functions and properties of reflex.
- Discuss the mechanism of chemical transmission in the nervous system.
- Describe somatic sensations & sensory tracts.
- Describe and discuss motor tracts & mechanism of maintenance of muscle tone.
- Describe the physiology of vestibular apparatus, Control of body movements, posture and equilibrium.
- Describe structure and functions of autonomic nervous system
- Explain the functions, lesion & sensory disturbance of Spinal cord
- Describe functions of cerebral cortex, basal ganglia, thalamus, hypothalamus, cerebellum and limbic system
- Describe behavioural and EEG characteristic during Sleep.
- Describe the physiological basis of memory, learning and speech
- Perform the clinical examination of the nervous system in a volunteer or on a simulator.

S.No	Generic	Subjec	Miller	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Form	Summa	Integration
	compete	t area	's	compoton	Learning	S	level	know /	method /	ative	tive	-Horizontal
	ncy		Level	competen	Objectives /	domai		desirable	media	Asses	Assess	/ Vertical /
				су	outcomes	n		to know /		sment	ment	Spiral
								nice to				
								know				

HomU G-PB 8.1	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Nervou s System	Know s	Describet heorganiz ationofner voussyste m	Identify the parts of central nervous system – brain & spinal cord with its function	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 8.2			Know s How		Discuss the developmental aspect of central nervous system	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 8.3			Know s		Classify nervous system	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 8.4	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)		Know s How	Describet hefunctio nsandpro pertiesofs ynapse.	Illustrate the physiological anatomy of synapse	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 8.5			Know s How		Discuss the electrical events	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	

				occurring synapses	at				discussio n			
HomU G-PB 8.6		Know s Hov		Discuss properties synapse.	the of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 8.7	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knov s	Describet hefunctio nsandpro pertiesofr eceptors	Define recep	otor	Cogniti ve	Level : (Remember/ recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 8.8		Knov s	,	Classify sensory receptors.	the	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 8.9		Know s Hov		Describe Cutaneous receptor	the	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	

HomU G-PB 8.10		Know s How		explain the properties of receptor	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 8.11	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describet hefunctio nsandpro pertiesofr eflex.	Discuss reflex arc	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 8.12		Know s		Classify reflexes	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.13		Know s How		Discuss the properties of reflex	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 8.14	Integrati on Of	Know s	Describe the mechanis m of chemical	Classify neurotransmitte rs	Cogniti ve	Level : Recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

	Informat ion (K-1)		transmissi on inthenerv ous					discussio n			
HomU G-PB 8.15		Know s How	system.	Explain the different types of neurotransmitte r	Cogniti ve	Level z Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 8.16	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s	Describes omatic sensations & sensory tracts	Define sensory system	Cogniti ve	Level : (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 8.17		Know s How		Discuss different sensory tracts of spinal cord	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQ, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 8.18		Know s How		Describethe sensory tracts of spinal cord	Cogniti ve	Level z Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

HomU		Know		Explain	the	Cogniti	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB 8.19		s How		somato-sensc cortex	ory	ve	Understand / interpret	to Know	Small group discussio		Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.20		Know s How		Explain somatic sensation touch, pressu pain, temperature, proprioceptio		Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	n Lecture, Small group discussio n Demonst ration	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 8.21 HomU G-PB 8.22	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati on Of informat ion, Problem	Know s How Know s How	Describe motor tracts & mechanis m of maintena nce of muscle tone	Discuss mo areas Discuss differ motor tracts spinal cord		Cogniti ve Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must	Lecture, Small group discussio n Lecture, Small group discussio	SAQs SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Anatomy Medicine
	Problem						,		5 .			

HomU G-PB 8.23	Integrati on (K-2)	Know s How		Discuss motor tracts spinal cord	the 5 of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.24		Know s How		Discuss clinical significance Motor tracts spinal cord	the of of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 8.25	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati	Know s How	Describe the physiolog y of vestibular apparatus , Control ofbodymo	Discuss physiological anatomy vestibular apparatus	the of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.26	on Of informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Know s How	vements,p ostureand equilibriu m	Explain functions vestibular apparatus	the of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 8.27		Know s How		Discuss common	the	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Materia Medica

				vestibular dysfunctions					d n	liscussio			
HomU G-PB 8.28	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describest ructurean dfunctions of autonomi cnervouss ystem(AN S)	Differentiate between somatic autonomic nervous syst	and	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret		S g	ecture, Small group liscussio	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 8.29		Know s How		Describe divisions Autonomic nervous syst	the of em	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	S g	ecture, Small group liscussio	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 8.30		Know s How		Discuss responses effector orga autonomic nerve impuls		Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret		S g	ecture, Small group liscussio	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 8.31	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati	Know s	Explain the functions,I esion&sen sory disturbanc	List functions Spinal cord	the of	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Nice know	S g	ecture, Small Jroup liscussio	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine

HomU	on Of	Know	e of Spinal	Illustrate	the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine,
G-PB	informat	s How	cord	transection	of	ve	Understand	know	Small		Viva	Surgery
8.32	ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)			spinal cord			/ interpret		group discussio n		Voce	
HomU G-PB 8.33	- 011(K-2)	Know s How		Describethe sensory disturbances spinal cord	of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.34	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati	Know s How	Describe functions of cerebral cortex, basal ganglia,	Discuss connections functions cerebral cort	of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine – Psychiatry Repertory
HomU G-PB 8.35	on Of informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Know s How	thalamus, hypothala mus,cere bellum and limbic system	Discuss connections functions Basal Gangli	of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine – Psychiatry Repertory
HomU G-PB 8.36		Know s How	and their abnormali ties	Explain connections functions Thalamus	the & of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine – Psychiatry

						discussio n			Repertory
HomU G-PB 8.37	now How	Explain the connections& functions of Hypothalamus	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine – Psychiatry Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 8.38	now How	Discuss the connections& functions of Limbic system	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy, Psychology, Medicine – Psychiatry Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 8.39	now How	Explain the connections& functions of Cerebellum	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine – Psychiatry Materia Medica

HomU G-PB 8.40		Know s How		Explain cerebellar lesions	the	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology Medicine – Psychiatry Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 8.41	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describeb ehavioural and EEG characteri stic during sleepand mechanis	Discuss importance EEG	the of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 8.42		Know s How	mresponsi bleforitspr oduction	Explain Physiologica Basis of EEG		Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 8.43		Know s How		Discuss factors affeo sleep	the cting	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

HomU G-PB 8.44		Know s How		Describe the Physiological changes during sleep	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.45		Know s		Classify the types of sleep	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.46		Know s How		Discuss the factors controlling sleep cycle	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.47	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati	Know s How	Describet hephysiol ogicalbasi sofmemor y,learning andspeec	Discuss the mechanism and development of speech	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.48	on Of informat ion, Problem	Know s How	h	Describe the physiological basis of learning	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine Materia Medica

	Integrati on (K-2)								discussio n			Repertory
HomU G-PB 8.49		Know s How		Discuss physiologica basis memory.	the l of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.50		Know s How		Discuss applied physiology memory	the of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 8.51	Informat ion Gatherin g	Show s How	Perform theclinicale xamination ofthenervo us	examination		Psycho -motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	Demonst ration	Obser vation	Checklis t	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.52	,Integrati on Of informat	Show s How	system:Hig herfunctio ns,sensory	examination speech	for	Psycho -motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	Demonst ration	Obser vation	Checklis t	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 8.53	ion, Problem	Show s How	system, mo torsystem, reflexes, cranialnerv	Conduct assessment muscle tone	the of	Psycho -motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	Demonst ration	Obser vation	Checklis t	Anatomy Medicine

HomU	Integrati	Show	esinanorm	Conduct	the	Psycho	Level	2	Must	Demonst	Obser	Checklis	Anatomy
G-PB	on (K-2)	s How	alvolunteer	assessment	of	-motor	(Control)		know	ration	vation	t	Medicine
8.54			orsimulate denvironm	muscle powe	er								
HomU		Show	ent	Perform	the	Psycho	Level	2	Must	Demonst	Obser	Checklis	Anatomy
G-PB		s How	Cht	clinical		-motor	(Control)		know	ration	vation	t	Medicine
8.55				examination reflexes	foe								
HomU		Show		Perform		Psycho	Level	2	Must	Demonst	Obser	Checklis	Anatomy
G-PB		s How		Cutaneous		-motor	(Control)		know	ration	vation	t	Medicine
8.56				sensory examination									
HomU		Show		Perform	the	Psycho	Level	2	Must	Demonst	Obser	Checklis	Anatomy
G-PB		s How		clinical		-motor	(Control)		know	ration	vation	t	Medicine
8.57				examination gait and pos									

Τορίς Νο	9
Theory	Endocrine System

Practical	
Clinical Physiology	Reproductive System – Diagnosis of pregnancy

Learning Objectives: -

At the end of chapter of Endocrine System & Diagnosis of pregnancy, the student must be able -

- Explain the mechanism of action of steroid, protein and amine hormones.
- Describe the regulation of secretion of hormones by hypothalamus.
- Discuss the synthesis, secretion, Transport, Physiological action, regulation & effect of altered secretion of-Pituitary gland; Thyroid gland; Para Thyroid glands; Adrenal glands; and Pancreatic Gland.
- Explain the physiology of Thymus & Pineal Glands, and the local hormones.

S.No	Generic compete ncy	Subject area	Miller 's Level	Specific competenc y	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Form ative Asses smen t	Sum mativ e Asses smen t	Integration -Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
HomU G-PB 9.1	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Endocrine system	Know s	Describethe mechanism ofactionofs teroid,prote in	Define hormones		Level 1 (Rememb er/ recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	

HomU G-PB 9.2		Know s How	andamineh ormones	Discuss the characteristic of hormones	5	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Psychology
HomU G-PB 9·3		Know s How		Classify the hormones as per thei chemistry		Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 9.4	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describe the regulation of secretion of hormones by hypothala mus	Discuss the regulation o hormone from the hypothalamu s		Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 9.5		Know s How		Discuss the homoeostati c mechanism of secretion of hormone through Hypothalam us		Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

HomU G-PB 9.6	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	s How	Discuss the synthesis, secretion, Transport, Physiologic al action, regulation & effect of	Discuss the physiological anatomy o pituitary gland	5	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 9·7		s How	altered secretion of Pituitary gland	Explain the secretion of anterior pituitary hormone		Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 9.8		Know s How		Explain the secretion o growth hormone		Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 9.9		Know s How		Describe the functions or growth hormone	5	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 9.10		Know s		List the factors affecting growth hormone	Cognitive	Level 1Recall	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	

HomU	Know	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB	s How	effects of		Understa	know	Small		Viva	Medicine
9.11		altered		nd /		group		Voce	Wedleffle
		secretion of		interpret		discussion			
		growth							
		hormone							
HomU	Know	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB	s How	actions and	-	Understa	know	Small		Viva	Ohatatuiaa
9.12		control of		nd /		group		Voce	Obstetrics
		secretion		interpret		discussion			& Cumpo color
		ofprolactin							Gynaecolog
									у
HomU	Know	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB	s How	secretion of		Understa	to Know	Small		Viva	
9.13		posterior		nd /		group		Voce	
		Pituitary		interpret		discussion			
		hormones							
HomU	Know	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB	s How	functions of	-	Understa	know	Small		Viva	
9.14		ADH		nd /		group		Voce	
				interpret		discussion			
HomU	Know	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
G-PB	s How	functions of	5	Understa	know	Small		Viva	
9.15		Oxytocin		nd /		group		Voce	Obstetrics
		1		interpret		discussion			&

									5400		Gynaecolog y
HomU G-PB 9.16		Know s How		Describe pituitary insufficiency	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 9.17	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describe the synthesis, secretion, Transport, Physiologic al action, regulation	Discuss the physiological anatomy of Thyroid gland	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 9.18		Know s How	& effect of altered secretion of Thyroid gland	Describe the formation & secretion of thyroid hormone	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 9.19		Know s How		Explain the transport & metabolism of thyroid hormone	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	

HomU		Know		Discuss	the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	CBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		s How		regulatio	n		Understa	know	Lecture,		Viva	
9.20				and actio	on of		nd /		Small		Voce	
				thyroid			interpret		group			
				hormone					discussion			
HomU		Know	-	Explain	the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	CBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
G-PB		s How		effect	of		Understa	know	Lecture,		Viva	
9.21				altered			nd /		Small		Voce	
				secretion	of		interpret		group			
				Thyroid					discussion			
				hormone								
HomU	Integrati	Know	Explainthe	Discuss	the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistr
G-PB	on Of	s How	synthesis, secretion,	calcium	&		Understa	know	Small		Viva	У
9.22	Informat		Transport,	phosphat	e		nd /		group		Voce	Medicine
	ion (K-1)		Physiologic al action,	metaboli	sm		interpret		discussion			Medicine
			regulation									Materia
			& effect of altered									Medica
HomU		Know	 secretion of Para 	Discuss	the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
G-PB		s How	Thyroid	action	of	-	Understa	to Know	Small		Viva	
9.23			gland.	parathori	mon		nd /		group		Voce	
				e			interpret		discussion			
HomU		Know	-	Describe	the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistr
G-PB		s How		action	of		Underst	to Know	Small		Viva	У
9.24				Calcitoni	n						Voce	

HomU G-PB 9.25		Know s How		Discuss the role ofCalcitonini n the maintenance of calcium homoeostasi s in body	Cognitive	and / interpret Level 2 Underst and / interpret	Must know	group discussion Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y Medicine Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 9.26		Calcit onin		Discuss the effect of altered secretion of para thyroid hormone	Cognitive	Level 2 Underst and / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 9.27	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Calcit onin	Describe the synthesis, secretion, Transport, Physiologic al action, regulation	Discuss the physiological anatomy of Adrenal Cortex gland	Cognitive	Level 2 Underst and / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 9.28		Calcit onin	& effect of altered secretion of Adrenal gland	Describe the formation, secretion, and functions	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa	Must know	Lecture, Small	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	

		of Glucocorticoi d hormone	nd / interpret		group discussion			
HomU G-PB 9.29	Know s How	Describe the formation, secretion, and functions of Mineralocorti coid hormone	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 9.30	Know s How	Describe the formation, secretion, and functions of Sex hormones	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 9.31	Know s How	Explain the effects of altered secretion of Adrenal cortex hormone	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

HomU		Know		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB		s How		physiological		Understa	know	Small		Viva	
9.32				anatomy of		nd /		group		Voce	
				Adrenal		interpret		discussion			
				Medullary							
				gland							
HomU	Integrati	Know	Describe the	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB	on Of	s How	synthesis,	physiological		Understa	to Know	Small		Viva	Matavia
9.33	Informat		sécretion,	anatomy of		nd /		group		Voce	Materia
	ion (K-1)		Transport, Physiologic	Pancreatic		interpret		discussion			Medica
			al action, regulation	gland		·					
HomU		Know	& effect of altered	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		s How	secretion of	action and		Understa	to Know	Small		Viva	
9.34			Pancreatic	regulation of		nd /		group		Voce	
			Gland	Glucagon		interpret		discussion			
HomU		Know		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	CBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
G-PB		s How		action and		Understa	know	Lecture,		Viva	Materia
9.35				regulation of		nd /		Small		Voce	Medica
				Insulin		interpret		group			Medica
								discussion			
HomU		Know		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	CBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	Pathology
G-PB		s How		effects of		Underst	know	Lecture,		Viva	Medicine
9.36				altered		and /		Small		Voce	MEAICINE
				secretion of		interpret		group			
								discussion			

				Pancreatic Hormone							
HomU G-PB 9·37	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describethe physiology ofThymus& PinealGlan d	Describe the functions of hormone of thymus gland	Cognitive	Level 2 Underst and / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 9.38		Know s How		Discuss the functions of hormone of pineal gland	Cognitive	Level 2 Underst and / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 9-39		Know s How	Describe the Physiology of Local hormones	State the functions of Local hormones	Cognitive	Level 2 Underst and / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 9.40	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati on Of informat ion, Problem	Show s How	Describe the diagnosis of pregnancy	Demonstrate the diagnosis of pregnancy through Urine pregnancy Strip	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	Demonstr ation	Obser vation	Check list	Obs&Gynec

Integra on (K-2						

SEMESTER – 3

Τορίς Νο	10
Theory	Reproductive System
Practical	
Clinical Physiology	

Learning Objectives: -

At the end of the chapter on Reproductive System, the student must be able to -

- Describe the onset, progression, and stages puberty.
- Describe the structure and functions of male reproductive system.
- Describe the physiological effects of male sex hormone.
- Describe female reproductive system & functions of ovary and its Control.
- Describe menstrual cycle with hormonal, uterine and ovarian changes.
- Describe the physiological effects of female sex hormones.
- Discuss the contraceptive methods for male and female.
- Discuss the physiology of pregnancy, parturition & lactation.

S.No	Generic compete ncy	Subject area	Miller 's Level	Specific competenc y	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Form ative Asses smen t	Summ ative Assess ment	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
HomU G-PB 10.1	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Reprodu ctive System	Know s	Describe the onset, progression , and stages puberty.	Define puberty	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Rememb er/ recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Psychology Obstetrics & Gynaecology
HomU G-PB 10.2			Know s How	List causes and expressions of earlyand delayed	role of LH & FSH in	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Psychology Obstetrics & Gynaecology
HomU G-PB 10.3			Know s How	puberty	Explain puberty for its onset, and stages. Describe the causes for delayed &	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Psychology Obstetrics & Gynaecology

				precocious puberty.							
HomU G-PB 10.4	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	structure and functions of	Describe the structure of male reproductive system	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 10.5		Know s How	uctive	Explain the function of male reproductive system.	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 10.6	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	physiologic al effects of male sex	Explain the functions of testis as an endocrine gland.	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Psychology Medicine
HomU G-PB 10.7		Know s How	– hormone	Discuss the role of testosterone	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Obstetrics & Gynaecology

HomU	Integrati	Know	Describe	Discuss	the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB 10.8	on Of Informat ion (K-1)	s How	the functionsof testisandco ntrolof	process spermato esis	of ogen		Understa nd / interpret	know	Small group discussio n		Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 10.9		Know s How	spermatog enesis&fact orsmodifyin git	Discuss factors affecting spermato esis	the ogen	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 10.10	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describefem alereproduct ivesystem&f unctionsofo varyandits	structure		Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Obstetrics & Gynaecology
HomU G-PB 10.11		Know s How	Control.	Discuss functions female reproduct tract		Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Obstetrics & Gynaecology
HomU G-PB 10.12		Know s How		Discuss role of o as	the wary an	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Obstetrics & Gynaecology

				endocrine gland. List hormone secreted ovary.	the				discussio n			
HomU G-PB 10.13	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describe menstrual cycle with hormonal,ut erineandovar ianchanges	5	the I	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Obstetrics & Gynaecology
HomU G-PB 10.14		Know s How		Discuss Uterine changes during menstrua cycle	the I	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Obstetrics & Gynaecology
HomU G-PB 10.15		Know s How		Discuss Vaginal changes during menstrua cycle	the I	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Obstetrics & Gynaecology

HomU G-PB 10.16	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knov s Ho		Discuss the Gonadotroph in changes during menstrual cycle	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Obstetrics & Gynaecology Materia Medica
HomU		Knov	V	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	CBL,	MCQs	SAQs,	Obstetrics &
G-PB		s Ho	N	changes	_	Understa	know	Lecture,		Viva	Gynaecology
10.17				during		nd /		Small		Voce	
				menopause		interpret		group			
								discussio			
								n			
HomU		Knov	v Discuss	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	Obstetrics &
G-PB		s Ho	w thecontrace	contraceptiv	_	Understa	know	Small		Viva	Gynaecology
10.18			ptivemetho	e methods		nd /		group		Voce	Community
			dsformalea	for male		interpret		discussio			Medicine
			ndfemale.					n			medicine
HomU		Knov	v	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Obstetrics &
G-PB		s Ho	v	contraceptiv	-	Understa	know	Small		Viva	Gynaecology
10.19				e methods		nd /		group		Voce	Community
				for female		interpret		discussio			Medicine
								n			

HomU	Integrati	Kr	now	Discussthep	Discuss	the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Obstetrics &
G-PB	on Of	sł	How	hysiologyof	fertilizati	on &		Understa	know	Small		Viva	Gynaecology
10.20	Informat			pregnancy,	implanta	tion		nd /		group		Voce	
	ion (K-1)			parturition	of ovum			interpret		discussio			
				&						n			
HomU		Kr	now	lactation.	Explain	the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Obstetrics &
G-PB		sl	How		role	of		Understa	to Know	Small		Viva	Gynaecology
10.21					placentaa	as		nd /		group		Voce	
					an endo	crine		interpret		discussio			
					organ.	List				n			
					the place	ental							
					hormone	S							
HomU		Kr	now		Discuss	the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Obstetrics &
G-PB		sl	How		process	of		Understa	know	Small		Viva	Gynaecology
10.22					parturitic	n		nd /		group		Voce	Materia
								interpret		discussio			Medica
										n			Medica
HomU		Kr	now		Describe	the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Obstetrics &
G-PB		sl	How		role	of		Understa	to Know	Small		Viva	Gynaecology
10.23					prolactin			nd /		group		Voce	
					Hormone	è		interpret		discussio			
										n			
L													

HomU	Know	Explain the	Cognitive Level 2	Nice to Le	ecture, SAQs	SAQs, Obstetrics &
G-PB	s How	process of	Understa	know Sr	mall	Viva Gynaecology
10.24		lactation	nd / interpret	5	oup scussio	Voce Community Medicine Materia Medica

Τορίς Νο	11
Theory	Special Senses
Practical	
Clinical Physiology	Special Senses – Clinical Examination

Learning Objectives: -

At the end of the chapter on Special senses, the student must be able to -

- Discuss perception of smell and taste sensation
- Discuss patho-physiology of altered smell and taste sensation
- Discuss functional anatomy of ear and auditory pathways & physiology of hearing
- Discuss functional anatomy of eye, physiology of image formation, physiology of vision including colour vision, refractive errors, colour blindness, physiology of pupil and light reflex
- Discuss the physiological basis of lesion in visual pathway

• Demonstrate the testing of visual acuity, colour and field of vision; hearing; smell; and taste sensation in volunteer or simulated environment

S.No	Generic compete ncy	Subject area	Miller 's Level	Specific Competenc Y	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method media	Form ative Asses smen t	Sum mativ e Asses smen t	Integratio n - Horizonta I / Vertical / Spiral
HomU G-PB 11.1	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Special Senses	Know s How	Describethe perception ofsmellsens ation	Discuss the sensation of olfaction	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussior	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Surgery - ENT
HomU G-PB 11.2			Know s How		Discuss the olfactory receptor, olfactory pathway	Cognitive	Level z Understan d interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussior	SAQs	LAQ, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 11.3			Know s How		Discuss the physiology of olfaction	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussior	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 11.4			Know s How		Discuss the altered	Cognitive	Level z Understan	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

			sensation of smell		d interpret		group discussior			
HomU G-PB 11.5	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Kno s Hc	Discuss the sensation of Taste	Cognitive	Level : Understan d interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Surgery – ENT Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 11.6		Kno s Ho	Discuss the taste receptor.	Cognitive	Level : Understan d interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQ, Viva Voce	Anatomy
		Sho s Ho	Draw the taste pathway	Psychom otor	Level 2 Control	Must Know	Demonstr ation	Obser vation	DOPS	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 11.7		Kno s Hc	 Discuss the physiology of Taste	Cognitive	Level : Understan d interpret	Must to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 11.8		Kno s Ho	Discuss the altered sensation of Taste	Cognitive	Level : Understan d interpret	Desirablet oknow	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Materia Medica

HomU G-PB 11.9	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describe the functional anatomy of ear & auditory	Describe th physiologica anatomy ear		Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussior	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Surgery – ENT Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 11.10		Show s How	pathways	Map th Auditory Pathway		Psychom otor	Level 2 Control	Must Know	Demonst ation	Obser vation	Check list	Anatomy ENT
HomU G-PB 11.11		Know s How		Describe th mechanism of hearing		Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d . interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussior	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery - ENT
HomU G-PB 11.12		Know s How		Discuss th altered sensation Hearing		Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussior	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Surgery – ENT Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 11.13	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describe the functional anatomy of eye	structure	he & of	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussior	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Surgery - Ophthalm ology

HomU G-PB 11.14	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	5	Know s How	Describe the physiology of image formation	Describe the visual pathway		Understan d interpret		Lecture, Small group discussior	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 11.15			Know s How		Discuss the principles o optics, visua acuity, Visua reflex		Level : Understan d interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussior	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalm ology
HomU G-PB 11.16	Informat ion Gatherin g		Know s How	Describe the physiology of vision	Discuss the photochemis try of vision	5	Level : Understan d interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussior	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalm ology
HomU G-PB 11.17	,Integrati on Of informat ion, Problem		Know s How	including colour vision	Discuss the photopic 8 scotopic vision		Level : Understan d interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussior	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalm ology
HomU G-PB 11.18	Integrati on (K-2)		Know s How		Discuss the visual adaptation, visual accommodat ion & nigh blindness		Level : Understan d interpret	Desirablet oknow	PBL, Lecture, Small group discussior	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalm ology Materia Medica

HomU G-PB 11.19	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati on Of informat	Kno s H		Discuss the different types of refractive errors	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussior	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalm ology Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 11.20	ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Kno s H		Discuss the colour blindness	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d interpret	Desirablet oknow	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussior	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalm ology Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 11.21		Kno s	ow	List the causes of Nystagmus	Cognitive	Level 1Recall	Nice toknow	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalm ology Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 11.22	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati	Sho s H	ow eTestingofv isualacuity, colourandfi eldofvision	Perform the testing of visual acuity, colour and field of vision	Psycho Motor	Level 2(Control)	Desirablet o know	Demonsti ation	Obser vation	Check list	Surgery – Ophthalm ology
HomU G-PB 11.23	on Of informat ion, Problem	Kno s H	volunteer	Interpret the testing of visual acuity,	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	CBL, Lecture, Small	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalm ology

	Integrati on (K-2)			colour and field of vision				group discussion			Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 11.24	Informat ion Gatherin g	Show s How	Demonstra te testing of hearing in a volunteer	Perform the testing of hearingin a volunteer	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Nice to know	Demonst ation	Obser vation	Check list	Surgery – ENT
HomU G-PB 11.25	,Integrati on Of informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Know s How		Interpret the testing of hearing in a volunteer		Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Nice to know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalm ology Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 11.26	Informat ion Gatherin g	Show s How	Demonstra te testingfors mellin a volunteer	Perform testing for smell in a volunteer	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Nice to know	Demonst ation	Obser vation	Check list	Surgery – ENT
HomU G-PB 11.27	, Integrati on Of informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Know s How	volunteer	Interpret testing for smell in a volunteer	Cognitiv	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Nice to know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalm ology Materia Medica

HomU	Informat		SHO	Demonstra	Perform		Psycho	Level	2	Must		Demonst		Check	Anatomy
G-PB 11.27	ion Gatherin g,Integra tion Of		W HOW	te testingfort astesensati onin	testing taste sensation volunteer		Motor	(Control)		know		ation	vation	list	Surgery – ENT
HomU G-PB 11.29	informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)		Know s How	volunteer	Interpret testing taste sensation volunteer	for in	Cognitiv	Level Understar d interpret	2 1 /	Nice know	to	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussior	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Surgery – ENT
Topic No	þ	12	1	L	I		1								
Theory		Digestive	System	& Nutrition											
Practica		Liver Fund	tion Tes	t											
Clinical Physiolo	рду	Gastroint	estinal s	ystem clinical	examinati	on									

Learning Objectives: -

At the end of the chapter Digestive system & Nutrition, the student must be able to -

- Describe the structure, Function & Innervation of digestive system.
- Describe the composition, mechanism of secretion, function & regulation of saliva.
- Describe the movement of oesophagus.
- Describe the composition, mechanism of secretion, function & regulation of gastric juice.
- Describe the composition, mechanism of secretion, function & regulation of pancreatic juice.

- Describe the structure & function of liver & Gall bladder.
- Describe the composition, mechanism of secretion, function & regulation of Bile.
- Describe the composition, mechanism of secretion, function & regulation of Small Intestine.
- Describe the movement of gastrointestinal tract, it's regulation & function.
- Describe the movement of large intestine & defecation as a process.
- Describe the physiology of digestion and absorption of nutrients.
- Observe the procedure for Liver Function Test.
- Perform examination for gastrointestinal system on a volunteer.

S.No	Generic compete ncy	Subject area	Miller 's Level	Specific competenc y	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Form ative Asses smen t	Summ ative Assess ment	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
HomU G-PB 12.1	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Digestiv e System & Nutrition	Know s How	Describe the structure, Function &	Discuss the importance of digestive system	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 12.2			Know s	Innervation of digestive system	Recall the structure of digestive system	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy

HomU		Know		Recognise	Cogniti	Level	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB		S		the structure	ve	1Recall	know	Small group		Viva	
12.3				of small				discussion		Voce	
				intestine							
HomU		Know		Identify the	Cogniti	Level 1	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB		S		structure of	ve	Recall	know	Small group		Viva	
12.4				large intestine				discussion		Voce	
HomU G-PB 12.5	Integrati on Of Informat	Know s	Describe the compositio	Classify salivary glands.	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Materia Medica
	ion (K-1)		n, mechanism of secretion, function &	Mention the innervation of salivary glands.							
HomU		Know	regulation	Discuss	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	Biochemistr
G-PB		s How	of saliva	composition	ve	Understa	know	Smallgroup		Viva	У
12.6				of saliva		nd / interpret		discussion		Voce	
HomU	1	Know		Discuss	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
G-PB 12.7		s How		functions of saliva	ve	Understa nd / interpret	know	Small group discussion		Viva Voce	Materia Medica

HomU		Know		Describe	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		s How		mechanism	ve	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	
12.8				of salivary		nd /		discussion		Voce	
				secretion		interpret					
HomU		Know		Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		s How		control of	ve	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	
12.9				salivary		nd /		discussion		Voce	
				secretion		interpret					
HomU	1	Know		Explain the	Cogniti	Level 2	Desirable	PBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
G-PB		s How		clinical	ve	Understa	to Know	Lecture,		Viva	Materia
12.10				relevance of		nd /		Small group		Voce	Medica
				salivary gland		interpret		discussion			IVIEUICa
				& salivary							
				secretion							
HomU	Integrati	Know	Describe	Describe the	Cogniti	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
G-PB	on Of	s How	the	process of	ve	Understa	to Know	Small group		Viva	
12.11	Informat		movement	mastication.		nd /		discussion		Voce	
	ion (K-1)		of			interpret					
HomU		Know	oesophagus	Explain the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB		s How		stages of	ve	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	Medicine
12.12				swallowing		nd /		discussion		Voce	
						interpret					

HomU G-PB 12.13		Know s How		Discuss the role of upper & lower oesophageal sphincter	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice t know	o Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 12.14		Know s		List the common oesophageal motility disorders	Cogniti ve	Level 1 Recall	Nice t Know	o CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Surgery
HomU G-PB 12.15	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s	Describe the compositio n, mechanism	Recall the macro and micro structure of stomach	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 12.16		Know s How	of secretion, function & regulation of Gastric	Discuss the functions of stomach	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 12.17		Know s How	Juice	Discuss the composition & functions of gastric juice	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr Y

HomU		Know		Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
G-PB		s How		mechanism &	ve	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	
12.18				regulation of		nd /		discussion		Voce	
				gastric juice		interpret					
				secretion							
HomU	-	Know	-	Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		s How		process of	ve	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	
12.19				digestion in		nd /		discussion		Voce	
				stomach		interpret					
HomU		Know	-	Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB		s How		movements	ve	Understa	to know	Small group		Viva	
12.20				of stomach		nd /		discussion		Voce	
						interpret					
HomU	-	Know	-	Mention the	Cogniti	Level	Nice to	CBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
G-PB		S		three phases	ve	1Recall	know	Lecture,		Viva	Materia
12.21				of vomiting				Small group		Voce	Medica
								discussion			Medica
											Repertory
HomU	Integrati	Know	Describe	Recall the	Cogniti	Level	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB	on Of	S	the	macro and	ve	1Recall	know	Small group		Viva	
12.22	Informat		compositio	micro				discussion		Voce	
	ion (K-1)		n ,	structure of							
			mechanism	Pancreas							

HomU G-PB 12.23		Know s How	of secretion, function & regulation of Pancreatic	Discuss the composition & functions of pancreatic juice	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr Ƴ
HomU G-PB 12.24		Know s How	Juice	Discuss the mechanism & regulation of pancreatic juice secretion	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 12.25		Know s How		Describe exocrine pancreatic insufficiency	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Materia Medica Repertory
HomU G-PB 12.26	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describe the structure & function of liver & Gall	Discuss the structure & functions of Liver	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 12.27		Know s How	bladder	Explain the signs of liver insufficiency	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

HomU		Know		Describe the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB		s How		structure &	ve	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	Repertory
12.28				functions of		nd /		discussion		Voce	Repertory
				gall bladder		interpret					
HomU	Integrati	Know	Describe	Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Biochemistr
G-PB	on Of	s How	the	composition	ve	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	у
12.29	Informat		compositio	& function of		nd /		discussion		Voce	
	ion (K-1)		n,	liver bile		interpret					
HomU		Know	mechanism of	Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Biochemistr
G-PB		s How	-	composition	ve	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	у
12.30			secretion, function &	& function of		nd /		discussion		Voce	
			regulation	gall bladder		interpret					
			of Bile	bile							
HomU		Know		Describe the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		s How		control &	ve	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	
12.31				mechanism		nd /		discussion		Voce	
				of bile		interpret					
				secretion							
HomU		Know		Describe the	Cogniti	Level 2	Desirablet	CBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
G-PB		s How		clinical	ve	Understa	oknow	Lecture,		Viva	Materia
12.32				significance		nd /		Small group		Voce	Medica
				of liver		interpret		discussion			INICUICA
				functions.							

HomU		Know		Describe the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Desirable	CBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
G-PB		s How		clinical	е	Understa	know	Lecture,		Viva	Surgery
12.33				significance		nd /		Small group		Voce	Jorgery
				of Gall		interpret		discussion			
				Bladder							
				functions							
HomU	Integrati	Know	Describe	Recognise	Cognitiv	Level	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB	on Of	s	the	the macro	e	ıRecall	to know	Small group		Viva	Repertory
12.34	Informat		compositio	and micro				discussion		Voce	Repertory
	ion (K-1)		n,	structure							
			mechanism	ofSmall							
			of	intestine							
HomU		Know	secretion,	Discuss the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	Biochemistr
G-PB		s How	function & regulation	composition	e	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	у
12.35			of Small	& functions		nd /		discussion		Voce	
			intestine	of Succus		interpret					
			incestine	Entericus							
HomU		Know		Discuss the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		s How		mechanism &	e	Understa	know	, Small group		, Viva	
12.36				regulation of		nd /		discussion		Voce	
				secretions of		interpret					
				Succus							
				Entericus							

HomU		Know		Describe the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		s How		process of	е	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	
12.37				digestion in		nd /		discussion		Voce	
				small		interpret					
				intestine							
HomU		Know		Describe the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Nice to	CBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
G-PB		s How		Malabsorptio	е	Understa	Know	Lecture,		Viva	Materia
12.37				n Syndrome		nd /		Small group		Voce	Medica
						interpret		discussion			IVIEUICa
HomU	Integrati	Know	Describe	Explainperist	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Materia
G-PB	on Of	s How	the	alsis as	е	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	Medica
12.39	Informat		movement	intestinal		nd /		discussion		Voce	
	ion (K-1)		of	movement		interpret					
HomU		Know	gastrointes	Describe	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		s How	tinal tract, it's	segmentatio	e	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	
12.40				n as intestinal		nd /		discussion		Voce	
			regulation & function.	movement		interpret					
HomU		Know		Discuss the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Desirable	CBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
G-PB		s How		clinical	e	Understa	to Know	Lecture,		Viva	
12.41				importance		nd /		Small group		Voce	
				of small		interpret		discussion			
				intestine		-					

HomU	Integrati	Know	Describe	Discuss the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
G-PB	on Of	s How	the	movements	e	Understa	Know	Small group		Viva	
12.42	Informat		movement	of large		nd /		discussion		Voce	
	ion (K-1)		of large intestine &	intestine		interpret					
HomU G-PB 12.43		Know s How	defecation as a process.	Describe the process of absorption &secretion in	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Materia Medica
				large intestine							
HomU		Know		Discuss the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Repertory
G-PB		s How		process of	e	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	
12.44				defecation		nd /		discussion		Voce	
						interpret					
HomU		Know		Discuss the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Desirable	CBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
G-PB		s How		clinical	e	Understa	to know	Lecture,		Viva	
12.45				significance		nd /		Small group		Voce	
				of large intestine		interpret		discussion			
HomU	Integrati	Know	Describe	Discuss the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB	on Of	s How	the	digestion &	е	Understa	Know	Small group		Viva	
12.46	Informat		physiology	absorption of		nd /		discussion		Voce	
	ion (K-1)		of digestion	carbohydrate		interpret					
			and	S							

HomU		Know	absorption	Discuss the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		s How	of nutrients	digestion &	e	Understa	Know	Small group		Viva	
12.47				absorption of		nd /		discussion		Voce	
				Fats		interpret					
HomU	-	Know		Discuss the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		s How		digestion &	е	Understa	know	Small group	SAQs	Viva	
12.48				absorption of		nd /		discussion	SAUS	Voce	
				Proteins		interpret					
HomU	-	Know		Discuss	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	
G-PB		s How		absorption of	е	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	
12.49				water,		nd /		discussion		Voce	
				electrolytes		interpret					
HomU	-	Know		Describe the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	
G-PB		s How		absorption of	е	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	
12.50				vitamins &		nd /		discussion		Voce	
				minerals		interpret					
HomU	Informat	Show	Observe the	Observe the	Psycho	Level 1	Nice to	Demonstrat	Obser	Checkli	Medicine
G-PB	ion	s How	process of	liver function	Motor	(Observe	know	ion	vation	st	
12.51	Gatherin		conducting	test		/ Imitate)					
	g		liver								
	,Integrati		function								
	on Of		test								
	informat										
	ion,										
	Problem										

	Integrati on (K-2)									
HomU G-PB 12.52	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati on Of	Sho s Ho	Perform the inspection of gastrointesti nal system in the clinical examination	Psycho Motor	Level 2(Contro I)	Desirable to know	Demonstrat ion	Obser vation	Checkli st	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 12.53	- informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Kno s Ho	Interpret the findings of inspection of gastrointesti nal system in clinical examination	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 12.54		Sho s Ho	Perform the palpation of gastrointesti nal system in the clinical examination	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Desirable to know	Demonstrat ion	Obser vation	Checkli st	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 12.55		Knc s Ho	Interpret the findings of palpation of gastrointesti nal system in	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret		Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine

		clinical examination							
HomU	Show	Perform the	Psycho	Level 2	Desirable	Demonstrat	Obser	Checkli	Anatomy
G-PB	s How	percussion of	Motor	(Control)	to know	ion	vation	st	Medicine
12.56		gastrointesti							MEDICINE
		nal system in							
		the clinical							
		examination							
HomU	Know	Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB	s Ho	findings of		Understa	know	Small group		Viva	Medicine
12.57		percussion of		nd /		discussion		Voce	MEDICINE
		gastrointesti		interpret					
		nal system in							
		clinical							
		examination							
HomU	Show	Perform the	Psycho	Level 2	Desirable	Demonstrat	Obser	Checkli	Anatomy
G-PB	s How	auscultation	Motor	(Control)	to know	ion	vation	st	Medicine
12.58		of							weatche
		gastrointesti							
		nal system in							
		the clinical							
		examination							
HomU	Know	Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
G-PB	s How	-	-	Understa	know	Small group		Viva	,
12.59		auscultation				discussion		Voce	Medicine

of	nd /	
gastrointesti	interpret	
nal system in		
clinical		
examination		

Topic No	13
Theory	Renal Physiology
Practical	Kidney Function Test
Clinical	
Clinical Physiology	

Learning Objectives: -

At the end of the chapterRenal Physiology, the student must be able to -

- Describe structure & functions of the kidneys.
- Explain the role of renin-angiotensin system.
- Describe the mechanism of urine formation.
- Describe the process of filtration, secretion & reabsorption in kidney.
- Describe the concentration and diluting mechanism in the kidney.
- Describe the renal regulation of acid-base balance.
- Describe the physiology of micturition.
- Describe the Renal Function Tests.

S.No	Generic compete ncy	Subject area	Miller 's Level	Specific Competenc Y	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Sum mativ e Asses smen t	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
HomU G-PB 13.1	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Renal Physiolo gy	Know s	Describe structure & functions of the kidneys.	Recognise the structure of kidney & nephron	Cognitive	Level 1Recall	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Materia Medica
HomU G-PB 13.2			Know s How		Discuss the functions of kidney	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 13.3			Know s How		Discuss the organization and function of glomerulus	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine
HomU G-PB 13.4			Know s		Classify the type of nephrons	Cognitive	Level 1Recall	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy

HomU G-PB 13.5		Kn s H	ow low	Describe the structure and functions of juxtaglomeru lar apparatus	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 13.6	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Kn s H			Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 13.7	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Kni s H		Explain the process of glomerular filtration	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 13.8		Kno s H		Describe the regulation of Glomerular Filtration Rate	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 13.9		Kno s H		Discuss the mechanism of GFR.	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	

				Explain th factors affecting GFR	e			discussio n			
HomU G-PB 13.10	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describe the process of filtration, secretion & reabsorptio n in kidney		of	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 13.11		Know s How		Describe th renal transport mechanisms throughout the tubula segments		E Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 13.12		Know s How		Describe the transport of individual substances in different segments of renal tubule	n	Evel 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	

HomU G-PB 13.13	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s How	Describe the concentrati on and diluting mechanism	Discuss the general consideratio n of urine concentratio n mechanism	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
HomU G-PB 13.14		Know s How	in the kidney	Describe the counter current multipliers	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 13.15		Know s How		Discuss the counter current exchangers	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 13.16	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati on Of	Know s How	Describe the renal regulation of acid – base	Discuss the renal regulation of acid-base balance	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 13.17	on Of informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Know s How	balance	Describe the buffer system in the kidney	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y

HomU G-PB 13.18	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Know s	Describe the physiology of micturition	Define micturition	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 13.19		Know s How		Discuss the nerve supply of urinary bladder	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 13.20		Know s How		Describe the micturition reflex	Cognitive	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
HomU G-PB 13.21	Informat ion Gatherin g ,Integrati on Of informat	Show s How	Describe the Kidney function teste	Perform the physical, chemical, and microscopica l examination of urine	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	Demonst ration	Observ ation	OSCE	Biochemistr y
HomU G-PB 13.22	- ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Know s How		Recognise the normal values of physical, chemical,	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret)	Must know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	LAQ, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y

		and microscopica l examination of urine			discussio n			
HomU G-PB 13.23	Show s How	Perform examination for the abnormal constituents of urine	Psycho Level 3 Motor (Control)	Must know	Demonst ration	Observ ation	Check list	Biochemistr y Medicine
HomU G-PB 13.24	Know s How	Interpret the results of examination for the abnormal constituents of urine	CognitiveLevel 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQ, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y Medicine
HomU G-PB 13.25	Know s How	Interpret the renal clearance test for glomerular function	CognitiveLevel 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussio n	SAQs	LAQ, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y Medicine
HomU G-PB 13.26	Know s How	Interpret the renal clearance test for	CognitiveLevel 2 Understan	Must know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	LAQ, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y Medicine

		Tubular function.	d / interpret	discussio n	
Topic No	14				
Theory	Biochemistry				
Practical	Biochemistry Pract	ical of carbohydrate, lipid,	protein, Urine normal &	abnormal constituents	
Clinical Physiology					

Learning Objectives: -

At the end of the chapter Biochemistry, the student must be able to -

- Describe the lipid, carbohydrate, and proteinmetabolisms.
- Describe the enzymes and their activities.
- Describe the role of Vitamins.
- Perform the quantitative estimation of Glucose, Total Proteins, Uric Acid in Blood.
- Perform the Lipid Profile.

S.No	Generic	Subject	Miller	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Form	Sum	Integration
	compete	area	′s	Compotone	Learning	domain	level	know /	method /	ative	mativ	-
	ncy		Level	Competenc	Objectives /			desirable	media	Asses	e	Horizontal
				У	outcomes			to know /		smen	Asses	/ Vertical /
								nice to		t	smen	Spiral
								know			t	

HomU G-PB	Integrati on Of	Biochemi stry	Knows How	Describe the lipid	Explain the biosynthetic	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa	Nice to know	Lecture, Small	SAQs	SAQs, Viva
14.1	Informat ion (K-1)	,		Metabolism	and catabolic pathways		nd / interpret		group discussion		Voce
HomU G-PB 14.2			Knows How		Explain the importance of lipids in the body.	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce
HomU G-PB 14.3			Knows How		Explain the different properties of lipids.	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce
HomU G-PB 14.4	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)		Knows How	Describe the Carbohydra te metabolism	Discuss different types of carbohydrate s.	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce
HomU G-PB 14.5	-		Knows		List major functions of carbohydrate s.	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce
HomU G-PB 14.6			Knows How		Discuss the food sources of	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce

				carbohydrate s.		nd / interpret		group discussion			
HomU		Knows		Explain the		Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		How		processes of	ve	Understa	Know	Small		Viva	
14.7				glycolysis		nd / interpret		group discussion		Voce	
HomU		Knows		Explain the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		How		process of	ve	Understa	Know	Small		Viva	
14.8				gluconeogen		nd /		group		Voce	
				esis		interpret		discussion			
HomU		Knows		Describe th	e Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
G-PB		How		process o	f ve	Understa	Know	Small		Viva	
14.9				ATP		nd /		group		Voce	
				production through oxidative		interpret		discussion			
				phosphorylat							
				on							
HomU	Integrati	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
G-PB	on Of	How	Protein	special	ve	Understa	Know	Small		Viva	
14.10	Informat		Metabolism	features of		nd /		group		Voce	
	ion (K-1)			protein		interpret		discussion			
				Metabolism							

HomU		Knows		Discuss the	Cogniti		Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
G-PB		How		functions of	ve	Understa	know	Small		Viva	
14.11				intact amino		nd /		group		Voce	
				acid		interpret		discussion			
HomU		Knows		Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
G-PB		How		oxidation of	ve	Understa	Know	Small		Viva	
14.12				amino acid		nd /		group		Voce	
						interpret		discussion			
HomU		Knows		Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Physiology
G-PB		How		synthesis of	ve	Understan	Know	Small		Viva	
14.13				proteins		d /		group		Voce	
						interpret		discussion			
HomU		Knows		Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
G-PB		How		function of	ve	Understa	to Know	Small		Viva	
14.14				nitrogenous		nd /		group		Voce	
				part		interpret		discussion			
HomU		Knows		Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
G-PB		How		exogenous &	ve	Understa	Know	Small		Viva	
14.15				endogenous		nd /		group		Voce	
				protein		interpret		discussion			
				metabolism							
HomU	Integrati	Knows	Describe	Discuss the	Cogniti	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Physiology
G-PB	on Of	How	the	concept of	ve	Understa	know	Small		Viva	
14.16			enzymes	enzyme,						Voce	

	Informat ion (K-1)		and their activities.	chemical reactions, catalyst and substrates.		nd / interpret		group discussion			
HomU G-PB 14.17		Knows		Mentionthe major functions of enzymes.	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Physiology
HomU G-PB 14.18		Knows How		Discuss the importance of enzymes in the body.	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nd / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Physiology
HomU G-PB 14.19	Integrati on Of Informat ion (K-1)	Knows	Describe the role of Vitamins	Define vitamin	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Rememb er/ recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Physiology Community Medicine
HomU G-PB 14.20		Knows		Classify vitamins	Cogniti ve	Level 1Recall	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 14.21		Knows		Mentioncom mon vitamin deficiencies		Level 1Recall	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Physiology Medicine

											Community Medicine
HomU G-PB 14.22	Informat ion Gatherin g , Integrati on Of	Knows	Demonstrat ion of Uses Of Instruments Or Equipment	List the use of different instruments in biochemistry experiments	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomU G-PB 14.23	informat ion, Problem Integrati on (K-2)	Shows How	e the Qualitative Analysis of	Perform the qualitative analysis of carbohydrate	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must Know	Demonstr ation	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology
HomU G-PB 14.24		Knows How	Carbohydra tes, Proteins And Lipids	Interpret the results of Qualitative analysis of carbohydrate	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Nice to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology
HomU G-PB 14.25		Shows How		Observe the qualitative analysis of Protein	Psycho Motor	Level 1 (Observe / Imitate)	Desirable to Know	Demonstr ation	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology
HomU G-PB 14.26		Knows How		Interpret the results of Qualitative	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Nice to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology

HomU G-PB 14.27		Shc Hov		analysis of Protein Perform the qualitative analysis of Lipid	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Nice to Know	Demonstr ation	Obser vation	Check list Check list	Pathology
HomU G-PB 14.28		Knc Hov		Interpret the results of Qualitative analysis of Lipid	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Nice to Know	Ecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology
HomU G-PB 14.29	Informat ion Gatherin g	Shc Hov	 quantitative estimation of Glucose, 	Perform the Quantitative estimation of glucose	Psycho Motor	Level 3 (Automati sm)	Must Know	Demonstr ation	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology
HomU G-PB 14.30	, Integrat ion Of informat ion, Problem Integrati	Knc Hov	Proteins.	Interpret the results of Qualitative analysis of glucose	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Nice to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology
HomU G-PB 14.31	on (K-2)	Shc Hov	-	Perform the Quantitative estimation of	Psycho Motor	Level 3 (Automati sm)	Must Know	Demonstr ation	Obser vation	Check list	Pathology

			Total proteins							
HomU G-PB	Knows How		Interpret the results of	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understan	Nice t Know	o Lecture, Small	SAQs	SAQs, Viva	Pathology
14.32	-		Qualitative analysis of total protein		d / interpret		group discussion		Voce	
HomU	Shows		Observe the	Psycho	Level 1	Nice	o Demonstr	Obser	Check	Pathology
G-PB	How		Quantitative	Motor	(Observe /	Know	ation	vation	list	
14.33			estimation of Uric Acid		lmitate)					
HomU	Knows		Interpret the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Nice	o Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Pathology
G-PB	How			е	Understan	Know	Small		Viva	
14.34			Quantitative estimation of Uric acid		d / interpret		group discussion		Voce	
HomU	Shows	Perform the	Observe the	Psycho	Level 1	Must	Demonstr	Obser	OSCE	Pathology
G-PB	How	Lipid Profile	laboratory	Motor	(Observe /	Know	ation	vation		
14.35			testing for Lipid profile		lmitate)					
HomU	Knows		Interpret the	Cognitiv	Level 2	Nice 1	o Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Pathology
G-PB	How		results of	е	Understan	Know	Small		Viva	
14.36			Lipid profile testing done		d / interpret		group discussion		Voce	

	in a			
	laboratory			

8. PRACTICAL TOPICS

PRACTICAL & CLINICAL PHYSIOLOGY:-

No	Practical	Demonstration /
		<u>Performance</u>
HAE	MATOLOGY	
1	Study of the Compound Microscope	Performance
2.	Collection of Blood Samples	Performance
3	Estimation of Haemoglobin Concentration	Performance
4	Determination of Haematocrit	Demonstration
5	Hemocytometry	Performance
6	Total RBC Count	Performance
7	Determination of RBC Indices	Demonstration

8	Total Leucocytes Count (TLC)	Performance
9	Preparation And Examination Of Blood Smear	Performance
10	Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC)	Performance
11	Absolute Eosinophil Count	Demonstration
12	Determination of Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate	Demonstration
13	Determination of Blood Groups	Performance
14	Determination of Bleeding Time and Coagulation Time	Performance
BIO	CHEMISTRY	
1	Demonstration of Uses Of Instruments Or Equipment	Demonstration
2	Qualitative Analysis of Carbohydrates, Proteins And Lipids	Performance
3	Normal Characteristics of Urine	Performance
4	Abnormal Constituents of Urine	Performance
5	Quantitative Estimation of Glucose, Total Proteins, Uric Acid in Blood	Performance
6	Liver Function Tests	Demonstration
7	Kidney Function Tests	Demonstration
8	Lipid Profile	Demonstration
9	Interpretation and Discussion of Results of Biochemical Tests	Demonstration

CLII	NICAL PHYSIOLOGY & OPD	
1	Case Taking & Approach to pt	Performance
2	General Concept Of Examination	Performance
3	Examination of muscles, joints,	Performance
4	Cardio-Vascular System – Blood Pressure Recording, Radial Pulse, ECG, Clinical Examination	Performance
5	Respiratory System- Clinical Examination, Spirometry, Stethography	Performance
6	Nervous System- Clinical Examination	Performance
7	Special Senses- Clinical Examination	Performance
8	Reproductive System- Diagnosis of Pregnancy	Performance
9	Gastrointestinal System- Clinical Examination	Performance
10	OPD (Applied Physiology)	Demonstration & Performance

9. ASSESSMENT

PHYSIOLOGY THEME TABLE

PAPER – 1

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
A	General Physiology	1	07	Yes	Yes	No
В	Biophysics Science	I	07	Yes	Yes	No
С	Body fluids& Immune Mechanism	1	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Cardiovascular system	11	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
E	Respiratory system	11	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
F	Excretory system	111	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
G	Skin & The Integumentary System	I	11	Yes	Yes	No
Н	Nerve Muscle physiology system	I	11	Yes	Yes	No

PAPER – 2

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
A	Endocrine system	II	21	Yes	Yes	Yes
В	Central Nervous System	11	21	Yes	Yes	Yes

С	Digestive system and Nutrition		21	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Reproductive system		17	Yes	Yes	Yes
E	Sense organs		12	Yes	Yes	Yes
F	Biochemistry		08	Yes	Yes	No

QUESTION PAPER BLUE PRINT

UNIVERSITY EXAM PAPER-I – 100 MARKS

MCQs – 10 Marks. SAQs – 50 Marks. FAQs – 40 Marks

Question	Type of Question	Question Paper Format
Serial Number		(Refer Theme table for themes)

Q1	Multiple choice Questions (MCQ) 10 Questions 1 mark each All questions compulsory	 Theme A Theme A Theme B Theme B Theme C Theme D Theme E Theme F Theme G Theme H
Q2	Short answer Questions(SAQ) All questions compulsory 5 Marks Each	1. Theme A2. Theme B3. Theme C4. Theme D5. Theme E6. Theme F7. Theme G8. Theme G9. Theme H10. Theme H
Q3	Long answer Questions (LAQ) All questions compulsory 10 marks each	1. Theme C 2. Theme D 3. Theme E 4. Theme F

UNIVERSITY EXAM PAPER-II – 100 MARKS

MCQs – 10 Marks. SAQs –

SAQs — 50 Marks.

FAQs — 40 Marks

Question Serial Number	Type of Question	Question Paper Format (Refer Theme table for themes)
Qı	Multiple choice Questions (MCQ) 10 Questions 1 mark each All questions compulsory	 Theme A Theme B Theme C Theme D Theme D Theme E Theme E Theme F Theme F Theme F Theme F
Q2	Short answer Questions (SAQ) All questions compulsory 5 Marks Each	 Theme A Theme A Theme B Theme B Theme C Theme C Theme D

		8) Theme D 9) Theme E 10) Theme F
Q ₃	Long answer Questions (LAQ) All questions compulsory 10 marks each	 1) Theme A 2) Theme B 3) Theme C 4) Theme E

Distribution of Marks for Practical Exam:

	Practical Exam: 100 Marks			
Hematology	20 marks			
Bio-chemistry	20 marks			
Clinical Physiology	20 marks			
Spotters	30 marks			
Journal	10 marks			
Viva: 80 Marks				

Viva Voce	80 marks		
Internal Assessment: 20			
IA	20		

The Pass Marks in Each Component of the Examination shall be 50%.

10. LIST OF RECOMMENDED BOOKS

THEORY

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. John N A (2023) Chatterjee C C. Text Book of Physiology 14th Edition. CBS Publication. (CBDC based)
- 2. Tortora G (2020). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. Wiley Publication.
- 3. Jain A (2021). Text Book of Physiology Vol 1 & 2. Avichal Publishing Company.
- 4. Glynn M (2022). Hutchion's Clinical Method, Elsevier Publication.
- 5. Reddy L P (2023) Fundamentals of Medical Physiology. CBS Publishers and Distributors(CBDC based)

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Hall J. (2020). Guyton & Hall Text book of Medical Physiology. Elsevier Publication.
- 2. Khurana I (2021). Essential Medical Physiology. Elsevier Publication.

PRACTICAL & CLINICAL PHYSIOLOGY:-

- 1. Varshney VP, Bedi M, (2019) Practical Physiology: A Student's Workbook. 1st Edition. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publisher
- 2. Varshney VP, Bedi M, (2023) Ghai's Textbook of Practical Physiology: 10th Edition. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publisher (CBDC based)
- 3. John N Aet al (2021) C C Chatterjee's Manual of Practical Physiology: CBS Pubklishers and Distributors (CBDC based)

- 4. Jain A. (2019) Manual of Practical Physiology. 6th ed. Arya Publications.
- 5. Glynn M., William D. (2017). Hutchison's Clinical methods. 24th edition Elsevier Publication

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Dr Ajay Chaudhary,

Course-Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Course code: Hom-UG-HP

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1. PREAMBLE

Pharmacy holds a unique place in Homoeopathic practice and education. It involves knowledge of sources of drugs and the process through which these are processed to obtain dynamic, potent homoeopathic drugs for use at the bedside. It encompasses knowledge of drug action, drug proving, methods of Quality testing, standardization & storage with up to date information of changing drug laws related to Homoeopathic Pharmaceutical Industry & Homoeopathy.

We all know the travails which Master went through while establishing the right to manufacture and dispense what he had so painfully discovered. The challenges have not lessened in the modern era when 'scientific' evidence has been gathered for dubbing Homoeopathic medicines as nothing more than a placebo. It is important that the entrant to our science is introduced to the scientific nature of the process employed to prepare our medicines and he develops confidence in the soundness of the practices as well as its efficacy. The student should also appreciate the more than 250 year advance that Hahnemann was able to establish of Homoeopathic science. We now know that Homoeopathy is the 'greenest' of all medical systems in existence and that is sustainable, eco-friendly and the most economic while being effective over a wide range of conditions.

The way that this can be conveyed is by adopting an integrated approach to Pharmacy education and training. Effective linkages with the subjects of Homoeopathic Philosophy and Materia Medica will be able to convey the strong roots that the practice of Pharmacy has not only in the philosophical approach but also the experimental results as seen through the proving from which the world of Materia Medica has evolved.

Simultaneously, the recent advances in the bio-physical and quantum physics has opened new avenues to address the age-old question of how homoeopathic medicines act. A host of researchers are already doing work which the student needs to be made conversant with. That will produce an insight of the way new researches and developments in related fields of the 21st century are able to start explaining Hahnemann's insights of the 18th! This will also firmly root the student in the first year itself to being a participant in ongoing research related to the discipline

which will be his own. Hence the teacher of Pharmacy has a crucial role to play in being abreast of the developments in the field and lend to the student the excitement that becomes a part of teaching-learning.

2. PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

At the end of BHMS program, a student must

- 1. Develop the competencies essential for primary health care in clinical diagnosis and treatment of diseases through the judicious application of homoeopathic principles
- 2. Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy and to apply the Homoeopathic Principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community.
- 3. Discern the relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referral and life saving measures, so as to address clinical emergences
- 4. Develop capacity for critical thinking and research aptitude as required for evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 5. Demonstrate aptitude for lifelong learning and develop competencies as and when conditions of practice demand.
- 6. Be competent enough to practice homoeopathy as per the medical ethics and professionalism.
- 7. Develop the necessary communication skills to work as a team member in various healthcare setting and contribute towards the larger goals of national policies such as school health, community health, environmental conservation.

8. Identify and respect the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors that affect health and disease and plan homoeopathic intervention to achieve the sustainable development Goal.

3. COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course of Homoeopathic Pharmacy, I BHMS Student will be able to

- 1. Explain the principles that govern homoeopathic pharmacy.
- 2. Discuss the pharmacognosical basis of homoeopathic drugs with respect to their identification, nomenclature, source, part used, method of collection and preparation.
- 3. Prepare homoeopathic medicines from their respective sources according to the different scales & methods of potentisation on a small scale in the laboratory.
- 4. Describe the pharmacology of homoeopathic drugs with respect to the types of drug action, sphere of action and pharmacological action of homoeopathic drugs integrated with Homoeopathic Materia Medica, Anatomy and physiology.
- 5. Relate the methodology of Homoeopathic Drug Proving integrated with Organon of Medicine.
- 6. Apply the principles of Homoeopathic Posology in different health care setting like OPD/IPD integrated with Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 7. State the methods of standardization and quality control of homoeopathic medicines to ensure the genuineness of homoeopathic medicines.
- 8. Explain the principles of pharmaconomy, dispensing and preservation of homoeopathic medicines.
- 9. Engage the principles of pharmaco-vigilance, and adverse drug reaction in relation to homoeopathic medicines.
- 10. Write an ideal prescription.
- 11. Evaluate the scope for research in homoeopathic pharmacy in the context of the recent advancements in pharmaceutical sciences

3. TEACHING HOURS

Sr No.	Subject	Theoretical Lecture	Practical + Posting at IPD/OPD/Hospital Dispensing Section
01	Homeopathic Pharmacy	100 hrs.	110 hrs.

Teaching Hours (Theory)

A List of Topics		B.Term	C.Teaching Hours
a) General Concepts and Ori	entation:		
History of Pharmacy with emphasis on emergence of Homoeopathic Pharmacy.	Definition of Pharmacy & Homoeopathic Pharmacy Concept of Drug substance, Drug, Medicine & Remedy Forming Basic concept of other AYUSH Schools of Pharmacy (Ayurveda, Siddha, Sowa Rigpa& Unani Pharmacy)	1	03
Homoeopathic Pharmacy Basics	Sources of Homoeopathic Pharmacy Branches of Pharmacy Scope of Homoeopathic Pharmacy	1	04

	Specialty and originality of Homoeopathic Pharmacy The Principles of Homoeopathy Law of Similia, Simplex & Minimum Theory of Chronic Disease & Vital Force Doctrine of Drug Proving & Drug Dynamisation		
Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia	The Evolution, History & Development of Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeias throughout the world (year wise Publications) – GHP, BHP, HPUS, FHP Official –(HPI) & Unofficial Pharmacopoeias –	1	04
	 (M Bhattacharya & Co's Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia Encyclopaedia of Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia – P N Verma, Homoeopathic Pharmaceutical Codex) 		
	Monograph, Contents of Monograph with its individual importance		
Ideal laboratory	Pre requisites of ideal Laboratory (General Laboratory), Laboratory safety Rules Role of Laboratory in Homoeopathic Pharmacy Education	1	02

Weights and	Metrology	I	01
measurements.	Basics & Units of Apothecary System, British Imperial System, Metric System		
	Interrelationship between various systems of Weight & Measure		
	Concept on Domestic Measures with Metric Equivalents		
Nomenclature	The Basic Rules of Nomenclature	I	02
	Nomenclature of Homoeopathic Drugs		
	Important terminologies like scientific names, common names, synonyms		
	Anomalies in Nomenclature		
Pioneers of Homoeopathic Pharmacy	Role & contributions of Pioneers in development of Homoeopathic Pharmacy	I	02
b) Raw Material: Drugs and	Vehicles		
Source of drugs in Homoeopathy	kingdom, Mineral kingdom, Nosodes, Sarcodes, Imponderabilia, Synthetic source,	Ι	07
	New Sources - Allersode, Isodes with reference to their clinical utility		
	Introduction to Bowel Nosodes, Tissue remedies		

Collection of drug	General and Specific guidelines for collecting	1	03
substances	drugs from all available sources		5
Vehicles.	Definition, classification, General Use	I	06
	Source, Properties & Particular use of Vehicles with respect to List Provided in Appendix D		
	Preparation – Commercial Lactose, Alcohol		
	Purity tests – Water, Alcohol, Sugar of Milk		
c) Homoeopathic Pharmac	eutics:		
Mother tincture and its	Extraction – Principles & Various Methods		07
preparation	Old Method (Based on Class I to IX)		
	Concept of Uniform Drug Strength		
	Estimation of Moisture Content - Necessity		
	New Method/Modern Approach of Homoeopathic Drug Preparation		
Various Scales of Potentization in Homoeopathic pharmacy.	History of development, Introducer, Designation, Preparation, Administration & Application with respect to - Centesimal Scale, Decimal Scale & 50 Millesimal Scale	II	03
Drugs Dynamisation	The Evolution of Dynamisation Concept in Homoeopathy	II	06
	Potentisation& its types		

	The Merits of Potentisation Succussion & Trituration Various types of Potency– Fluxion Potency, Jumping Potency, Back Potency, Single Vial Potency, Multiple Vial Potency, Mixed Vial Potency Post-Hahnemannian Potentization Techniques		
External applications	 Scope of administration of External Applications in Homoeopathic Practice Dr Hahnemann's View as per Organon (5th& 6th Ed) Preparation & Uses of lotion, glycerol, liniment and ointment. Commercial Preparation of Ointment 	11	05
Posology	 Basic principles of Homoeopathic Posology Related aphorisms of Organon of medicine. Criteria for Selection of Potency & Repetition of Dose Various Kinds of Dose, Emphasis on Minimum Dose 	111	06

Prescription	Prescription Writing	111	02
	Important Abbreviations		
	Parts & Contents of Prescription		
	Merits & Demerits of Prescription Writing		
Dispensing of Homoeopathic Medicines	Various Dosage Forms – Solid, Liquid Dosage Forms,	II	02
	Methods of Dispensing		
Placebo.	Concept of Homoeopathic Placebo	Ш	01
	The Philosophy of administration of placebo		
	Concept of Placebo Effect		
Pharmaconomy	Routes of Homoeopathic drug administration.		02
Preservation	Preservation Rules – Raw Materials Drug Substance, Mother Preparations, Finished products & Vehicles	11	02
d) Pharmacodynamics			
 Doctrine of Signature. 	Basic Concept, Its Evolution & Application in Ancient Medical System	II	01
	Supporters of the Doctrine		
	Dr Hahnemann's view on the Doctrine		
 Drug Proving. 	Homoeopathic Pharmacodynamics	111	06

	With reference to aphorisms $105 - 145$ of		
	Organon of Medicine – 6 th Ed)		
	Post Hahnemannian Drug Proving		
	Homoeopathic Pathogenetic Trial (HPT)		
	CCRH & Other Protocols on HPT		
	Other Noted Provers & their work on Drug Proving		
 Adverse Drug 	Basic Idea, Reporting of ADE		02
Reactions	Drug safety with Ref to HPI		
	Medication errors, Causality Assessment		
	Incompatible Remedies		
Pharmaco-	Pharmacovigilance in Homoeopathy	Ш	02
vigilance.	Activities of Pharmacovigilance Centres		
	Awareness on Medicinal Preparations against		
	Homoeopathic Principles – Patents, Combinations		
 Pharmacological study of drugs 	listed in Appendix-A (Any 15)	111	05
e) Quality Control:			

 Standardisation in Homoeopathy 	Different Methods of Standardisation Quality Control of Raw Materials – Various Evaluation techniques In Process Quality Control Quality Control of finished products – Various standard parameters	II	02
 Industrial pharmacy. 	Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) Schedule M1	II	02
 Homoeopathic pharmacopoeia laboratory (HPL) 	Functions and Activities of HPL relating to quality control of drugs. Pharmacopoeia Commission for Indian Medicines	II	01
f) Legislations pertaining to	Homoeopathic Pharmacy:	Ш	04
The Drugs and Cosmetics Ac	t, 1940 (23 to 1940)		
Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, :	1945		
Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955 (16 of 1955)			
Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisements) Act, 1954 (21 of 1954)			
The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (61 of 1985)			
Dangerous Drug Act, 1930			

g) Recent Advances in Homoeopathic Pharmacy	111	02
Modern theories related with Homoeopathic Drug action		
 Principles of Drug action Introduction to Nanomedicine Molecular Mechanism of Drug Action Mechanism of Action of Homoeopathic Medicines 		
Scope of Research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy	111	01
 Drug Discovery 		
 Principles of New Drug discovery 		
 Clinical evaluation of New Drugs 		
 Pre-Clinical Research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy 		
h) Homoeopathic Pharmacy - Relationships	111	02
Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Anatomy		
Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Physiology		
Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Materia Medica		
With reference to Source of Drugs, Identification, Common Name of Drugs, Role of Drug Proving & Other Types of Proving in construction of Materia Medica, Clinical Verification		
Family wise study of Sphere of action – Solanaceae, Loganiaceae, Compositae, Liliaceae, Anacardiaceae, Rubiaceaeetc		

Teaching Hours (Practical)

Hon	Homoeopathic Pharmacy Practicals		Peyton's 4 step assessment criteria	
	Particulars of Experiments			
1	Estimation of size of globules	2	Execution	
2	Medication of globules (Small Scale)	2	Execution	
3	Purity test of Sugar of milk	2	Comprehension & Execution	
4	Purity test of water	2	Comprehension & Execution	
5	Purity test of Ethyl alcohol	2	Comprehension & Execution	
6	Determination of Specific gravity of a given liquid Vehicle & identifying the same.	2	Execution	
7	Preparation of dispensing alcohol from strong alcohol.	1	Comprehension & Execution	
8	Preparation of dilute alcohol from strong alcohol.	1	Comprehension & Execution	
9	Trituration of drug in Old Method (One each of Class VII, VIII & IX)	3	Execution	
10	Trituration of one drug as per HPI	1	Execution	
11	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to 3X potency.	2	Execution	
12	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to 3X potency	2	Execution	

13	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to $_{3}C$	2	Execution
14	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to $_{3}C$	2	Execution
15	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Decimal scale 6X to 8X potency.	1	Execution
16	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Centesimal scale 3C to 4C potency.	1	Execution
17	Preparation of o/2 potency (Solid form) (LM scale) of 1 Drug from 3 rd Degree Trituration.	2	Execution
18	Preparation of external applications – Lotion	1	Execution
19	Preparation of external applications – Glycerol	1	Execution
20	Preparation of external applications – Liniment	1	Execution
21	Preparation of external applications – Ointment	1	Execution
22	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Water with preparation of Doses	1	Execution
23	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Sugar of Milk with Preparation of Doses	1	Execution
24	Preparation of mother tinctures according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class I, II, III, IV)	8	Execution
25	Preparation of mother solutions according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class Va, Vb, Vla, Vlb)	4	Execution

5. COURSE CONTENT

A. THEORY

Table 4: Homoeopathic Phar	macy Theory						
a) General Concepts and Orie	a) General Concepts and Orientation:						
History of Pharmacy with emphasis on emergence of Homoeopathic Pharmacy.	Definition of Pharmacy & Homoeopathic Pharmacy Concept of Drug substance, Drug, Medicine & Remedy						
nonocopatine i narinacy.	Forming Basic concept of other AYUSH Schools of Pharmacy (Ayurveda, Siddha, Sowa Rigpa& Unani Pharmacy)						
Homoeopathic Pharmacy	Sources of Homoeopathic Pharmacy						
Basics	Branches of Pharmacy						
	Scope of Homoeopathic Pharmacy						
	Specialty and originality of						
	Homoeopathic Pharmacy						
	The Principles of Homoeopathy						
	Law of Similia, Simplex & Minimum						
	Theory of Chronic Disease & Vital Force						
	Doctrine of Drug Proving & Drug Dynamisation						

Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia	The Evolution, History & Development of Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeias throughout the world (year wise Publications) – GHP, BHP, HPUS, FHP						
	Official –(HPI) &Unofficial Pharmacopoeias –						
	(M Bhattacharya & Co's Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia						
	Encyclopaedia of Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia – P N Verma, Homoeopathic Pharmaceutical Codex)						
	Monograph, Contents of Monograph with its individual importance						
Ideal laboratory	Pre requisites of ideal Laboratory (General Laboratory), Laboratory safety Rules						
	Role of Laboratory in Homoeopathic Pharmacy Education						
Weights and measurements.	Metrology						
	Basics & Units of Apothecary System, British Imperial System, Metric System						
	Interrelationship between various systems of Weight & Measure						
	Concept on Domestic Measures with Metric Equivalents						
Nomenclature	The Basic Rules of Nomenclature						
	Nomenclature of Homoeopathic Drugs						
	Important terminologies like scientific names, common names, synonyms						
	Anomalies in Nomenclature						
Pioneers of Homoeopathic Pharmacy	Role & contributions of Pioneers in development of Homoeopathic Pharmacy						

b) Raw Material: Drugs and	b) Raw Material: Drugs and Vehicles							
Source of drugs in Homoeopathy	Different sources - Plant kingdom, Animal kingdom, Mineral kingdom, Nosodes, Sarcodes, Imponderabilia, Synthetic source, New Sources - Allersode, Isodes with reference to their clinical utility Introduction to Bowel Nosodes, Tissue remedies							
Collection of drug substances	General and Specific guidelines for collecting drugs from all available sources							
Vehicles.	Definition, classification, General Use Source, Properties & Particular use of Vehicles with respect to List Provided in Appendix D Preparation – Commercial Lactose, Alcohol Purity tests – Water, Alcohol, Sugar of Milk							
c) Homoeopathic Pharmac	eutics:							

Mother tincture and its	Extraction – Principles & Various Methods						
preparation	Old Method (Based on Class I to IX)						
	Concept of Uniform Drug Strength						
	Estimation of Moisture Content - Necessity						
	New Method/Modern Approach of Homoeopathic Drug Preparation						
VariousScalesofPotentizationinHomoeopathic pharmacy.	listory of development, Introducer, Designation, Preparation, Administration & Application with espect to - Centesimal Scale, Decimal Scale & 50 Millesimal Scale						
Drugs Dynamisation	The Evolution of Dynamisation Concept in Homoeopathy						
	Potentisation& its types						
	The Merits of Potentisation						
	Succussion & Trituration						
	Various types of Potency– Fluxion Potency, Jumping Potency, Back Potency, Single Vial Potency, Multiple Vial Potency, Mixed Vial Potency						
	Post-Hahnemannian Potentization Techniques						
External applications	Scope of administration of External Applications in Homoeopathic Practice						
	Dr Hahnemann's View as per Organon (5 th & 6 th Ed)						
	Preparation & Uses of lotion, glycerol, liniment and ointment.						
	Commercial Preparation of Ointment						

Posology	Basic principles of Homoeopathic Posology						
	Related aphorisms of Organon of medicine.						
	Criteria for Selection of Potency & Repetition of Dose						
	Various Kinds of Dose, Emphasis on Minimum Dose						
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	Important Abbreviations						
	Parts & Contents of Prescription						
	Merits & Demerits of Prescription Writing						
Dispensing of	Various Dosage Forms – Solid, Liquid Dosage Forms,						
Homoeopathic Medicines	Methods of Dispensing						
Placebo.	Concept of Homoeopathic Placebo						
	The Philosophy of administration of placebo						
	Concept of Placebo Effect						
Pharmaconomy	Routes of Homoeopathic drug administration.						
Preservation	Preservation Rules – Raw Materials Drug Substance, Mother Preparations, Finished products & Vehicles						
d) Pharmacodynamics							

 Doctrine of 	Basic Concept, Its Evolution & Application in Ancient Medical System
Signature.	Supporters of the Doctrine
	Dr Hahnemann's view on the Doctrine
 Drug Proving. 	Homoeopathic Pharmacodynamics
	With reference to aphorisms 105 – 145 of Organon of Medicine – 6 th Ed)
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	Homoeopathic Pathogenetic Trial (HPT)
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 Pharmaco-vigilance. 	Pharmacovigilance in Homoeopathy
	Activities of Pharmacovigilance Centres
	Awareness on Medicinal Preparations against Homoeopathic Principles – Patents, Combinations
 Pharmacological study of drugs 	listed in Appendix-A (Any 15)
e) Quality Control:	1

• Standardisation in	Different Methods of Standardisation						
Homoeopathy	Quality Control of Raw Materials – Various Evaluation techniques						
	Process Quality Control						
	Quality Control of finished products – Various standard parameters						
Industrial pharmacy.	Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP)						
	Schedule M1						
Homoeopathic	Functions and Activities of HPL relating to quality control of drugs.						
pharmacopoeia laboratory (HPL)	Pharmacopoeia Commission for Indian Medicines						
f) Legislations pertaining to I	Homoeopathic Pharmacy:						
The Drugs and Cosmetics Act,	1940 (23 to 1940)						
Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 19	945						
Medicinal and Toilet Preparati	ions (Excise Duties) Act, 1955 (16 of 1955)						
Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisements) Act, 1954 (21 of 1954)							
The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (61 of 1985)							
Dangerous Drug Act, 1930	Dangerous Drug Act, 1930						
g) Recent Advances in Homoeopathic Pharmacy							

Modern theories related with Homoeopathic Drug action

- 1. Principles of Drug action
- 2. Introduction to Nanomedicine
- 3. Molecular Mechanism of Drug Action
- 4. Mechanism of Action of Homoeopathic Medicines

Scope of Research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy

- 1. Drug Discovery
- 2. Principles of New Drug discovery
- 3. Clinical evaluation of New Drugs
- 4. Pre-Clinical Research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy

h) Homoeopathic Pharmacy - Relationships

Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Anatomy

Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Physiology

Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Materia Medica

With reference to Source of Drugs, Identification, Common Name of Drugs, Role of Drug Proving & Other Types of Proving in construction of Materia Medica, Clinical Verification

Family wise study of Sphere of action – Solanaceae, Loganiaceae, Compositae, Liliaceae, Anacardiaceae, Rubiaceaeetc

B. Practical – Lab Work – Field – Clinical Hospital Work

1. Laboratory Work –

Practical Class (Experiments) - Maintaining Record of Experiments Conducted (Principle, Requirements, Calculation if applicable, Process, Label, Conclusion/Inference) Practical Class (Demonstration) – Maintaining Records of Practical Demonstrated

(Principle, Requirements, Calculation if applicable, Process, Label, Conclusion/Inference)

Field Visits-

- A) Maintain File/Report on Visit to GMP Compliant Large Scale Medicine Manufacturing Unit (Format should be as per Appendix E)
- B) Maintain File/Report on Visit to Medicinal Plant Garden (Format should be as per Appendix - F)

Activity -

- (a) Clinical Hospital Work Maintain Record (Activities/Posting in Dispensing Section, Prescriptions based on Homoeopathic Principles in IPD/OPD) Record to be maintained as per format in Appendix G
- (b) Seminar Maintain Record on Seminar Presentation on Topics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy as assigned Record to be maintained as per Appendix H
- (c) Herbarium Maintenance of 30 Plant Drug Substances Samples

B. PRACTICALS

Tab	e 5 : Homoeopathic Pharmacy Practicals
Sr No.	Particulars of Experiments
1	Estimation of size of globules
2	Medication of globules (Small Scale)
3	Purity test of Sugar of milk
4	Purity test of water
5	Purity test of Ethyl alcohol
6	Determination of Specific gravity of a given liquid Vehicle & identifying the same.
7	Preparation of dispensing alcohol from strong alcohol.
8	Preparation of dilute alcohol from strong alcohol.
9	Trituration of drug in Old Method (One each of Class VII, VIII & IX)
10	Trituration of one drug as per HPI
11	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to 3X potency.
12	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to 3X potency
13	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to 3C
14	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to 3C

15	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Decimal scale 6X to 8X potency.
16	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Centesimal scale 3C to 4C potency.
17	Preparation of o/2 potency (Solid form) (LM scale) of 1 Drug from 3 rd Degree Trituration.
18	Preparation of external applications – Lotion
19	Preparation of external applications – Glycerol
20	Preparation of external applications – Liniment
21	Preparation of external applications – Ointment
22	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Water with preparation of Doses
23	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Sugar of Milk with Preparation of Doses
24	Preparation of mother tinctures according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class I, II, III, IV)
25	Preparation of mother solutions according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class Va, Vb, VIa, VIb)

Demonstration

- 1. Homoeopathic pharmaceutical instruments and appliances with their cleaning (List provided in Appendix C)
- 2. Estimation of moisture content using water bath
- 3. Paper chromatography & TLC of any mother tincture
- 4. Laboratory methods Sublimation, distillation, decantation, filtration, crystallization.
- 5. Preparation of mother tincture Maceration and Percolation
- 6. Study & demonstration of Drug Substances (listed in Appendix B)-

i) Macroscopic Characteristic (Any 15)

ii) Microscopic characteristic (Any o5)

7. Study & demonstration of vehicles (Solid, Liquid & Semi solid – as available)

8. Microscopical study of Trituration (One drug up to 3X Potency)

9. Medication of Globule (Large Scale)

Activities

- 1. Collection of 30 drugs for herbarium
- 2. Visit to a Large-scale manufacturing unit of Homoeopathic medicine (GMP compliant).
- 3. Visit to a Medicinal Plant /Botanical Garden & shall keep details Visit report
- 4. Clinical Class: Visit to IPD, OPD to take note on prescriptions as per Homoeopathic Principles &keep record
- 5. Visit to Hospital dispensing section to observe & gain knowledge on Dispensing techniques & Keep Records

Demonstration

- 1. Homoeopathic pharmaceutical instruments and appliances with their cleaning (List provided in Appendix C)-o6 Hours
- 2. Estimation of moisture content using water bath-o2 Hours
- 3. Paper chromatography & TLC of any mother tincture-04 Hours
- 4. Laboratory methods Sublimation, distillation, decantation, filtration, crystallization.-o4 Hours
- 5. Preparation of mother tincture Maceration and Percolation- 04 Hours

- 6. Study & demonstration of Drug Substances (listed in Appendix B)- 10 Hours
 - i)Macroscopic Characteristic (Any 15)
- ii) Microscopic characteristic (Any o5)
- 7. Study & demonstration of vehicles (Solid, Liquid & Semi solid as available)- o2 Hours
- 8. Microscopical study of Trituration (One drug up to 3X Potency)-02 Hours
- 9. Medication of Globule (Large Scale)-1 Hour

Clinical Hospital Work – Maintain Record (Activities/Posting in Dispensing Section, Prescriptions based on Homoeopathic Principles in IPD/OPD) – Record to be maintained as per format in Appendix G- 20 Hours

Seminar – Maintain Record on Seminar Presentation on Topics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy as assigned- 07 Hours

6. TEACHING LEARNING METHODS

The Teaching Learning activities in Homoeopathic Pharmacy requires change in structure & process in order to be more skill based & providing hands on experience. The Teaching Learning methods with respect to Homoeopathic Pharmacy may be covered in the following manner –

a) Class Room Lectures - Oral Presentation, Board Work, Power point Presentation

b) **Tutorials** – Special Classes on Doubt Clearing of Completed topics/Chapters, Special Classes for Slow Learners (involving Students in Groups comprising 5-10)

- c) **Practical Class** Demonstration & Explanation of the Experiments, this would follow by conduction of the Experiment by the students on their own, write up of the Experiment conducted
- d) Clinical Class Visit to IPD/OPD for gaining Knowledge on Prescription writing, Administration of Homoeopathic medicines based on Homoeopathic Posology, Visiting Hospital Pharmacy to observe & Gain Knowledge on dispensing techniques

e) Field Visit – Visit to One GMP Compliant Homoeopathic Manufactory.

Visit to One Medicinal Plant Garden

f) Student Activities - Working out the Assignments, Projects, Power point presentations as assigned

7.CONTENT MAPPING (COMPETENCY TABLE)

Topic: History of Pharmacy

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to -

Interpret the difference in concept of Pharmacy in different AYUSH systems of medicine

Sr.	Generi	Subject	Miller'	Specifi	Specific	Bloom'	Guilb	Must	Teaching -	Assessment /Evaluation		Integration
No	c Comp	Area	s Level Does/	c Comp	Learning Objectives	S	ert's	to	Learning Method	Formative	Type (Sum	

etenci es		Shows how/ Know s how/ Know	etenci es		Domai n	Level s	know/ desira ble to know/ Nice to know			mativ e)	
Ho mU G- HP- Integr 1.1. ation 1 of Knowl edge Synth esis and mU G- ation	History of Pharmac y with emphasis to emergen ce of Homoeo pathic Pharmac y	Know s Know s	Must be able to interpr et the differe nce in concep t of Pharm acy among various system s of AYUS H	Define Pharmacy Define Homoeop	Cogniti ve	Lvel1 Recal I Level	Must Know Must know	 1.Lecture Demonstrations 2. Small Group Discussions/ 3.Peer teaching (Think-Pair-Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 4. Quiz 5. Student Seminars 6. Integrated Teaching with Organon of Medicine 	1.Structur ed Oral Examinati on 2. Tutorials 3. Assignme nts 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question 6.SAQ's and LAQ's	Theory & Viva Voce	Horizontal with Organon of Medicine

HP- 1.1. 2 Ho mU G- HP- 1.1. 3	of knowl edge	Know s	athic Pharmacy Describe the Basic concepts of Different schools of Pharmacy with reference to AYUSH	Recal I Level 2 Unde rstan d	Nice to Know		
Ho m- UG- HP- 1.1. 4		Know s	Differenti ate between Drug- Medicine- Remedy	Level 2 Unde rstan d	Must know		

TOPIC: Basics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Topic: Basics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to – Enumerate the fundamental Principles of Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Sr. No	Generi c Comp	Subjec t Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows	Specifi c Compe	Specifi c Learnin	Bloom' s Domai	Guilbert' s Levels	Must to know/	Teaching - Learning Method	Assessmer /Evaluatio		Integration
	etenci es		how/ Knows how/ Know	tencies	g Objecti ves	n		desirable to know/Nice to know	Method	Formativ e	Summati ve	Horizontall ntegration with Organon of Medicine
Ho mU G- HP- 1.2. 1 Ho mU G- HP-	Integr ation of Knowl edge Synth esis and Applic ation of	Basics of Homo eopath ic Pharm acy	Knows	Must be able to state the fundam ental Principl es governi ng Homoe opathic Pharm acy	1.Enum erate the Source s of Homoe opathic Pharm acy 2.Expla in the Branch es of Homoe	Cogniti ve	Level 1 Recall Level 2 Understa nding	Must Know Must Know	1.Lecture Demonstrat ions 2. Small Group Discussions / Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy)	1.Structu red Oral Examina tion 2. Tutorials 3. Assignm ents 4. MCQ's	SAQ MCQ LAQ Viva Voce	

1.2. 2 Ho mU	knowl edge	Knows	opathic Pharm acy 3.Illustr ate the	Level 2	Must Know	 Quiz Student Seminars Guest 	5. 2 marks question 6.SAQ's and	
G- HP- 1.2. 3			Scope of Homoe opathic Pharm acy	Understa nding		Lecture 6. Problem based learning	LAQ's	
Ho m- UG HP- 1.2. 4		Knows	4.Descr ibe the Origina lity & Special ty of Homoe opathic Pharm acy	Level 2 Understa nding	Must Know			
Ho mU G- HP-		Knows	5.Expla in the Funda mental Principl	Level 2 Understa nding	Must Know			

5	Laws &			
	Laws Q			
	Doctrin			
	es			
	related			
	to			
	Homoe			
	opathic			
	Pharm			
	асу			

TOPIC: Nomenclature of Homoeopathic Medicines

Learning Outcomes (LO):

.

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to – State the basic rules of Nomenclature of Homoeopathic medicines

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Mille	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilber	Must	Teaching -	Assessment /Ev	aluation
Νο	Compet encies	Area	r'sLe vel Does / Sho ws	Competencies	Learning Objectives	Domain	t's Levels	to know/ desira ble	Learning Method	Formative	Summative

			how/ Kno ws how/ Kno w					to know/ Nice to know				
Hom	Integrati	Nomencla	Kno	Must be able to	1.State the	Cognitiv	Level 1	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structured	SAQ	MCQ
UG- HP-	on of Knowle	ture of Homoeop	WS	describe the principles	Basic rules of	е	Recall	Know	Demonstrati ons	Oral Examination	LAQ Voce	Viva
1.3.1	dge Synthesi s and Applicat	athic Medicines		followed in nomenclature of Homoeopathic medicines	ure				2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching	2. Tutorials 3. Assignments 4. MCQ's		
Hom UG-	ion of knowled		Kno ws		2.Describe the		Level 2	Must Know	(Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw	5. 2 marks question		
HP- 1.3.2	ge				nomenclatu re of Homoeopat hic Drugs		Unders tanding		3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars	question		
Hom			Kno		3.Enumerat		Level 1	Must				
UG- HP- 1.3.3			WS		e the important terminologi es related		Recall	Know	5. Guest Lecture			

		to Nomenclat ure 6. Problem based learning
Hom	Кпо	4.Define Level 1 Must
UG-	ws	Scientific Recall Know
HP-		Name
1.3.4		
Hom	Кпо	5.Define Level 1 Must
UG-	WS	Common Recall Know
HP-		Name
1.3.5		
Hom	Кпо	6.Enumerat Cognitiv Level 1 Must
UG-	ws	e the e Recall Know
HP-		advantages
1.3.6		of Scientific
		Name
Hom	Кпо	7.Enumerat Cognitiv Level 1 Must
UG-	WS	
HP-		Advantages Recall
1.3.7		of Common
		Name

Hom	Kno	8.Identify	Cognitiv	Level 3	Nice	1.Lecture
UG- HP- 1.3.8	ws	the existing anomalies in Nomenclat ure of Homoeopat hic Medicines	e	Proble m Solving	to know	Demonstrati on 2.Procedural Skills Teaching 3. Problem Based Learning

TOPIC: Pioneers of Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to.-

State the Contribution of various Pioneers in the field of Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilber	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /Ev	aluation
No	Compet encies	Area	's Level Does/ Show s how/ Know s	Competenc ies	Learning Objectives	Domain	t's Levels	know/ desirable to know/Ni ce to	Learning Method	Formative	Summati ve

			how/ Know					know			
Ho mU G- 1.4. 1	Integrati on of Knowled ge Synthesi s and Applicat ion of knowled ge	Pioneers of Homoeop athic Pharmacy	Know s	Must be able to state the contributio ns of various pioneers in the field of Homoeopa thic Pharmacy	contributions of the Pioneers of Homoeopath y in the field of	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Nice to Know	 1.Lecture Demonstrations 2. Small Group Discussions/ 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 	1.Structured Oral Examination 2. Tutorials 3. Assignments 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question	SAQ MCQ LAQ Viva Voce

TOPIC: Pharmacopoeia

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able abide by the homoeopathic pharmacopoeia guidelines for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/	Specific Competenc	Specific Learning	Bloom' s	Guilbe rt's	Must to know/	Teaching - Learning	Assessmer /Evaluatio	
			Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	ies	Objectives	Domai n	levels	desirab le to know/N ice to know	Method	Formativ e	Sum mativ e
Hom UG- HP- 1.5.1 Hom UG- HP- 1.5.2	Problem solution Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge	Pharmacop oeia	Knows	Must be able abide by the homoeopat hic pharmacop oeia guidelines for preparation of homoeopat	 Define Pharmacop oeia 2. Enumerate the different types of homoeopat hic pharmacop oeia with 	Cogniti ve	Level 1 Recall Level 1 Recall	Must Know Must Know	1.Lecture Demonstrati ons 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy)	1.Structu red Oral Examina tion 2. Tutorials 3. Assignm ents 4. MCQ's	SAQ MCQ LAQ Viva Voce

Hom UG-	Knows	hic medicines.	suitable examples. 3. Explain the	Level 2 Under	Must Know	3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars	5. 2 marks question 6.SAQ's, LAQ's	
HP.1 .5.3			different types of homoeopat hic pharmacop oeia.	standi ng			7.Project s	
Hom UG- HP- 1.5.4	Knows		4. Explain HPI in detail	Level 2 Under standi ng	Must Know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.5.5	Knows		5. Explain what is monogra ph?	Level 2 Under standi ng	Must Know			

Hom	Knows how	6.Apply the	Cogniti	Level 3	Nice to	1. Practical	1. DOPS	SAQ
UG- HP- 1.5.6		guidelines laid down in the official homoeopat hic pharmacop oeia w.r.t. identificatio n, collection, preservatio n, preparation and dispensing of homoeopat hic medicine	ve	Proble m solvin g	know	 Demonstrati Demonstrati Demonstrati Demonstrati on Projects Herbarium Journal 	 2. OSPE 3. Evaluati on of projects 4. Evaluati on of Journal & Herbariu m 	MCQ LAQ Viva Voce Practi cal Exami natio
Hom UG- HP- 1.5.7	Knows how	7.Demonstr ate care, professiona lism & commitme nt & follow all the	Affecti ve	Level 1 Receiv ing	Nice to know	 Practical Demonstrati on Lecture Demonstrati on 	1. DOPS 2. OSPE 3. Evaluati	Viva Voce

	meticulousl / as given in	3. Projects 4. Herbarium 5. Journal	on of projects 4. Evaluati on of Journal & Herbariu m	
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TOPIC: Plant Kingdom

Topic: Plant Kingdom

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify the plant drug substances for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specific Competenci es	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom' s Domai n	Guilber t's Levels	Must to know/ desirab le to know/N ice to know	Teaching - Learning Method	Assessment /Evaluation Formative	Type S um mativ e
Hom UG- HP- 1.6.1	Integration of knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge Classroom to herbarium and lab transfer	Sources of drugs	Knows	Must be able to identify the plant drug substances for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines.	1. Explain in detail the part used and drug prepared from plant kingdom	e	Level 2 Unders tanding	Must know	1.Lecture Demonstr ations 2. Small Group Discussion s/ Peer teaching (Think- Pair- Share,	 Structured Oral Examination Tutorials Tutorials Assignments MCQ's 2 marks question 	SAQ MCQ LAQ Viva Voce

Hom UG- HP- 1.6.2	Knows	2. List any 4 examples of drugs from particular part of the plant.	Level 1 Recall	Must know	Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest	6.SAQ's and LAQ's 7. Herbarium	
Hom UG- HP- 1.6.3	Knows	3. Explain classification of plant kingdom with examples.	Level 2 Unders tanding	Must know	Lecture 6. Problem based learning 7. Flipped Classroom 8. Videos		
Hom UG- HP- 1.6.4	Does	4. Identify Cogniti the plant and ve its parts used for preparation of homoeopath ic medicines	Level 3 Proble m solving	Must know	1.Practical Demonstr ation 2.Procedu ral Skills Teaching	1.DOPS 2. OSPE 3. Herbarium	Practi cal Exami natio n / Check list

							 3. Herbariu m 4. Experienti al learning (Projects) 		
Hom UG- HP- 1.6.5		Shows how	5.Demonstra te care while identifying & collecting the plant drug substances	Affecti ve	Level 1 Receivi ng	Nice to know	1.Lecture Demonstr ation 2. Problem Based Learning	1.Herbarium	Practi cal Exami natio n / Check list

TOPIC: Animal Kingdom

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify the animal drug substances for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncies	Specific Learnin g Objecti ves	Bloom 'sDom ain	Guilber t's Levels	Must to know/ desirable to	Teaching - Learning Method	Assessment /Evaluation Formative	Summa tive
		6	knows how/ Know			Constitution		know/Nice to know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.7.1	Integration of knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge Classroom to herbarium and lab transfer	Sources of drugs	Knows	Must be able to identify the animal drug substanc es for preparati on of homoeo pathic medicine s.	1. Explain the part used and drug prepare d from animal kingdo m	Cognit ive	Level 2 Unders tanding	Must know	1.Lecture Demonstra tions 2. Small Group Discussion s/ Peer teaching (Think- Pair-Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz	 Structure Oral Examinatio n Tutorials . Tutorials . Assignment 4. MCQ's 2 marks question SAQ's and LAQ's 	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

Hom UG- HP- 1.7.2	Knows	2. List any 4 exampl es of drugs from particul ar part of the animal. 3.	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest Lecture 6. Problem based learning 7. Flipped Classroom 8. Videos 	7. Herbarium	
UG- HP- 1.7.3		Explain classific ation of	Unders tanding				

		animal kingdo m					
Hom UG- HP- 1.7.4	Does	4. Cogi Identify ive the animal and its parts used for prepara tion of homoe opathic medici nes	_	Лust Know	1.Practical Demonstra tion 2.Procedur al Skills Teaching 3. Herbarium 4. Experienti al learning (Projects)	1.DOPS 2. OSPE 3. Herbarium	Practica I Examin ation / Checklis t
Hom UG- HP- 1.7.5	Shows how	5.Demo Affe nstrate ve care while identify ing & collecti ng the	cti Level 1 M Receivi ng	Λust Know	1.Lecture Demonstra tion 2. Problem Based Learning	1.Herbariu m	Practica I Examin ation / Checklis t

		animal			
		drug			
		substan			
		ces			

TOPIC: Mineral Kingdom

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify the mineral drug substances for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching	Assessmer	nt
No	Competencies	Area	Level	Compet encies	Learning Objectives	Domain	Levels	know/	- Learning Method	/Evaluation	1
			Does/	cheres	Objectives			desirable	Meenou	Formativ	Summ
			Shows							е	ative
			how/					to			
			Knows					know/Nic			
			how/					e to			
			Know					know			
Hom	Integration of	Sources	Knows	Must be	1. Explain	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structu	LAQ
UG-	knowledge	of drugs		able to	the part	е	Understa	know	Demonstr	red Oral	SAQ
HP-				identify	used and		nding		ations	Examina	MCQ
1.8.1				the	drug		nung			tion	
				mineral	prepared						

	application knowledge Classroom	and of to and		drug substan ces for prepara tion of homoeo pathic medicin es.	from mineral kingdom			2. Small Group Discussio ns/ Peer teaching (Think- Pair- Share, ligsow	2. Tutorials 3. Assignm ents 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks	Viva Voce
Hom UG- HP- 1.8.2			Knows		2. List any 4 examples of drugs from prepared from minerals.	Level 1 Recall	Must know	Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest Lecture	question 6.SAQ's and LAQ's 7. Herbariu m	
Hom UG- HP- 1.8.3			Knows		3. Explain the classificatio n of mineral kingdom	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know	6. Problem based learning 7. Flipped Classroo m 8. Videos		

Hom UG- HP- 1.8.4	Does	4. Identify the mineral used for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines	Cognitiv e	Level 3 Problem solving	Must know	 1.Practica Demonstration 2.Procedu ral Skills Teaching 3. Herbariu m 4. Experienti 	1.DOPS 2. OSPE 3. Herbariu m	Practic al Examin ation / Checkli st
Hom UG- HP- 1.8.5	Shows how	5.Demonstr ate care while identifying &collecting the mineral drug substances	Affectiv e	Level 1 Receiving	Nice to know	al learning (Projects)	1.Herbari um	Practic al Examin ation / Checkli st

TOPIC: Sarcodes & Nosodes

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify the drug substances from nosodes and sarcodes for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Generic	Subj	Miller'	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment	
No	Compet	ect	s	Competen	Learning	S	Levels	know/	Learning	/Evaluation	
	encies	Area	Level Does/ Show s how/ Know s how/ Know	cies	Objectives	Domain		desirabl e to know/Ni ce to know	Method	Formative	Summativ e
Ho	Integrat	Sour	Know	Must be	1. Explain	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structure	LAQ SAQ
mU	ion of	ces	S	able to	the part	ve	Understand	know	Demonstrati	d Oral	MCQ Viva
G-	knowle	of		identify the	used and		ing		ons	Examinatio	Voce
HP-	dge	drug		drug	drug		ing		2. Small	n	
1.9.		S		substances	prepared				Group	2. Tutorials	
1				from	from				Discussions/	2. 10:01:01:0	
	Synthes			nosodes	nosodes				213003310113/		
	is and			and					Peer		
	applicat			sarcodes					teaching		

Ho mU G- HP- 1.9. 2	ion of knowle dge Classro om to herbari um and lab transfer	Know s	for preparatio n of homoeopa thic medicines	2. List any 4 examples of drugs from prepared from nosodes.	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	 (Think-Pair-Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest Lecture 6. Problem based 	6.SAQ's	
Ho mU G- HP 1.9. 3		Know s		 Explain classificatio n of nosodes. 	Level 2 Understand ing	Must Know	learning 7. Flipped Classroom 8. Videos		
Ho mU G- HP 1.9. 4		Know s		4.Explain the part used and drug prepared from sarcodes	Level 2 Understand ing	Must Know			

Ho mU G- HP 1.9. 5		Know s	5. List any 4 examples of drugs from prepared from sarcodes		Level 1 Recall	Must Know			
Ho mU G- HP 1.9. 6		Know s	6. Explain classificatio n of sarcodes		Level 2 Understand ing	Must Know			
Ho mU G- HP 1.9. 7		Does	7. Identify the sarcode/nos ode used for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines	Cogniti ve	Level 3 Problem solving	Must know	1.Practical Demonstrati on 2.Procedural Skills Teaching 3. Experiential	1.DOPS 2. OSPE	Practical Examinati on / Checklist

						learning (Projects)		
Но	Show	8.Demonstr	Affectiv	Level 1	Nice to	1.Lecture	1.Monogra	Practical
mU G- HP 1.9. 8	s how	ate care while identifying & collecting the diseased part/secreti on for preparation of nosodes& healthy part/secreti on for preparation of sarcodes		Receiving	know	Demonstrati on 2. Problem Based Learning	-	Examinati on / Checklist

TOPIC: Imponderabilia

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify the drug substances from energy sources for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level	Specific Compete	Specific Learning	Bloom' s	Guilber t's	Must to know/	Teaching -	Assessmer /Evaluatio	
			Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	ncies	Objectives	Domain	Levels	desirable to know/Nic e to know	Learning Method	Formati ve	Summ ative
Hom UG- HP- 1.10. 1	Integration of knowledge and application of knowledge classroom to herbarium and lab transfer	Sources of drugs	Knows	Must be able to identify the drug substance s from energy sources for preparatio n of homoeop athic	1. Explain the energy used and drug prepared from impondera bilia	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Unders tanding	Must know	1.Lecture Demonst rations 2. Small Group Discussio ns/ Peer teaching (Think- Pair- Share,	1.Struct ured Oral Examina tion 2. Tutorials 3. Assignm ents	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

Hom UG- HP- 1.10. 2 Hom UG- HP- 1.10. 3		Knows	medicines	 2. List any 4 examples of drugs prepared from impondera bilia 3. Explain classificatio n of impondera bilia. 		Level 1 Recall Level 2 Unders tanding	Must know Must know	Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest Lecture 6. Problem based learning 7. Flipped Classroo m 8. Videos	4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question 6.SAQ's and LAQ's	
Hom UG- HP- 1.10. 4		Does		4. Identify the energy source used for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines	Cogniti ve	Level 3 Proble m solving	Nice to know	1.Practic al Demonst ration 2.Proced ural Skills Teaching	1.DOPS 2. OSPE	Practi cal Exami nation / Checkl ist

		from impondera bilia				3. Experient ial learning (Projects)		
Hom UG- HP- 1.10. 5	Shows how	5.Demonstr ate care & commitme nt while identifying & collecting the different energy sources for preparation of impondera bilia medicines	Affectiv e	Level 1 Receivi ng	Nice know	to 1.Lecture Demonst ration 2. Problem Based Learning	1.Monog raphs	Practi cal Exami nation / Checkl ist

TOPIC: Allersodes, Isodes, Synthetic Source

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify drug substances of Allersodes, Isodes, Synthetic Source for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specific Competenci es	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert' s Levels	Must to know/ desirabl e to know/Ni ce to know	Teaching - Learning Method	Asses smen t /Eval uatio n Form ative	Summ ative
Hom UG- HP- 1.11. 1	Integration of knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge	Sources of drugs	Knows	Must be able to identify drug substances of Allersodes, Isodes, Synthetic Source for preparation	1. Explain the preparation of Allersodes, Isodes& Synthetic Source of homoeopat hic medicines	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Underst anding	Must know	1.Lecture Demonstr ations 2. Small Group Discussio ns/ Peer teaching (Think-	1.Str uctur ed Oral Exam inatio n 2. Tutor ials	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

Hom UG- HP- 1.11. 2	Classroom to herbarium and lab transfer	Knows	of homoeopat hic medicines.	2. List any 4 examples of drugs prepared from Allersodes, Isodes& Synthetic Source	Level 1 Recall	Must know	Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest Lecture 6. Problem based learning 7. Flipped Classroo m 8. Videos	3. Assig nmen ts 4. MCQ' s 5. 2 mark s quest ion 6.SA Q's and LAQ' s	

Hom UG- HP- 1.11. 3	Does	3. Identify Count the part ve used for preparation of Allersodes, Isodes& Synthetic Source.	igniti Level 3 Problem solving	Must know	Experienti al learning (Projects)	Proje cts	Practi cal Exami nation / Checkl ist
Hom UG- HP- 1.11. 4	Shows how	4.Demonstr Aff ate care & e commitmen t while identifying & collecting the different parts for preparation of Allersodes, Isodes& Synthetic Source	fectiv Level 1 Receivin g	Nice to know	1.Lecture Demonstr ation 2. Problem Based Learning	1.Proj ects	Practi cal Exami nation / Checkl ist

TOPIC: Collection of Drug Substances

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to collect a particular part/ source for preparation of homoeopathic drugs

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specific Compete ncies	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert' s Levels	Must to know/ desirabl e to know/Ni ce to know	Teachin g - Learnin g Method	Assessi /Evalua Form ative	
Ho mU G- HP- 1.12 .1	Problem solution Integration of Knowledge	Collection of Drug Substances	Knows	Must be able to collect a particular part/ source for preparatio n of homoeop	1. Explain the general rules for collecting drugs from vegetable kingdom.	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know	1.Lectur e Demons trations 2. Small Group Discussi ons/	1.Stru cture d Oral Exam inatio n 2. Tutor ials	LA Q SA Q MC Q Viv a Voc e

	Synthesis and application of knowledge		athic drugs				Peer teaching (Think- Pair-	3. Assig nmen ts	
Ho mU G- HP- 1.12 .2	Classroom to Herbarium transfer Practice based	Knows		2. Explain the particular rules for collecting drugs from vegetable kingdom.	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know	Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminar	4. MCQ' 5. 2 mark s quest ion	
Ho mU G- HP- 1.12 ·3	learning and improvement	Knows		3. Explain the general rules for collecting drugs from animal kingdom.	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know	s 5. Guest Lecture 6. Flipped Classroo	6.SA	
Ho mU G- HP- 1.12 .4		Knows		4. Explain the particular rules for collecting drugs from animal kingdom.	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know	m 7. Videos	ects 8. Herb arium	

Ho mU G- HP- 1.12 .5		Knows	5. Explain the collection of drugs from mineral kingdom.		Level 2 Understa nding	Must know			
Ho mU G- HP- 1.12 .6		Knows	6. Explain collection of Nosodes, Sarcodes & Imponderabi lia.		Level 2 Understa nding	Must know			
Ho mU G- HP- 1.12 .7		Does	7. Collect the drugs from vegetable kingdom.	Psycho motor	Level 3 Automati on	Must know	 Practical Demons trations 2. Procedu ral Skills 	1.DO PS 2.OS PE 3.Proj ects	Pra ctic al Exa min atio n / Che

								Teachin g 3.Experi ential Learnin g	4.Spo tting 5.Her bariu m.	ckli st
Ho mU G- HP- 1.12 .8		Does	the	Collect drugs animal om.		Level 3 Automati on	Must know			
Ho mU G- HP. 1.12 .9		Does	drugs nosod sarcoo	lect the from les, des & nderabi		Level 2 Control	Must know			
Ho mU G- HP-		Shows how	e ca	instrat are & hitment ting	Affectiv e	Level 1 Recievin g	Nice to know	1. Lecture Demons tration	Herb arium	Pra ctic al Exa min

1.12	drugs from	2. atio
.10	vegetable	Practical n
	kingdom,	Demons
	animal	tration
	kingdom,	
	nosodes,	
	sarcodes	
	&impondera	
	bilia.	

TOPIC: Cleansing

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to clean the instruments used in homoeopathic pharmaceutical laboratory.

Sr.	Generic	Subje	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /E	valuation
No	Competenc ies	ct Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Compete ncies	Learning Objectives	s Domai n	Levels	know/ desirable to know/Ni ce toknow	Learning Method	Formative	Summati ve

Hom	Integration	Clean	Knows	Must be	1. Explain	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structured	LAQ
UG-	of	sing		able to	the	ve		know	Demonstrati	Oral	SAQ
HP-	Knowledge	of		clean the	cleansing of		Understand		ons	Examination	МСО
1.13. 1	Synthesis and application of	instru ments		instrume nts used in homoeo pathic pharmac	mortar & pestle.		ing		2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching	2. Tutorials 3. Assignments 4. MCQ's	Viva Voce
	knowledge			eutical					(Think-Pair-	5. 2 marks	
Hom			Knows	laborato	2. Explain		Level 2	Must	Share, Jigsaw	question	
UG- HP- 1.13. 2 Hom UG- HP.1	Classroom to Lab transfer Practice		Knows	ry	the cleansing of spatula. 3. Explain the cleansing of		Understand ing Level 2 Understand	know Must know	Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Flipped Classroom	6.SAQ's 7.Projects	
.13.3	based learning and				glass bottles.		ing				
Hom UG-	improveme nt		Knows		4. Explain the		Level 2 Understand ing	Must know			

HP.1 .13.4 Hom UG- HP.1 .13.5	Knows	cleansing of corks. 5. Explain the cleansing of wooden instruments		Level 2 Understand ing	Must know			
Hom UG- HP.1 .13.6	Does	6. Demonstrat e the cleansing of mortar & pestle.	Psycho motor	Level 3 Automatis m	Must know	 Practical Demonstrati ons Procedural Skills Teaching Experientia Learning 	1.DOPS 2.OSPE 3.Spotting	Practical Examina tion / Checklist
Hom UG- HP.1 .13.7	Does	7. Demonstrat e the cleansing of spatula		Level 3 Automatis m	Must know			

Hom UG- HP- 1.13. 8	Does	8. Demonstrat e the cleansing of glass bottles.	Level 3 Automatis m	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.13. 9	Does	9. Demonstrat e the cleansing of corks.	Level 3 Automatis m	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.13. 10	Does	10. Demonstrat e the cleansing of wooden instruments	Level 3 Automatis m	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.13. 11	Shows how	11.AffDemonstratvee care whilecleaning the	fecti Level 1 Receiving	Nice to know	1. Lecture Demonstrati on	1.DOPS 2.OSPE	Practical Examina tion / Checklist

		instruments		2. Practical	
				Demonstrati	
				on	

TOPIC: Lab Methods

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select and apply a particular lab method for preparation of homoeopathic medicines and for standardization of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller'	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilb	Must to	Teaching -	Assessme	nt
no	Competencies	Area	S	Competenc	Learning	S	ert's	knowl	Learning	/Evaluatio	on
			Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	ies	Objectives	Domai n	Levels	know/ desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Method	Formati ve	Sum mativ e

Hom	Problem solution	Lab	Knows	Must	be	1. Define	Cognitiv	Level	Must	1.Lecture	1.Struct	LAQ
.UG-		Methods		able	to	decantation,	e	1	know	Demonstrati	ured	SAQ
HP-				select	and	sedimentatio		Decall		ons	Oral	MCQ
	Integration KnowledgeofSynthesis application knowledgeand ofClassroom transferlab transferPractice learning improvementbased and	Methods			and ar thod tion opat for diza of opat	-	e	1 Recall	know	ons 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest Lecture	Oral Examina tion 2. Tutorial s 3. Assignm ents 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks	
										6. Problem based learning	LAQ's 7.Projec	
										7. Flipped Classroom	ts	

						8. Videos	
Hom .UG- HP- 1.14. 2		Knows	2. Explain the process of decantation, sedimentatio n, filteration, distillation, sublimation, precipitation	Level 2 Under standi ng	Must know		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.14. 3		Knows	3.Explain the homoeopathi c uses of decantatio, sedimentatio n,filteration, distillation,su	Level 2 Under standi ng	Must know		

		blimation,pre cipitation	
Hom .UG- HP- 1.14. 4	Knows how	4.Differentiat e between filteration&di stillation	Level Must 2 know Under standi ng
Hom .UG- HP- 1.14. 5	Knows how	5. Differentiate between decantation &filteration in detail.	Level Must 2 know Under standi ng
Hom .UG- HP- 1.14. 6	Does	6. Select a specific lab method according to the different processes carried out in	Level Desirabl 3 e to Probl em solvin g

		a homoeopathi c pharmacy laboratory.						
Hom .UG- HP- 1.14. 7	Does	7. Demonstrate the processes decantation, sedimentatio n,filteration, distillation,su blimation,pre cipitation	Psycho motor	Level 2 Contr ol	Desirabl e to know	 Practical Demonstrati ons Procedural Skills Teaching Experienti al Learning 	1.DOPS 2.OSPE 3.Projec ts	Practi cal Exam inatio n / Chec klist
Hom .UG- HP- 1.14. 8	Shows how	8.Demonstra te care & commitment while carrying out the different lab methods involved in preparation of	Affecti ve	Level 1 Recei ving	Nice to know	 Lecture Demonstrati on Practical Demonstrati on 	DOPS	Practi cal Exam inatio n / Chec klist

		homoeopathi			
		c medicine			

TOPIC: Standardization of homoeopathic drugs

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select an appropriate method for standardization of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert'	Must to	Teaching -	Assessme	nt	
No	Competencies	Area	Level	Compete ncies	Learning Objectives	sDomai n	s Levels	know/ Learning /Evalua		/Evaluatio	ation	
			Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	ncies	Objectives	11		desirable to know/Nic e to know	Method	Formati ve	Sum mativ e	
Hom. UG- HP- 1.15.1	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge	Standardiz ation of homoeopa thic drugs	Knows	Must be able to select an appropri ate method for standardi zation of	1. Enumerate the different methods of standardiza tion of	Cogniti ve	Level 1 Recall	Must know	1.Lecture Demonstr ations 2. Small Group Discussio ns/	1.Struct ured Oral Examina tion 2. Tutorial s	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce	

	Classroom to Lab transfer		homoeo pathic medicine s	homoeopat hic drugs				Peer teaching (Think- Pair- Share,	3. Assignm ents 4.
Hom. UG- HP- 1.15.2 Hom.	Practice based learning and improvement	Knows		 Explain the individual method of standardiza tion of homoeopat hic drugs Estimate 	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nding Level 2	Must know Desirable	Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Flipped Classroom	MCQ's 5. 2 marks question 6.SAQ's 7.Projec ts
UG- HP- 1.15.3				the standard of homoeopat hic drugs before and after manufacturi ng of homoeopat hic medicines.	Psycho motor	Control	to know	6. Videos	

Hom. UG- HP- 1.15.4	Does	4. Demonstrat e the microscopic study of triturations.	Psycho motor	Level 2 Control	Desirable to know	 Practical Demonstr ations Procedura Skills Teaching 	1.Spotti ng 2. Assessm ent of research project output	Viva Voce & Practi cal Exam inatio ns / Chec
Hom. UG- HP- 1.15.5	Does	5. Identify the drug specimen applying the different methods of standardiza tion of drugs	Cogniti ve	Level 3 Problem solving	Desirable to know	 3.Experien tial Learning 4. Research Projects 		klist
Hom. UG- HP- 1.15.6	Does	6. Analyze the purity of mother tincture with the help of HPTLC.		Level 2 Control	Nice to know			

Hom. UG- HP- 1.15.7	Does	7. Analyze and identify the purity of mother substances and dilutions with the help of U.V. Spectrosco py.	Psycho motor		Nice know	to			
Hom. UG- HP- 1.15.8	Shows how	8. Abide by the rules of standardiza tion of homoeopat hic drugs laid down by HPL & value the importance of genuine medicine in homoeopat hic practice.		Level 3 Internaliz ing	Nice know	to	 Lecture Demonstr ation Monograp hs 	Herbari um Assignm ents	Viva Voce

TOPIC: Quality Control in Homoeopathy

Learning Outcomes (LO):

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level	Specific Compete	Specific Learning	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert 's Levels	Must to know/	Teachin g-	Assessm /Evaluati	
			Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	ncies	Objectives			desirabl e to know/Ni ce to know	Learnin g Method	Format ive	Summ ative
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.1	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge	Quality control	Knows	Must be able to conduct the quality control as per the appropria te method	1. Enumerate the different methods of quality control.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	1.Lectur e Demons trations 2. Small Group Discussi ons/ Peer	1.Struc tured Oral Examin ation 2. Tutoria Is 3.	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.2	Classroom to Lab transfer		Knows		2. Explain the individual method of		Level 2 Underst anding	Must Know	teachin g (Think- Pair-	Assign ments	

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to conduct the quality control as per the appropriate method

Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.3	Practice based learning and improvement	Knows	quality control in homoeopath y 3.Explain the functions of HPL in quality control of Homoeopat hic medicines	Level 2 Mus Underst anding	w Student Seminar s 5. Flipped Classroo	4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks questio n 6.SAQ' s 7.Proje cts
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.4		Does	4. Determine the quality of homoeopath ic medicine based on the parameters of quality control	Level 3 Nice Problem solving		

Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.5	Does	5. Take part in the process of quality control at different stages of preparation of homoeopath ic medicines.	Level Probl solvin	em Know			
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.6	D oes, shows how		Psycho Level notor Contr		1. Practica I Demons trations 2. Procedu ral Skills Teachin g	1.Spott ing 2.Asses sment of the outco me of researc h project s	Viva Voce & Practi cal Exami nation s / Checkl ist
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.7		7. Analyze the purity of mother tinctures	Level Contr	know	3.Experi ential Learnin g		

Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.8	Does	with the help of HPTLC. 8. Analyze and identify the purity of mother substances and dilutions with the help of U.V. Spectroscop y.		Nice to know	4. Researc h Projects		
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.9	Does	 9. Abide by the rules of quality control laid down by HPL & value the importance of genuine medicine in homoeopath ic practice. 	Level 3 Internali zing	Nice to know	 Lecture Demons tration Practica Demons tration 	SAQ/L AQ Project s Assign ments	Practi cal Exami nation / Checkl ist

TOPIC: Ideal Laboratory

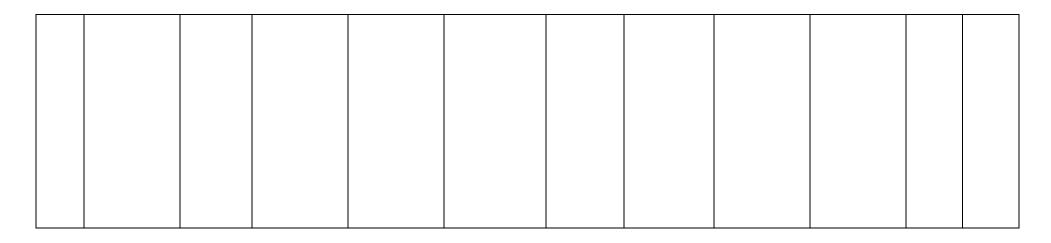
Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to –

1. State the pre requisites of an Ideal Laboratory

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessr	nent
No	Competenci	Area	Level Does/	Competenci	Learning	Domain	Levels	know/	Learning	/Evalua	tion
	es		Shows how/	es	Objectives			KIIOW/	Method	Form	Sum
			Knows how/					desirable		ative	mativ
			Know					to		utive	e
								know/Nice			-
								to			
								know			
								know			
Hom			Knows	Must be	List the pre	Cognitive	Level 2	Must Know		1.Stru	LAQ
.UG-				able to state	requisites for					cture	SAQ

HP-	Integration	Ideal		the pre	an ideal	Understan		1.Lecture	d Oral	MCQ
1.17.	of	Laborat		requisites of	Laboratory	ding		Demonstrat	Exami	Viva
1	Knowledge	ory		an ideal				ions	natio	Voce
				laboratory				2. Small	n	
Hom	Synthesis		Knows		Formulate	Level 3	Nice to	Group	2.	
.UG-	and				the	Problem	know	Discussions/	Tutori	
HP- 1.17.	Application				Laboratory Safety Rules	solving		Peer	als	
2	of							teaching	3.	
2	knowledge							(Think-Pair-	Assig	
Hom			Knows		Describe the	Level 2	Desirable to	Share,	nmen	
.UG-					role of	Understan	know	Jigsaw	ts	
HP-					Laboratory	ding		Strategy)	4.	
1.17.	Problem				in	ung		3. Quiz	MCQ'	
3	formulation				Homoeopat hic			4. Student	ç	
					Pharmacy			Seminars	5. 2	
					education				marks	
	Classroom				cubcution			5. Guest	questi	
	to lab							Lecture	on	
	transfer							6. Problem		
								based	6.SA	
								learning	Q's	
								- <i></i>	and	
									LAQ's	



TOPIC: Industrial Pharmacy

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to – Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-I

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessm	nent
No	Competen	Area	Level	Competen	Learning	Domain	Levels	know/	Learning	/Evaluat	tion
	cies		Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	cies	Objectives			desirable to know/Nice to	Method	Forma tive	Sum mati ve

								know			
Hom. UG- HP- 1.18.1	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and Applicatio n of knowledge Problem formulatio Classroom to lab transfer	al	Knows		Explain in details the provisions under Schedule M-I	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan ding	Must Know	1.Lecture Demonstra tions 2. Small Group Discussion s/ Peer teaching (Think- Pair-Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Field Visit	1.Stru ctured Oral Exami nation 2. Tutori als 3. Assign ments 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks questi on 6.SAQ 's and LAQ's	LAQ SAQ MC Q Viva Voce

TOPIC: Homoeopathic Vehicles- Solid Vehicles

Topic: Homoeopathic Vehicles- Solid Vehicles

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select a particular solid vehicle for preparation or dispensing of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr. No	Generic Competenci es	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specific Competenci es	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's Levels	Must to know/ desirab le to know/ Nice to	Teaching - Learning Method	Assess ment /Evalua tion Format ive	Sum mativ e
Hom .UG- HP- 1.19. 1	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and Application	Vehicles	Knows	Selecting a particular solid vehicle for preparation or dispensing of	1.Define Vehicle	Cognitive	Level 1 Recall	know Must Know	1.Lecture Demonstrat ions 2. Small Group Discussions /	1.Struc tured Oral Examin ation	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

	of knowledge Problem		homoeopath ic medicines.				Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy)	2. Tutoria Is 3. Assign ments
Hom .UG- HP- 1.19. 2	formulation Classroom to lab transfer	Knows		2.Classify vehicles in detail	Level 2 Understan ding	Must Know	 Quiz Student Seminars Guest Lecture 	4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks questio
Hom .UG- HP- 1.19. 3		Knows		3. List all the solid vehicles used in homoeopath y.	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	6. Problem based learning	n 6.SAQʻ s and LAQʻs
Hom .UG- HP- 1.19. 4		Knows		4. Explain the preparation, properties and uses of all solid vehicles	Level 2 Understan ding	Must Know		

Hom .UG- HP- 1.19. 5	Does	5. Select the appropriate solid vehicle for dispensing of homoeopath ic medicines, potentisatio n etc.	Level 3 Problem Solving	Must Know			
Hom .UG- HP- 1.19. 6	Does	6. Identify Cognitive the given solid vehicle.	e Level 3 Problem solving	Must Know	 1.Practical Demonstrat ion 2.Procedur al Skills Teaching 3. Problem Based Learning 	1.DOP S 2. OSPE	Practi cal Exami natio n / Check list
Hom .UG- HP- 1.19. 7	Show How	7. Estimate Psychom the purity of otor the given solid vehicle.	Control	Must know	4. Experiential learning		

Hom	Shows how	8. Demonstra	Affective	Level 1	Nice to	1.Lecture	1.DOP	Practi
.UG-		te care and		Dessiving	know	Demonstrat	S	cal
HP-		commitment		Receiving		ion		Exami
1.19. 8		in preparing & dispensing of homoeopath ic medicine with accuracy				2.Procedur al Skills Teaching 3. Problem Based Learning		natio n / Check list
						 Experiential learning Practical Demonstrat 		
						ion		

TOPIC: Homoeopathic Vehicles- Liquid Vehicles

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select a particular liquid vehicle for preparation or dispensing of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr. No	Generic Competenci es	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specific Compete ncies	Specific Learning Objective	Bloom 's Domai n	Guilbert's Levels	Must to know/ desirable to know/Nic e to know	Teaching - Learning Method	Assessme /Evaluation Formative	
Hom. UG- HP- 1.20.1 Hom. UG- HP- 1.20.2	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and Application of knowledge	Vehicles	Knows Knows	Selecting a particular liquid vehicle for preparatio n or dispensin g of homoeop	1.Define Vehicle 2.Classify vehicles in detail	Cognit ive	Level 1 Recall Level 2 Understa nding	Must Know Must Know	1.Lecture Demonstrat ions 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair-	1.Struct ured Oral Examin ation 2. Tutorial s 3.	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce
Hom. UG- HP- 1.20.3	Problem formulation		Knows	athic medicines	3. List all the liquid vehicles used in homoeop athy.		Level 1 Recall	Must Know	Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz	Assign ments 4. MCQ's	

Hom. UG- HP- 1.20.4 Hom. UG- HP- 1.20.5	Classroom to lab transfer	Knows	 4. Explain the preparatio n, properties and uses of all liquid vehicles. 5. Select the appropria te liquid vehicle for dispensin g of homoeop 		Level 2 Understa nding Level 3 Problem solving	Must Know Must Know	 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest Lecture 6. Problem based learning 	5. 2 marks questio n 6.SAQ' s and LAQ's	
Hom. UG-		Does	athic medicines , potentisat ion etc. 6. Identify the given	-	Level 2	Must Know	1.Practical Demonstrat	1.DOPS	Practic al
HP- 1.20.6			liquid vehicle.		Understa nding		ion	2. OSPE	Examin ation /

Hom. UG- HP- 1.20.7	Shows how		°sych omoto	Level 2 Control	Must Know	 2.Procedura Skills Teaching Problem Based Learning Experiential learning 		Checkli st
Hom. UG- HP- 1.20.8	Shows how	8.Demons A trate care ve and commitm ent in preparing & dispensin g of homoeop athic medicine with accuracy	Affecti e	Level 1 Receiving	Nice to Know	 1.Lecture Demonstrat ion 2.Procedura I Skills Teaching 3. Problem Based Learning 4. Experiential learning 	1.DOPS	Practic al Examin ation / Checkli st

5. Practical Demonstrat ion

TOPIC: Homoeopathic Vehicles- Semi-solid Vehicles

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select a particular semi solid vehicle for preparation or dispensing of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Generi	Subje	Miller	Specific	Specific	Learning	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /E	valuation
No	c Comp etenci es	ct Area	's Level Does/ Show s how/ Know s how/ Know	Competen cies	Objective	S	Domain	Levels	know/ desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Learning Method	Formative	Summati ve
Hom .UG- HP-	Integr ation of	Semis olid Vehic les	Know s	Selecting a particular semi-solid	1.Define \	/ehicle	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must know	1.Lecture Demonstrati ons	1.Structured Oral Examination	LAQ SAQ MCQ

1.21. 1 Hom .UG- HP- 1.21. 2 Hom .UG- HP- 1.21. 3 Hom .UG- HP- 1.21. 4	Knowl edge Synth esis and Applic ation of knowl edge Proble m formul ation	Know s how Know s Know s	vehicle for preparatio n or dispensin g of homoeop athic medicines	 2.Classify vehicles 3. List all the semisolid vehicles used in homoeopathy 4. Explain the preparation, properties and uses of all semi-solid vehicles 	Level 2 Understand ing Level 2 Understand ing Level 2 Understand ing	Must Know Must Know	 Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) Quiz Student Seminars Guest Lecture Problem based learning 	 2. Tutorials 3. Assignments 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question 6.SAQ's and LAQ's 	Viva Voce
Hom .UG- HP-	Classr oom to lab transf er	Does		5. Select the appropriate semi- solid vehicle for dispensing of	Level 3 Problem solving	Must Know			

1.21. 5		homoeopathic medicines, preparation of external applications etc.						
Hom .UG- HP- 1.21. 6	Does	6. Identify the given semi-solid vehicle.	Cognitiv e	Level 3 Problem solving	Must know	1.Practical Demonstrati on 2.Procedural Skills Teaching	1.DOPS 2. OSPE	Practical Examina tion / Checklist
Hom .UG- HP- 1.21. 7	Show s how	7. Estimate the purity of the given semisolid vehicle.	Psychom otor	Level 2 Control	Must know	 3. Problem Based Learning 4. Experiential learning 		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.21. 8	Show s how	8.Demonstrate care and commitment in preparing & dispensing of homoeopathic	Affective	Level 1 Receiving	Nice to know	1.Lecture Demonstrati on 2.Procedural Skills Teaching	1.DOPS	Practical Examina tion Checklist

	medicine with	3. Problem	
	accuracy	Based	
		Learning	
		4. Experiential	
		learning	
		5. Practical Demonstrati	
		on	

TOPIC: External Applications

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to prescribe an external application as per the scope and limitations of external applications.

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specifi	Specifi	Bloom'sD	Guilber	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment		Integra
No	Competen	Area	Level	с	с	omain	t's	know/	Learning	/Evaluation		tion
	cies		Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Compe tencies	Learnin g Objecti ves		levels	desirab le	Method	Formative	Sum mativ e	

								to know/N ice to know				
Hom .UG- HP- 1.22. 1	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and Applicatio n of knowledge Problem formulatio n	External Applicatio ns	Knows	Prescri bing an externa I applica tion as per its scope and limitati ons	1.Defin e Externa I Applica tion	Cognitive	Level 1 Recall	Must know	 1.Lecture Demonstratio ns 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair-Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest Lecture 	 Structure Oral Examinatio n Tutorials . Tutorials . MCQ's . MCQ's . and LAQ's 	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce	Horizo ntal with Organo n of Medici ne

Hom .UG- HP- 1.22. 2	Classroom to lab transfer	Knows	2. List all the externa l applica tions used in homoe opathy	Level 1 Recall	Must know	6. Problembasedlearning7. FlippedClassroom		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.22. 3		Knows	3. Explain the prepara tion &uses of specific homoe opathic externa I applica tions	Level 2 Unders tanding	Must know			

Hom .UG- HP- 1.22. 4	Knows	4. Explain the scope & limitati ons of externa l applica tions in homoe opathy	Level 2 Must Unders tanding	
Hom .UG- HP- 1.22. 5	Does	5. Select the approp riate vehicle for prepara tion of externa I applica tion.	Level 3 Must Proble m solving	

Hom .UG- HP- 1.22. 6	Does	6. Select approp riate externa I applica tion as per the case.	Proble	esirab e to now		
Hom .UG- HP.1 .22.7	Does Shows how	7.Demo Psychomo nstrate tor the prepara tion of specific externa I applica tions		Aust 1.Practical now Demonstratio n 2.Procedural Skills Teaching 3. Problem Based Learning 4. Experiential learning	1.DOPS 2. OSPE	Practi cal Exami natio n / Check list

Hom		Shows how	8.Dem	Affective	Level 1	Nice to	1.Lecture	1.DOPS	Practi	
.UG-		Does	onstrat		Receivi	know	Demonstratio		cal	
HP-		DUES	e care		ng		n		Exami	
1.22. 8			and commit ment in prepari ng & dispens ing of externa I applica tion with				 2.Procedural Skills Teaching 3. Problem Based Learning 4. Experiential learning 5. Practical 		natio n / Check list	
			accurac Y				Demonstratio n			

TOPIC: Metrology

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select appropriate scale of measurement in the homoeopathic pharmaceutical laboratory.

Sr.	Generic	Sub	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's		Must to	Teaching - Learning	Assessment /	Evaluation
No	Competen cies	ject Are a	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Competen cies	Learning Objectives	Domain	rt's levels	know/ desirabl e to know/N ice to know	Method	Formative	Summative
Hom .UG- HP- 1.23. 1	Problem solving Problem formulatio n Integratio n of	Met rolo gy	Knows	Must be able to select appropriat e scale of measurem ent in the homoeop athic pharmace utical	1. Enumerate the different scales of measureme nt for preparation of homoeopat hic drugs	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	1.Lecture Demonstrations2. Small Group Discussions/Peer teaching (Think-Pair-Share, Jigsaw Strategy)3. Quiz	1.Structure d Oral Examinatio n 2. Tutorials 3. Assignment s 4. MCQ's	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

	Knowledg	laboratory				4. Problem Based	5. 2 marks	
	e	•				learning	question	
						5. Flipped classroom	6.SAQ's	
	Synthesis and applicatio n of knowledg e							
	Classroom to lab tyransfer							
Hom .UG- HP- 1.23. 2	Kn	IOWS	2. Explain the different scales of measureme nt for preparation of	Level 2 Under standi ng	Must Know			

Hom .UG- HP- 1.23. 3		Does	homoeopat hic drugs 3. Select appropriate scale of measureme nt for preparation of homoeopat hic drugs.	Level 3 Proble m solvin g	Must Know			
Hom .UG- HP- 1.23. 4		Does	4. Measure the given quantity of the drug substance and vehicle for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines	Level 3 Auto matis m	Must know	1.PracticalDemonstrations2.ExperientialLearning	1. DOPS 2. OSPE	Viva Voce & Practical Examinatio ns / Checklist

Hom	Shows	5.Show care	Affectiv	Level	Must	1. Lecture	1.DOPS	Theory &
.UG- HP-	how	while measuring	е	2	know	Demonstration	2.OSPE	Practical Examinatio
1.23. 5		the drugs for		Respo nd		2. Practical Demonstration		n / Checklist
		preparation of						
		homoeopat hic						
		medicines						

TOPIC: Potentisation& Scales of Potentisation

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of the topic of Potentisation, I-BHMS student must be able to:

10. Prepare Homoeopathic Medicine according to the scale.

Sr.	Generi	Subj	Miller's	Specifi	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment	:	Integration
No	С	ect	Level	с	Learning	s	level	know/	Learning	/Evaluation		
	- Compe tencies	Area	Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Compe tencies	Objectives	Domai n		know/ desirab le toknow /Nice to know	Method	Formative	Summati ve	

Hom	Proble	Pote	Knows		1. Explain	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structur	LAQ	Organon of
.UG-	m	ntisa			the	ve	Understa	Know	Demonstration	ed Oral	SAQ	Medicine-
HP-	solutio	tion		Prepar	different		nding		S	Examinati	MCQ	Horizontal
1.24.	n			eHomo	scales of		nung		2.Practical	on	Viva	
1				eopathi	potentisati				Demostrations	2.	Voce	
				с	on				Demostrations	2. Tutorials		
	Integra			Medici					3. Small Group	TULUIIdis		
	tion of			ne					Discussions/Pe	3.		
	knowle			accordi					er teaching	Assignme		
	dge			ng to					(Think-Pair-	nts		
				the					Share, Jigsaw	4. SAQ's		
				scale.					Strategy)	and LAQ's		
	Practic								4. Problem			
	e based								based learning	5. MCQ's		
	learnin								5			
Hom	g and		Knows		2.Explain	Cogniti	Level 2	Must	5. Student	1.Structur		
.UG-	improv		i tito w 5		the two	ve		Know	Seminars	ed Oral		
HP-	ement				methods	vc	Understa	i (ii) (iii)	6.Study Tour	Examinati		
1.24.					potentisati		nding		(Field Visit)	on		
2					on							
-	Synthe				•				7. Integrated	2.		
	sis and								Teaching with	Tutorials		
	Applica								Organon of	3.		
	tion of								Medicine	Assignme		
										nts		

	knowle dge Classro							 SAQ's and LAQ's MCQ's 		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.24. 3	Oractic al skills	Does	3. Select the appropriate vehicles used for potentisati on.	Cogniti ve	Level 3 Problem solving	Must Know		DOPS Spotting OSPE Assessme nt of PBL		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.24. 4		Shows How	4. Demonstra te trituration according to the scale of potentisati on.	Psycho motor	Level 3 AUTOMA TISM	Must Know	 Practical Demonstration Procedural Skills Teaching 	1.DOPS 2. OSPE	Practical Examina tion / Checklist	
Hom .UG- HP-		Shows How	5. Demonstra te succussion according	Psycho motor	Level ₃ AUTOMA TISM	Must Know	 Practical Demonstration Procedural Skills Teaching 	1.DOPS 2. OSPE		

1.24. 5		to the scale of potentisati on.							
Hom .UG- HP- 1.24. 6	Shows How	-	notor A	evel 3 AUTOMA FISM	Must Know	 Practical Demonstration Procedural Skills Teaching 	1.DOPS 2. OSPE		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.24. 7	Knows how Shoes how	7.Demonstr A ate care e and commitme nt in preparing medicine with accuracy		evel 1 RECIEVIN	Nice to Know	Practical Demonstration	DOPS	Practical Examina tion / Checklist	

TOPIC: Old Methods of Preparation of Homoeopathic Drugs

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to prepare the homoeopathic medicines as per the old methods.

Sr. No	Generic	Subject	Miller	Specif		Bloom's		Must	Teaching -	Assessment /Evaluation	
	Competen cies	Area	's Level Does/ Show s how/ Know s how/ Know	ic Comp etenci es	Learning Objectives	Domain	s Levels	to know/ desira ble to know/ Nice to know	Learning Method	Method	Type (Formativ e /Summati ve)
Hom.U G-HP- 1.25.1	Problem solution Integratio n of Knowledg e Synthesis and applicatio	Old Methods of Preparati on of Homoeo pathic Drugs	Know s	Must be able to prepa re the homo eopat hic medic ines as per the	1. Classify Old Methods of preparation of homoeopathi c drugs.	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know	1.Lecture Demonstratio ns 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz	 Structured Oral Examination Tutorials Tutorials Assignments MCQ's 2 marks question 	LAQ SAQ MCQ, Viva Voce(For mative & Summativ e)

Hom.U G-HP- 1.25.2	n of knowledg e Classroom	Knov s	old meth ods	2.Enlist the fundamental rule, drug strength, drug: vehicle ratio nature of drug substances &	Level 1 Recall	Must know	Lecture 6. Problem based	6.SAQ's and LAQ's 7.Projects	
	to lab transfer Practice based learning			5 examples of drugs under Class I-IX according to Old methods.			learning 7. Flipped Classroom		
Hom.U G-HP- 1.25.3	and improvem ent	Knov s	,	3. Explain the preparation &potentisati on of mother tinctures under class I- IV according to the scale.	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know			

Hom.U	Know	4.Explain the		Level 2	Must			
G-HP- 1.25.4	s	preparation &potentisati on of mother solutions under Class V & VI according to the scale.		Understa nding	know			
Hom.U G-HP- 1.25.5	Know s	5.Explain the potentisation of mother substances under Class VII, VIII & IX according to the scale.		Level 2 Understa nding	Must know			
Hom.U G-HP- 1.25.6	Does		Psycho motor	Level 3 Automati sm	Must know	 Practical Demonstratio ns Procedural Skills Teaching 	1. DOPS 2. OSPE	Practical Examinati on / Checklist (Formativ e/Summat ive)

<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
		to Old Methods.			
		Methous.			
Hom.U	Does	7.	Level 3	Must	
G-		Demonstrate	Automati	Know	
HP.1.25		the			
.7		potentisation	sm		
		of mother			
		tincture			
		according to			
		the scale			
		under Class I-			
		IV according			
		to Old			
		Method.			
Hom.U	Does	8.	Level 3	Must	
G-HP-		Demonstrate	Automati	Know	
1.25.8		the	sm		
		preparation	5111		
		of mother			
		solution			
		under Class			
		V-VI			
		according to			
		Old Methods.			

Hom.U G-HP- 1.25.9	Does	9. Demonstrate the potentisation of mother solution according to the scale under Class V-VI according to Old Method	Level 3 Automati sm	Must Know		
Hom.U G-HP- 1.25.10	Does	10. Demonstrate the potentisation of mother substances according to the scale under Class VII, VIII & IX according to Old Method.	Level 3 Automati sm	Must Know		

Hom.U	Show	11.Demonstr	Affectiv	Level 1	Nice to	1. Practical	DOPS	Practical
G-HP-	s how	ate care &	e	Receivin	know	Demonstratio		Examinati
1.25.11		commitment				n		on /
		in preparing		g				Checklist
		and						(Formativ
		dispensing						e/Summat
		medicine						ive)
		with						
		accuracy						
		according to						
		the scale and						
		Class under						
		Old Methods.						

TOPIC: New Methods of Preparation of Homoeopathic Drugs

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to prepare the homoeopathic medicines as per the new methods.

Sr. No	Generic	Subject	Miller'	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /Ev	aluation
	Compe tencies	Area	s Level Does/ Show s how/ Know	Compete ncies	Learning Objectives	Domain	Levels	know/ desirab le	Learning Method	Formative	Summati ve

HomU	Proble	New	s how/ Know	Must be	1. Define	Cognitiv	Level 1	to know/N ice to know Must	1.Lecture	1.Structured	LAQ
G-HP- 1.26.1	m solutio n Integra tion of Knowle dge	Method s of Preparat ion of Homoeo pathic Drugs	S	able to prepare the homoeo pathic medicine s as per the new methods	Maceratio n & Percolatio n.	e	Recall	know	Demonstrations 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz	Oral Examination 2. Tutorials 3. Assignments 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks	SAQ MCQ Viva Voce
HomU G-HP- 1.26.2 HomU G-HP- 1.26.3	Synthe sis and applica tion of knowle dge		Know s Know s		 Explain the process of maceratio n Explain the process of percolation 		Level 2 Understan ding Level 2 Understan ding	Must know Must know	 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest Lecture 6. Problem based learning 7. Flipped Classroom 	question 6.SAQ's and LAQ's 7.Projects	

HomU G-HP- 1.26.4	Classro om to lab transfe r Practic	Know s how		4.Different iate between old & new methods of preparatio n of homoeopa thic drugs		Level 2 Understan ding	Must know	8. Videos		
HomU G-HP- 1.26.5	e based learnin g and improv ement	Know s how		5.Different iate between maceratio n & percolation in detail.		Level 2 Understan ding	Must know			
HomU G-HP- 1.26.6		Know s		6. Define the terms- merc, magma, menstrum		Recall	Must know			
HomU G-HP- 1.26.7		Does	+	7. Demonstra te the preparatio n of	Psychom otor	Level 2 Control		1. Practical Demonstrations	1.DOPS 2.OSPE 3.Projects	Practical Examina tion / Checklist

		mother tincture by maceratio n		Must know	 Procedural Skills Teaching 3.Experiential Learning 		
HomU G-HP- 1.26.8	Does	8.Demonst rate the preparatio n of mother solution by percolation	Level Contr	know			
HomU G-HP- 1.26.9	Does	9. Demonstra te the towing of a percolator	Level Contr	le to			
HomU G-HP- 1.26.1 0	Show s how	10.Demons trate care &commit ment in preparing	Affective Level Recei	know	1.LectureDemonstration2.PracticalDemonstration	DOPS	Practical Examina tion / Checklist

thic drugs.

TOPIC: Pharmaconomy

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select appropriate route of administration of homoeopathic medicines.

			Bloom's	Must to	Assessment /Evaluation

Sr. No	Generic Compet encies	Subject Area	Miller 's Level Does / Show s how/ Kno ws how/ Kno w	Specific Compete ncies	Specific Learning Objectives	Domain	Guilbert's Levels	know/ desirab le to know/N ice to know	Teaching - Learning Method	Formative	Summativ e
Hom UG- HP- 1.27.1	Integrat ion of Knowle dge Synthes is and applicat	Pharmac onomy	Kno ws	Must be able to select appropria te route of administr ation of homoeop	routes of administrati	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must know	1.Lecture Demonstratio ns 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair-	 Structured Oral Examination Tutorials Assignments 	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

Hom UG- HP- 1.27.2	ion of knowle dge Classro om to	Knc ws	athic medicines	2. Explain the different routes of administrati on of homoeopath ic medicines.		Level 2 Understand ing	Must know	Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Flipped Classroom 6. Videos	5. 2 marks question	
Hom UG- HP- 1.27.3	Clinic transfer	Doe	·S	3. Select appropriate route of administrati on of homoeopath ic medicines according to the case		Level 3 Problem solving	Desirab le to know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.27.4		Shc s hc		4. Administer the homoeopath ic medicine through appropriate route of administrati	Psycho motor	Level 2 Control	Nice to know	 Practical Demonstratio ns 2.Experiential Learning 3. Projects 	 Case based assessment Simulation based assessment 	Viva Voce

		on according to the case				4. Case basedLearning5. Simulationteaching		
Hom UG- HP- 1.27.5	Kno ws how	5.Show care while administerin g homoeopath ic medicine via different routes	Affectiv e	Level 2 Respond	Desirab le to know	 Lecture Demonstratio Practical Demonstratio Practical Case based Learning Simulation teaching 	Case based assessment 2. Simulation based assessment	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

TOPIC: Dispensing of Medicines

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be to

- 1. Select an appropriate dosage form for dispensing of homoeopathic medicines.
- 2. Dispense homoeopathic medicine to patients.

Sr.	Generic	Subje	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /	Evaluation
No	Compete ncies	ct Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Competen cies	Learning Objectives	Domain	Levels	know/ desirab le to know/N ice to know	Learning Method	Formative	Summativ e
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 1	Problem solution Integratio n of Knowled ge Synthesis and Applicati	Dispe nsing of homo eopat hic medic ines	Knows	Select an appropriat e dosage form for dispensin g of homoeop athic medicines		Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must know	1.Lecture Demonstratio ns 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz	1.Structure d Oral Examinatio n 2. Tutorials 3. Assignment s 4. MCQ's	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 2	on of Knowled ge Classroo m to	Knows	Dispense homoeop athic medicine to patients		Level 2 Understand ing	Must know	 4. Student Seminars 5. Problem based learning 6. Guest Lecture 	 2 marks question SAQ's and LAQ's 	
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 3	OPD/IPD/ Pharmac y transfer	Knows		3. Explain the various modes for dispensing of liquid dosage forms	Level 2 Understand ing	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 4		Knows	-	4. Enlist the vehicles used for dispensing of various dosage forms	Level 1 Recall	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 5		Knows		5. Explain the quality assurance while dispensing homoeopathic medicines.	Level 2 Understand ing	Nice to know			

Hom UG-	Shows how	6. Demonstrate	Psycho motor	Level 2		1.Practical Demonstratio	1.DOPS	Practical Examinati
HP- 1.28. 6	Does	the dispensing of liquid dosage forms	motor	Control	Must know	n 2.Procedural Skills Teaching 3. Problem	2. OSPE	on / Checklist
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 7	Shows how Does	7. Demonstrate the dispensing of solid dosage forms		Level 2 Control	Must know	Based Learning 4. Experiential learning		
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 8	Does	8. Demonstrate care and commitment while dispensing of homoeopathic medicines.	Affectiv e	Level 1 Receiving	Nice to know	 1.Lecture Demonstratio n 3. Problem Based Learning 	1.DOPS	Practical Examinati on / Checklist

TOPIC: Placebo

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to indicate placebo in a particular case

	Must to	Assessment /Evaluation
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Sr. No	Generic Compet encies	Subjec t Area	Mille r's Level Does / Sho ws how/ Kno ws how/ Kno w	Specific Competen cies	Specific Learning Objectiv es	Bloom 's Domai n	Guilbert's levels	know/ desirable to know/Nice to know	Teaching - Learning Method	Formative	Summative
Hom UG- HP- 1.29. 1	Proble m solution Integrat ion of Knowle dge	Placeb o	Kno ws	Must be able to indicate placebo in a particular case	1. Define Placebo	Cognit ive	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	1.Lecture Demonstrations 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy)	 Structured Oral Examination Tutorials Tutorials Assignments MCQ's 2 marks 	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce
Hom UG- HP-	Synthes is and applicat		Kno ws		2. Enumera te the vehicles		Level 1 Recall	Must Know	- 3. Case based learning	question 6.SAQ's, 7.Projects	

1.29. 2	ion of knowle dge			used as placebo				
Hom UG- HP- 1.29. 3	Classro om to clinic transfer	Kr ws		3. Explain the indicatio ns of placebo	Level 2 Understan ding	Must Know		
Hom UG- HP- 1.29. 4		Do	oes	4.Select a placebo for a particular case	Level 3 Problem solving	Must Know		

TOPIC: Preservation of Homoeopathic Medicines

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to preserve homoeopathic medicines for long shell life.

Sr.	Generi	Subject	Miller'	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert'	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /E	valuation
No	c Compe tencies	Area	s Level Does/ Show s how/	Compet encies	Learning Objectives	Domain	s Levels	know/ desirable	Learning Method	Method	Type (Formative /Summativ e)

			Know s how/ Know			C		to know/Nice to know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 1	Integra tion of Knowle dge	Preserv ation of Homoe opathic medici ne	Know s	Must be able to preserve homoeo pathic medicine	1. Enumerate the different methods of preservation of homoeopathic medicines	e	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	 1.Lecture Demonstrati ons 2. Small Group Discussions/ 	3.	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce(Form ative &Summativ e)
Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 2	Synthe sis and applica tion of knowle dge		Know s	s for long shell life	2. Explain the individual method of preservation of homoeopathic medicine.		Level 2 Understa nding	Must Know	Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz	Assignments 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question 6.SAQ's	
Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 3	Classro om to Clinic transfe r		Does		 Select an appropriate of preservation of homoeopathic medicines. 		Level 3 Problem solving	Must Know		7.Projects	
	Practic e based learnin										

	g and improv ement								
Hom			4. Demonstrate	-	Level 2		1. Practical	Viva Voce	(Formative/
UG- HP- 1.30. 4		Does	the method of preservation of mother substances & preparations	motor	Control	Desirable to Know	Demonstrati ons 2. Procedural Skills Teaching	Practical Examination	Summative)
Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 5		Does	5. Demonstrate the method of preservation of potentised homoeopathic medicines			Desirable to Know	3.Experientia I Learning 4. Projects		
Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 6		Does	6. Demonstrate the method of preservation of homoeopathic mother tinctures			Desirable to Know			

Hom		Show	7.Show care &	Affectiv	Level 2	Nice to		Lecture	SAQ,	(Formative/
UG- HP- 1.30. 7		s how	commitment while preserving homoeopathic preparations and potentised medicine.	e	Respond	know	D 01 2.	emonstrati n . Practical emonstrati	2 marks question Projects Assignments Tutorials Viva Voce Practical Examination	Summative)

TOPIC: Pharmacovigilance and adverse drug reaction

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify any adverse drug reaction and comprehend the necessity of pharmacovigilance in homoeopathy

			Bloom's	Must to	Assessment /Evaluation

Sr. No	Generic Competen cies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specific Competen cies	Specific Learning Objectives	Domain	Guilber t's levels	know/ desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Teaching - Learning Method	Formative	Summativ e
Hom UG- HP- 1.31. 1 Hom UG- HP- 1.31. 2 UG- HP- 1.31. 3	Problem solution Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge	Pharma covigila nce and adverse drug reaction	Knows Knows Knows	Must be able to identify any adverse drug reaction Comprehe nd the of pharmaco vigilance in homoeop athy	 Define adverse drug reaction Enumerate the types of adverse drug reactions Explain the management of adverse drug reactions in homoeopathy 	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall Level 1 Recall Level 2 Unders tanding	Must Know Must Know	 1.Lecture Demonstrati ons 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Case based learning 	 Structure d Oral Examinatio n Tutorials Tutorials Assignment s MCQ's 2 marks question SAQ's, 7.Projects 	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

Hom	Classroom	Knows	4.Define	Level 1	Desirabl	
UG- HP-	to clinic transfer		pharmacovigil	Recall	e to Know	
1.31.	uansiei		ance		KIIOW	
4						
Hom		Knows	5.Explain in	Level 2	Desirabl	
UG-			detail the	Unders	e to	
HP- 1.31.			process of pharmacovigil	tanding	KNOW/	
5			ance in Homoeopathy			

TOPIC: Doctrine of Signature

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to apply doctrine of signature while selecting a Homoeopathic simillimum.

Sr.	Gener	Subj	Miller's	Specifi	Specific	Domain	Guilbe	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /Ev	aluation
No	ic Comp etenci es	ect Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	(omp	Learning Objectives		rt's Levels	know/ desirable to know/Nice toknow	Learning Method	Formative	Summativ e

Hom	Proble	Doct	Knows	Must	1. Define	Cognitiv	Level 1	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structured	LAQ	SAQ
UG- HP- 1.32. 1 Hom UG- HP- 1.32. 2 Hom UG- HP- 1.32. 3	m formu lation Integr ation of Knowl edge Synth esis and applic ation of knowl	rine of Sign ature	Knows how	be able to apply doctri ne of signat ure while selecti ng a Homo eopat hic simili mum	2. Explain doctrine of signature of signature with suitable examples 3. Apply the logic behind doctrine of signature in patients showing the same signs particularly in one sided case.	e	Recall Level 2 Under standi ng Level 3 Proble m solving	Know Must Know Nice to know	Demonstrations 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Case based learning 6.Case Simulation 7. Experiential Learning	Oral Examination 2. Tutorials 3. Assignments 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question 6.SAQ's 7.Projects 8.Assessment of case 9. Simulation assessment	MCQ Voce	
Hom UG- HP- 1.32. 4	edge		Shows how		4.Select a remedy for a one -sided case based on the doctrine of signature		Level 3 Proble m solving	Nice to know				

Hom	Shows	5. Demonstrate	Affectiv	Level 2	Nice	to	1. Case	based	1. Assessment	Viva Voce
UG- HP- 1.32. 5	hows	care, professionalism &commitment while prescribing on the basis of doctrine of signature	e	Respo nd	know		learning 2. Simulation 3.Experient Learning		of case 2. Simulation assessment	

TOPIC: Drug Proving

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to prove a given drug on healthy human being

Sr. No	Generic Compete	Subj ect	Miller's Level	Specifi c	Specific Learning	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert' s level	Must to know/	Teaching - Learning	Assessment /Evaluation	:	Integra tion
	ncies	Area	Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Compe tencies	Objectives			desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Method	Method Formative	Type (Sum mativ e)	
HomUG- HP- 1.33.1		Dru g	Knows	Proving a given drug on healthy	1. Define Drug Proving.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	1.Lecture Demonstrati ons	1.Structur ed Oral	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Horizo ntal with Organo

	Problem Solution	Prov ing		human being					2. Small Group	Examinati on	Viva Voce	n of Medici
HomUG- HP- 1.33.2	Integrati on of Knowled		Knows		2. Illustrate the qualities of an ideal prover.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw	2. Tutorials 3. Assignme		ne
HomUG- HP- 1.33.3	ge Synthesi s and applicati on of knowled ge		Shows how		3. Apply the selection criteria (inclusion & exclusion) for provers during drug proving.	Cognitiv e	Level 3 Problem Solving	Desirabl e to know	Strategy) 4. Quiz 5. Student Seminars 6. Guest Lecture	nts 4. MCQ's 5.SAQ's and LAQ's 6. 2 marks questions		
HomUG- HP.1.33. 4	Problem solving		Knows		4. Explain the methodology for drug proving.	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understa nd	Must Know	7. Integrated Teaching with Organon of Medicine			
HomUG- HP- 1.33.5			Does		5. Design the protocol for Drug Proving.	Cognitiv e	Level 3 Problem Solving	Nice to know	1. Lecture Demonstrati on	1.Simulati on based assessme nt	LAQ SAQ MCQ Practi cal Exami	

HomUG-	Does	6. Select ideal	Level 2	Must	2.Procedural	natio
HP-		prover for drug	Control	know	Skills	n /
1.33.6		proving	Control		Teaching	Check
					3. Problem	list
					Based	
					Learning	
					4. Role Plays	
HomUG-	Does	7. Prepare the	Level 2	Desirabl		
HP-		test substance for drug	Control	e to know	5. Experiential	
1.33.7		proving.		KIIOW	learning	
		P 9.			6. Team	
HomUG-	Does	8. Formulate	Level 2	Nice to	based	
HP-		the team for	Control	know	learning	
1.33.8		drug proving	Control		5	
HomUG-	Does	9. Record the	Level 2	Nice to		
HP-		symptoms of	Control	know		
1.33.9		drug proving	Control			
HomUG-	Does	10. Interprete	Level 2	Nice to		
HP-		the provers	Control	know		
1.33.10		symptoms	Control			
HomUG-	Does	11. Translate	Level 2	Nice to		
HOMUG- HP-	Does	11. Translate the provers	Level 2	know		
1.33.11		symptoms in	Control			
		Materia				

		Medica language							
HomUG- HP- 1.33.12	Shows how		Affectiv e	Level 2 Respond ing	Nice to know	 Lecture Demonstrati on Procedural Skills Teaching Problem Based 	1.Simulati on based assessme nt	LAQ SAQ MCQ Practi cal Exami natio n / Check	
HomUG- HP- 1.33.13	Does	13. Value the privacy & integrity of the provers.		Level 3 Internali ze	Nice to know	Learning 4. Role Plays 5. Experiential learning		list	
HomUG- HP- 1.33.14	Does	14. Value the consent of the prover.		Level 3 Internali ze	Nice to know	6. Team based learning			
HomUG- HP- 1.33.15	Does	15. Value the ethical considerations		Level 3 Internali ze	Nice to know				

		during drug proving.						
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TOPIC: Posology

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to

- 1. Select a particular potency for a particular case.
- 2. Select a particular dose for a particular case.
- 3. Repeat the dose as per the criteria for repletion of doses.

Sr. No	Generic	Sub	Miller'	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert'	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /E	valuation	Integrati
	Compe	5		Compete	5	S	s Levels	know/	Learning Method			on
	tencies	Are a	Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	ncies	Objectives	Domai n		desirab le to know/N ice to know		Formative	Type (Summativ e)	

Hom	Proble	Pos	Knows	Selectin	1.Define	Cogniti	Level 1	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structured	LAQ SAQ	Horizont
UG- HP- 1.34.1	m solutio n Integra tion of Knowle dge	olo gy		g a particula r potency for a particula r case. Selectin g a particula r dose for	posology	ve	Recall	Know	Demonstrations 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz	Oral Examination 2. Tutorials 3. Assignments 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question	MCQ Viva Voce	al with Organon of Medicine
Hom UG- HP- 1.34.2	Practic e based learnin g and improv ement Synthe sis and		Knows	a particula r case. Repeatin g the dose as per the criteria for repletion of doses.	2.Explain the criteria for selection of potency		Level 2 Understa nd	Must know	 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest Lecture 6. Integrated Teaching with Organon of Medicine 7. Case based learning 	 6.SAQ's and LAQ's 7. Simulation based assessment 8. Case based assessment 		
Hom UG- HP- 1.34.3	applica tion of knowle dge		Knows how	or doses.	3. Apply the criteria for selection of potency for a particular case.		Level 3 Problem solving	Desirab le to know	8. Case simulation learning			

Hom	Classro om to OPD/IP D transfe	Knows	4. Enlist the	Level 1	Must				
UG- HP- 1.34.4	r		different types of doses	Recall	know				
Hom UG- HP- 1.34.5		Knows	5. Explain the criteria for repetition of doses.	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know				
Hom UG- HP- 1.34.6		Shows how	6.Apply the criteria for repetetion of doses for a particular case.	Level 3 Problem Solving	Desirab le to know				
Hom UG- HP- 1.34.7		Does	7. Choose the correct potency for a particular case	Level 3 Problem Solving	Desirab le to know	1.LectureDemonstration2.ProceduralSkills Teaching	 1.Simulation based assessment 2. Case based assessment 	LAQ SAQ MCQ Practical Examinati on / Checklist	

						 3. Problem Based Learning 4. Experiential learning 5. Team based learning 6.Case based learning 7. Case simulation 	3. OSPE	
						learning		
Hom		Does	8. Choose	Level 3	Desirab			
UG- HP-			the proper dosage for a	Problem	le to know			
1.34.8			particular case	Solving				
Hom		Does	9. Design	Level 3	Nice to			
UG-			the dosage	Problem	know			
HP- 1.34.9			and repetition	Solving				
			for a					
			particular					
			case					

Hom UG- HP- 1.34.1 0	Shows how	10.Show professiona lism and care while selection of potency & dose.	Affecti ve	Level 2 Respond	Nice to know	Demonstration 2.Procedural Skills Teaching 3. Problem Based Learning 4. Experiential	1.Simulation based assessment	LAQ SAQ MCQ Practical Examinati on / Checklist	
Hom UG- HP- 1.34.1 1	Shows how	11. Value the privacy & integrity of the patient/cas e		Level 3 Internali ze	Nice to know	learning 5. Team based learning 6. Case based learning 7. Case simulation learning			
Hom UG- HP- 1.34.1 2	Shows how	12. Value the ethical considerati ons during selection of potency, dose and repetition of doses		Level 3 Internali ze	Nice to know	-			

Hom UG- HP- 1.34.1 3		Shows how	13. Value the importance of rational prescription	Level 3 Internali ze	know	
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TOPIC: Prescription Writing

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must have knowledge of writing an ideal prescription

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /	Evaluation
No	Compete ncies	Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Competen cies	Learning Objectives	Domain	Level	know/ desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Learning Method	Formative	Summativ e

Hom	Integratio	Prescri	Knows	Writing an	1.Define	Cognitiv	Level 1	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structure	LAQ S	AQ
UG-	n of	ption		ideal	Prescription	е	Recall	Know	Demonstratio	d Oral	MCQ V	/iva
HP-	Knowled	Writing		prescripti	writing.		Recall		ns	Examinatio	Voce	
1.35. 1	ge			on					2. Small Group	n —		
									Discussions/	2. Tutorials		
	Practice								Peer teaching	3.		
Hom	based		Knows		2.Explain the		Level 2	Must	(Think-Pair-	Assignment		
UG-	learning				parts of an		Understan	Know	Share, Jigsaw	S		
HP-	and improve				ideal prescription.		ding		Strategy)	4. MCQ's		
1.35. 2	ment				prescription.				3. Quiz	5. 2 marks		
									4. Student	question		
Hom			Knows		3. List the		Level 1	Must	Seminars	6.SAQ's		
UG-	Synthesis				abbreviation		Recall	Know	5. Guest	and LAQ's		
HP-	and				s used in		Recall		Lecture			
1.35.	applicatio				prescription							
3	n of				writing with				6. Case based			
	knowledg				meaning.				learning			
	е								7. Case			
									_ simulation			
Hom			Knows		4. Explain the		Level 2	Must	learning			
UG-					advantages		Understan	Know				
HP-	Problem				of		ding					
1.35.	solution				prescription							
4					to the							
					patients and							

Hom UG- HP- 1.35. 5	Classroo m to OPD/IPD Transfer		Shows how	to the physician. 5. Critically analyse a prescription for any faults.		Level 3 Problem solving	Nice to know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.35. 6		C	Does	6. Write an ideal prescription	Psychom otor	Level 2 Control	Must know	 Lecture Demonstratio n 2.Procedural Skills Teaching 3. Problem 	 1.Simulatio n based assessment 2. Case based assessment 	LAQ SAQ MCQ Practical Examinati on / Checklist
Hom UG- HP- 1.35. 7			Shows how	7. Criticize a wrong prescription	Cognitiv e	Level 3 Problem solving	Nice to know	Based Learning 4. Experiential learning 5. Team based learning 6.Case based learning	3. OSPE	

						 7. Case simulation learning 8. Practical Demonstratio n 		
Hom UG- HP- 1.35. 8	Shows how	8.Show professionali sm and commitment while writing a prescription with accuracy.	Affective	Level 2 Respond	Nice to know	 1.Lecture Demonstratio n 2.Procedural Skills Teaching 3. Problem Based Learning 4. Experiential learning 5. Team based 	1.Simulatio n based assessment	LAQ SAQ MCQ Practical Examinati on / Checklist
Hom UG- HP- 1.35. 9		9. Value the privacy & integrity of the prescription.		Level 3 Internalize	Nice to know	learning 6. Case based learning		

Hom UG- HP- 1.35.	e	10. Value the ethical consideratio ns during	Level 3 Internalize	Nice to know	 7. Case simulation learning 8. Practical 	
10		writing a prescription			Demonstratio n	
Hom UG- HP-	in	11. Value the mportance of rational	Level 3 Internalize	Nice to know		
1.35. 11		prescription				

TOPIC: Legislation

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to follow and practice ethically all the laws that govern homoeopathic pharmacy.

Sr.	Generic	Subje	Miller's	Specific	Specific learning	Bloom's	Guilbert'	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /	Evaluation
No	Compet encies	ct Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Competen cies	Objectives	Domain	s Levels	know/ desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Learning Method	Formative	Summativ e
Hom	Integrati	Legisl	Knows	Must be	1.List all the acts	Cognitiv	Level 1	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structure	LAQ SAQ
UG-	on of	ation		able to	that govern the	е	Recall	know	Demonstratio	d Oral	MCQ Viva
HP-	Knowled			follow and	legal aspects of		Recall		ns	Examinatio	Voce
1.36.	ge			practice	homoeopathic				2. Small Group	n	
1				ethically all the	pharmacy.				Discussions/	2. Tutorials	

Hom UHP - 1.36. 2	Synthesi s and Applicati on of knowled ge	Knows	laws that govern homoeop athic pharmacy.	2. Illustrate the provisions under the Drugs & Cosmetic Act	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know	Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest	 3. Assignment s 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question 6.SAQ's and LAQ's
Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 3 Hom UG- HP- 1.36.	Problem solution	Knows		 3. Illustrate the provisions under the Schedule M1 4. Illustrate the provisions under the Drugs & Magic Remedies Act 	Level 2 Understa nding Level 2 Understa nding	Must know Must know	5. Guest Lecture 6. Problem based learning 7. Flipped Classroom	
4 Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 5		Knows	-	5. Illustrate the provisions under the Medicinal & Toilet Preparation Act	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know		

Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 6	Knows	6. Illustrate the provisions under the Dangerous Drugs Act		Level 2 Understa nding	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 7	Knows	 7. Illustrate the provisions under the Prevention of Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs & Psychotropic Substances Act 		Level 2 Understa nding	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 8	Knows	8. Illustrate the provisions under the Homoeopathic Central Council Act		Level 2 Understa nding	Must know			
Hom UG- HP-	Does Shows how	9.Demonstrate the labelling of homoeopathic medicine	Psycho motor	Level 2 Control	Must know	1.Practical Demonstratio n	1.DOPS 2. OSPE	LAQ SAQ MCQ Practical Examinati

1.36. 9		according to Part IX of the Drugs & Cosmetic Act 1940				 2.Procedural Skills Teaching 3. Problem Based Learning 4. Experiential learning 		on / Checklist
Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 10	Knows	10.Demonstrate care and commitment and abide by the provisions laid down in the various acts.	Affectiv e	Level 1 Receivin g	Nice to know	1.Lecture Demonstratio n 3. Problem Based Learning	Role Play Assessment	LAQ SAQ MCQ Practical Examinati on / Checklist

TOPIC: Drug Action

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to differentiate the different mechanisms of drug action of homoeopathic medicines

Sr.	Generi	Subj	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /E	valuation
No	c Comp etenci es	ect Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows	Competen cies	learning Objectives	Domain	Levels	know/ desirable	Learning Method	Formative	Summative

Hom	Integra	Drug	how/ Know Knows	Must be	1. Classify the	Cognitiv	Level 2	to know/Nice to know Nice to	1.Lecture	1.Structured	LAQ	SAQ
UG- HP- 1.37.1 Hom UG- HP- 1.37. 2	tion of Knowl edge Synthe sis and applica tion of knowl edge	Actio n	how Knows	able to differentia te the different mechanis ms of drug action of homoeop athic medicines	different types of drug action. 2. Explain the individual family drug action according to their sphere of action.	e	Understan ding Level 2 Understan ding	Know Desirable to Know	Demonstratio ns 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Flipped Classroom	Oral Examination 2. Tutorials 3. Assignments 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question 6.SAQ's 7.Projects	MCQ Voce	Viva
Hom UG- HP- 1.37.3	Classr oom to Clinic transfe r		Knows		3. Explain the individual family drug action according to nature of		Level 2 Understan ding	Desirable to Know	6. Videos 7. Integrated Teaching	8. Spotting		

			drug & family relationship.						
Hom UG- HP- 1.37. 4	Doe		4. Analyze the action of drug on patients.	Cognitiv e	Level 3 Problem solving	Nice to know	 Practical Demonstratio ns 2.Experiential Learning 	 Spotting Pharmaco- logical action of 30 drugs as specified in iournal 	Practical Examinatio n / Checklist
Hom UG- HP- 1.37. 5	Doe		5. Co-relate the action of drugs with the family characteristic s.			Nice to know	3. Projects	journal 3. Projects	
Hom UG- HP- 1.37. 6	Kno	DWS	6.Show care in prescribing homoeopathi c medicine based on action of drugs and	Affective	Level 2 Respond	Must know	1. Lecture 2. Integrated teaching of Pharmacologic al drug action with Materia Medica	Journal Assessment	

		drug			
		relationships.			

TOPIC: Relation of Pharmacy with Materia Medica

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to correlate homoeopathic pharmacy with Materia Medica, Anatomy and Physiology

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specific Compete ncies	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloo m's Doma in	Guilbert' s Levels	Must to know/ desirable to know/Nice to know	Teaching - Learning Method	Assessme nt /Evaluatio n Form ative	Summa tive
HomUG- HP 1.38.1	Problem formulation	Relation of Pharmacy with	Knows	Must be able to correlate homoeop athic pharmacy	1. Explain the correlation of homoeopathic pharmacy with the basics of Homoeopathic	Cogni tive	Level 2 Understa nding	Desirable to Know	 1.Lecture Demonstrations Small Group 	1.Structur ed Oral Examinati on	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

HomUG- HP- 1.38.2 HomUG- HP- 1.38.3	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge	Materia Medica	Knows	with material medica, Anatomy and Physiolog y	Materia Medica. 2. Explain the correlation of homoeopathic pharmacy with the basics of Anatomy 3. Explain the correlation of homoeopathic pharmacy and Physiology			Desirable to Know Desirable to Know	Discussion s/ Peer teaching (Think- Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Flipped Classroom	 Tutorials Tutorials Assignme nts MCQ's 2 marks question SAQ's, LAQ's Projects 	
HomUG- HP- 1.38.4			Knows how		4.Apply the principles of posology during case taking after selection of similimum based on knowledge of	Cogni tive	Level 3 Problem Solving	Desirable to know	 Practical Demonstr ation Lecture Demonstr ation 	1. DOPS 2. OSPE 3. Evaluation of projects 4. Evaluation	LAQ SAQ MCQ Practic al Examin ation /

			Homoeopathic		3.	of case	Checkli
			Materia		Experime	based	st
			Medica.		ntal	learning	\/i
					Research	_	Viva
					projects	5. Evaluation	
					4. Case	of PBL	
HomUG-	k	Knows	5. Apply the	Desirable to	based	6.	
HP-			knowledge of	know	learning	o. Evaluation	
1.38.5			drug action	_	5.	of Case	
5 5			based on		5. Problem	simulation	
			familial		based	Simolation	
			relationship		learning		
			and remedy		_		
			relationship as		6. Case		
			noted in		simulation		
			Homoeopathic				
			Materia				
			Medica and				
			organ				
			affection with				
			anatomy				
HomUG-	k	Knows	6. Apply the	Desirable to			
HP-			knowledge of	know			
1.38.6			sources of				
			drugs and				
			collection of				

HomUG- HP- 1.38.7	Knows how	drugs while preparation of homoeopathic medicines according to the scale of potentisation. 7. Apply the knowledge of pharmacologic al action of drugs with the normal physiology of human body		Desirable to know			
HomUG- HP- 1.38.8	Knows how	8.Demonstrat e care, professionalis m & commitment & follow all the guidelines meticulously as given in 6 th edition of	Level 1 Receivin g	Nice to know	 Practical Demonstr ation Lecture Demonstr ation 	 DOPS OSPE Evaluation of projects Evaluation of case 	Viva Voce

HomUG- HP- 1.38.9	Organon of medicine while selecting a particular homoeopathic medicine in a particular potency. 9. Demonstrate care, professionalis m & commitment & follow all the quidelines	 3. Experime ntal Research projects 4. Case based learning 5. Problem based learning 6. Case simulation 	based learning 5. Evaluation of PBL 6. Evaluation of Case simulation
	professionalis m & commitment & follow all the guidelines meticulously as given in 6 th edition of Organon of	6. Case	
	medicine while preparation of homoeopathic medicine according to		

		1					1	1
				the scale of				
				potentisation.				
				•				
	_					_		
HomUG-				10.				
HP-				Demonstrate				
1.38.10				care,				
				professionalis				
				m &				
				commitment				
				& follow all the				
				guidelines				
				meticulously				
				as given in 6 th				
				edition of				
				Organon of				
				medicine while				
				prescribing a				
				particular				
				external				
				application for				
				a particular				
				case.				
				cuse.				

HomUG-	11. Should	
HP-	ensure that all	
1.38.11	the resources	
	are used to the	
	fullest without	
	any wastage	
	while	
	preparing	
	homoeopathic	
	medicine.	

TOPIC: Recent advancements and scope of research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to undertake a short term research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert'	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /Eva	aluation
No	Compe tencies	Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows	Compete ncies	Learning Objectives	Domain	s levels	know/ desirable	Learning Method	Formative	Summati ve

			how/ Know					to know/Nice toknow			
Ho mU G- HP- 1.39 .1 Ho mU G-	Proble m solutio n Integra tion of Knowle dge Synthe	Recent advance ments and scope of research in Homoe opathic Pharma cy	Knows	Must be able to undertak e a short term research in Homoeo pathic Pharmac y	the types of research in	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall Level 2 Understa nding	Desirable to know Nice to Know	 1.Lecture Demonstratio ns 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Visit to research laboratories 	1.Structured Oral Examination 2. Assignments 3. MCQ's 4.SAQ's	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce
HP- 1.39 .2	sis and applica tion of knowle				ts in the field of homoeopathi c pharmacy						
Ho mU G- HP-	dge Classro om to lab		Does		3.Design the protocol for a short term research proposal in		Level 3 Problem solving	Desirable to know			

1.39	transfe	homoeopathi			
.3	r	c pharmacy			

Non-Lecture Activities

- 1. Collection of 30 drugs for herbarium
- 2. Visit to a Large-scale manufacturing unit of Homoeopathic medicine (GMP compliant).
- 3. Visit to a Medicinal Plant /Botanical Garden & shall keep details Visit report
- 4. Clinical Class: Visit to IPD, OPD to take note on prescriptions as per Homoeopathic Principles and keep record
- 5. Visit to Hospital dispensing section to observe & gain knowledge on Dispensing techniques & Keep Records

8. PRACTICAL TOPICS

Hom	omoeopathic Pharmacy Practicals					
Sr No.						
INO.	Particulars of Experiments					
1	Estimation of size of globules					
2	Medication of globules (Small Scale)					

3	Purity test of Sugar of milk
4	Purity test of water
5	Purity test of Ethyl alcohol
6	Determination of Specific gravity of a given liquid Vehicle & identifying the same.
7	Preparation of dispensing alcohol from strong alcohol.
8	Preparation of dilute alcohol from strong alcohol.
9	Trituration of drug in Old Method (One each of Class VII, VIII & IX)
10	Trituration of one drug as per HPI
11	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to 3X potency.
12	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to 3X potency
13	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to 3C
14	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to 3C
15	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Decimal scale 6X to 8X potency.
16	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Centesimal scale 3C to 4C potency.
17	Preparation of o/2 potency (Solid form) (LM scale) of 1 Drug from 3 rd Degree Trituration.
18	Preparation of external applications – Lotion
19	Preparation of external applications – Glycerol
20	Preparation of external applications – Liniment

21	Preparation of external applications – Ointment
22	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Water with preparation of Doses
23	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Sugar of Milk with Preparation of Doses
24	Preparation of mother tinctures according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class I, II, III, IV)
25	Preparation of mother solutions according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class Va, Vb, VIa, VIb)

Demonstration

- 1. Homoeopathic pharmaceutical instruments and appliances with their cleaning (List provided in Appendix C)
- 2. Estimation of moisture content using water bath
- 3. Paper chromatography & TLC of any mother tincture
- 4. Laboratory methods Sublimation, distillation, decantation, filtration, crystallization.
- 5. Preparation of mother tincture Maceration and Percolation
- 6. Study & demonstration of Drug Substances (listed in Appendix B)-
- i)Macroscopic Characteristic (Any 15)
- ii) Microscopic characteristic (Any o5)
- 7. Study & demonstration of vehicles (Solid, Liquid & Semi solid as available)
- 8. Microscopical study of Trituration (One drug up to 3X Potency)
- 9. Medication of Globule (Large Scale)

Activities

- 1. Collection of 30 drugs for herbarium
- 2. Visit to a Large-scale manufacturing unit of Homoeopathic medicine (GMP compliant).
- 3. Visit to a Medicinal Plant /Botanical Garden & shall keep details Visit report
- 4. Clinical Class: Visit to IPD, OPD to take note on prescriptions as per Homoeopathic Principles &keep record
- 5. Visit to Hospital dispensing section to observe & gain knowledge on Dispensing techniques & Keep Records

Demonstration

- 1. Homoeopathic pharmaceutical instruments and appliances with their cleaning (List provided in Appendix C)-o6 Hours
- 2. Estimation of moisture content using water bath-o2 Hours
- 3. Paper chromatography & TLC of any mother tincture-o4 Hours
- 4. Laboratory methods Sublimation, distillation, decantation, filtration, crystallization.-o4 Hours
- 5. Preparation of mother tincture Maceration and Percolation- 04 Hours
- 6. Study & demonstration of Drug Substances (listed in Appendix B)- 10 Hours
- i)Macroscopic Characteristic (Any 15)
- ii) Microscopic characteristic (Any o5)
- 7. Study & demonstration of vehicles (Solid, Liquid & Semi solid as available)- o2 Hours
- 8. Microscopical study of Trituration (One drug up to 3X Potency)-o2 Hours
- 9. Medication of Globule (Large Scale)-1 Hour

Clinical Hospital Work – Maintain Record (Activities/Posting in Dispensing Section, Prescriptions based on Homoeopathic Principles in IPD/OPD) – Record to be maintained as per format in Appendix G- 20 Hours

Seminar – Maintain Record on Seminar Presentation on Topics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy as assigned- o7 Hours

9. ASSESSMENT

Assessment Summary

9A- Number of papers and Mark Distribution

Sr.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical	Viva	Internal	Electiv	'es	Grand
No.					Voce	Assessment- Practical	Grade Obtain		Total
1	HomUG-HP	1	100	50	40	10			100

9B - Scheme of Assessment (formative and Summative)

Sr. No	Professional Course	1 st term (1-6 Months)	2 nd Term (7-12 Months)	3 rd Term (13-18	Months)
1	First Professional BHMS	First PA + 1 ST TT	2 nd PA+2 ND TT	3 rd PA	UE

PA: Periodical Assessment; TT: Term Test; UE: University Examinations

9C - Evaluation Methods for Periodical Assessment

Sr. No	Evaluation Criteria

1	Practical Performance
2	Viva Voce, MCQs, MEQ(Modified Essay Questions/Structured Questions)

9 D- Paper Layout

MCQ	10 marks	15 min
SAQ	50 marks	85 min
LAQ	40 marks	8o min

9 E– I - Distribution of Theory exam

Sr. No	Paper			D		
				Type of Quest	ions	
				"Yes" can be a	asked.	
				"No" should n	ot be asked.	
	Α	В	С	МСО	SAQ	LAQ
	List of Topics	Term	Marks	(1 Mark)	(5	(10 Marks)
					Marks)	

1	General Concepts and Orientation	I	Refer	Yes	Yes	No	
2	Raw Material: Drugs and Vehicles	I	— Next Table	Yes	Yes	Yes	
3	Homoeopathic Pharmaceutics	II		Yes	Yes	Yes	
4	Pharmacodynamics			Yes	Yes	Yes	
5	Quality Control	11		No	Yes	No	
6	Legislations pertaining to Homoeopathic Pharmacy			No	No	Yes	
7	Homoeopathic Pharmacy - Relationships			No	Yes	No	

9 E – II - Theme table

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
A	General Concepts and Orientation	1	11	Yes	Yes	No
В	Raw Material: Drugs and Vehicles	I	25	Yes	Yes	Yes
С	Homoeopathic Pharmaceutics	II	23	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Pharmacodynamics		16	Yes	Yes	Yes
E	Quality Control	11	10	No	Yes	No
F	Legislations pertaining to Homoeopathic Pharmacy	111	10	No	No	Yes
G	Homoeopathic Pharmacy - Relationships	111	05	No	Yes	No

9 F Question paper Blueprint

Α	В	Question Paper Format
Question Serial Number	Type of Question	(Refer table 7 F II Theme table for themes)
Q1	Multiple choice Questions	1. Theme A
	(MCQ)	2. Theme B
	10 Questions	3. Theme B
	1 mark each	4. Theme B
	All compulsory	5. Theme B
	Must know part: 6 MCQ	6. Theme B
	Desirable to know: 2 MCQ.	7. Theme C
	Nice to know: 2 MCQ	8. Theme C
		9. Theme C
		10. Theme D

Q2	Short answer Questions	1. Theme A
	(SAQ)	2. Theme A
	10 Questions	3. Theme B
	5 Marks Each	4.Theme B
	All compulsory	5. Theme C
	Must know part: 10 SAQ	6. Theme C
	Desirable to know: Nil	7. Theme D
	Nice to know: Nil	8. Theme E
		9. Theme E
		10. Theme G
Q ₃	Long answer Questions	1. Theme B
	(LAQ)	2. Theme C
	4 Questions	3. Theme D
	10 marks each	4. Theme F
	All compulsory	
	All questions on must know	
	No Questions on Nice to know and Desirable to know	

9 G - Distribution of Practical Exam

Practical, Viva & Internal Assessment → 100 marks

Spotting	20 marks
Experiment	20 marks
Journal	10 marks
Viva voce	40 marks
Internal assessment	10 marks

10. LIST OF RECOMMENDED BOOKS

Text Books

- 1. Dr. Partha Mandal & Dr. Biman Mandal, A Textbook of Homoeopathic Pharmacy, Revised and Enlarged 3rd Edition, 2012, New Central Book Agency Publishers.
- 2. Dr. D.D. Banerjee, Augmented Textbook of Homoeopathic Pharmacy, 2 nd Edition, 2012, B. Jain Publishers.
- 3. Dr. K.P. Mujumdar, Textbook of Homoeopathic Pharmacy, 2013, New Central Book Agency Publishers

Reference Texts

- 1. Banerjee SK & Sinha N. (Reprint edition, 1993). A Treatise on Homoeopathic Pharmacy. B Jain Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, New Delhi (1971 to 2006). Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia of India (1-9 Vol.)
- 3. Hughes R (Reprint edition, 1999). A Manual of Pharmacodynamics. B Jain Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Dr. P.N. Verma & Dr. (Mrs.) InduVaid, Encyclopaedia of Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia, Vol- I,II,III, Edition 2002, B. Jain Publishers.

APPI	ENDIX – A		
List c	of drugs included in the syllabus of Homoeopa	athic Pharma	cy for study of Pharmacological action: -
1.	Aconitum Napellus	16.	Glonoinum
2.	Adonis vernalis	17.	Hydrastis Canadensis
3.	Allium cepa	18.	Hyoscyamus niger
4.	Argentum Nitricum	19.	Kali bichromicum
5.	Arsenicum album	20.	Lachesis
6.	Atropa Belladonna	21.	Lithium carbonicum
7.	Cactus grandifloras	22.	Mercurius corrosivus
8.	Cantharis vesicatoria	23.	Najatripudians
9.	Cannabis indica	24.	Nitricumacidum
10.	Cannabis sativa	25.	Nux vomica
11.	Cinchona officinalis	26.	Passiflora incarnate
12.	Coffea cruda	27.	Stannummetallicum
13.	Crataegus oxyacantha	28.	Stramonium
14.	Crotalus horridus	29.	Symphytum officinale
15.	Gelsemium sempervirens	30.	Tabacum

st of drugs	s for identification
i. Vege	etable Kingdom
1.	Aegle folia
2.	Anacardium orientale
3.	Andrographis paniculata
4.	Calendula officianlis
5.	Cassia sophera
6.	Cinchona officinalis
7.	Cocculus indicus
8.	Coffea cruda
9.	Colocynthis
10.	Crocus sativa
11.	Croton tiglium
12.	Cynodondactylon
13.	Ficus religiosa
14.	Holarrhenaantidysenterica
15.	Hydrocotyle asiatica
16.	Justicia adhatoda

17.	Lobelia inflata
18.	Nux vomica
19.	Ocimum sanctum
20.	Opium
21.	Rauwolfia serpentina
22.	Rheum
23.	Saraca indica
24.	Senna
25.	Stramonium
26.	Vinca minor
ii. Cher	micals or Minerals
1.	Acetic acid
2.	Alumina
3.	Argentum Metallicum
4.	Argentum Nitricum
5.	Arsenicum Album
6.	Calcarea Carbonica
6. 7.	Calcarea Carbonica Carbo Vegetabilis

9.	Magnesium Phosphoric	
10.	Natrum Muriaticum	
11.	Sulphur	
	Anis mellifica	
1.	Apis mellifica	
	_	
1. 2.	Apis mellifica Blatta orientalis	

Appendix C			
List of Instrument & Appliances	for Demonstration & Study		
Crucible with lid	Test Tube	Tripod stand	Hot Air Oven
Porcelain Basin	Conical Flask	Wire gauze	Water bath
Mortar & Pestle Porcelain	Volumetric flask	Spatula	Macerating Jar
Ointment Slab	Minim glass	Leather pad	Percolator

Chemical Balance	Thermometer	Stop watch	Microscope
Hydrometer	Mortar & Pestle - Glass	Chopping Board	pH Meter
Alcoholometer	Glass Phials	Chopping Knife	Burette
Lactometer	Pyknometer	Sieve	Pipette
Spoon	Measuring Cylinder	Tincture Press	Dropper
Beaker	Graduated Conical Flask	Funnel	Glass Rod

Appendix – D (List of Important Vehicles for Study)

Appendix – D (List of Important Vehicles for Study)		
Solid	Liquid	Semisolid
Sugar of Milk	Water	Vaseline
Globules	Ethyl Alcohol	Beeswax
Tablets	Glycerine	Lanolin
Cane Sugar	Olive Oil	Spermaceti
	Simple Syrup	lsin glass
	Lavender Oil, Sesame Oil, Rosemary Oil, Almond Oil	

Appendix E

Format for Maintaining Record on visit to Homoeopathic Manufactory (GMP Compliant)

Date of Visit

No. of Visiting Students & Teaching Faculty

Name of Teaching Faculty

Detail of the Instructor/s at the Manufactory

How the Tour was arranged

Name & Location of the Homoeopathic Manufactory

History about the Manufactory

Different Sections of the manufactory with its working process

Activities of R&D Dept

How the visit helped in correlation with topics studied in Theory

Conclusion

(Any other related information, not mentioned in format, if required can be included)

Appendix F		
Format for Maintaining Record on visit to Medicinal Plant Garden		
Date of the Visit		
No. of visiting Students & Teaching Faculty		
Name of Teaching Faculty		
Detail of Instructor/s		
How the Tour was arranged		
Name & Location of the Medicinal Plant Garden		
History & about the Medicinal Plant Garden		
A list Medicinal Plants seen with brief description,		
Conclusion		

Appendix G	
Format for maintaining record on Hospital Activities (Visit to OPD/IPD & Dispensing Section)	
Record on Prescriptions based on Homoeopathic Principles in IPD/OPD	
No of Cases: Total 10 cases (5 Acute, 5 Chronic)	
Format -	
Patient ID	

Complaint
Diagnosis
Details of 1 st Prescription – Name of Medicine, Potency, Dose with its Repetition,
Second Prescription (if Record is available)
Conclusion at the end of Acute & Chronic Cases on Lessons learnt on Homoeopathic Principles
Record on Activities/Posting in Hospital Dispensing Section
Total No. of Patients Date wise,
SI No as per Prescription Register,
Dosage form- Liquid/solid,
Name of Vehicle used,
Medication Process etc
Conclusion at the end on Lessons learnt on Homoeopathic Dispensing Techniques

Appendix H

Format for Maintaining record on Departmental Seminars

Maintenance of Record on Seminar Presentation on Topics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy as assigned

Circular/Notice of Departmental Seminar

Title of Topic for Presentation,

Date

Presented by Name of Student/s

Brief Report on the Seminar

Any New Information provided by the Speakers

Rating on a Scale of 10

No of Students & Faculty Members attending the Seminar

Photos

Signed by the Departmental Head

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Subject- Homoeopathic Materia Medica

Subject code: HomUG-HMM-I

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1. PREAMBLE

Homoeopathic Materia Medica is the study of the action of drugs on healthy human being as a whole taking into consideration individual susceptibility and its reaction to various circumstances and time. A good prescription by a homoeopath mainly depends upon the case receiving, processing and a sound knowledge of Homoeopathic Materia Medica.

Each drug in Materia Medica not only has its own personality with its mental and physical constitution but also has its own affinity to an area, direction, spread, tissue, organ, system. Study of a drug in context of altered sensation, function and structure covers the pathology caused by it, which is also expressed in the pathogenesis of the drugs. Materia Medica also has symptoms from toxicological and clinical proving. All this knowledge is of utmost importance in order to apply the remedies in various clinical conditions. This can be achieved only by integrating the study of Materia Medica with other parallel subjects taught during the course.

Apart from the source books of Materia Medica there are different types of Materia Medica constructed on different philosophical backgrounds by different authors. Materia Medica also forms the platform of various repertories. Therefore, it becomes very important for a student of homoeopathy to learn the plan and construction of all the basic Materia Medica in order to understand their practical utility in practice.

It is also important to keep in mind that the end point of the teaching of HMM is not to burden the student with information of more number of remedies but to equip with an approach which will help to develop the vision towards self-guided study and apply the knowledge in practice.

This self-directed learning can ultimately lead to a critical approach of studying Materia Medica hence empowering evidence based practice and initiate the process of lifelong learning. Exploring Materia Medica is an endless journey as newer illnesses will keep on emerging and newer drugs or undiscovered facets of existing drugs will be needed to explore for managing these situations.

2. PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

At the end of BHMS program, a student must

- 1. Develop the competencies essential for primary health care in clinical diagnosis and treatment of diseases through the judicious application of homoeopathic principles
- 2. Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy and to apply the Homoeopathic Principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community.
- 3. Discern the relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referral and life saving measures, so as to address clinical emergences
- 4. Develop capacity for critical thinking and research aptitude as required for evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 5. Demonstrate aptitude for lifelong learning and develop competencies as and when conditions of practice demand.
- 6. Be competent enough to practice homoeopathy as per the medical ethics and professionalism.
- 7. Develop the necessary communication skills to work as a team member in various healthcare setting and contribute towards the larger goals of national policies such as school health, community health, environmental conservation.
- 8. Identify and respect the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors that affect health and disease and plan homoeopathic intervention to achieve the sustainable development Goal.

3. COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of BHMS I course, the students should be able to-

- 1. Define the homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 2. Understand the philosophy of homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 3. Describe evolution, sources and construction of different types of Homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 4. Enumerate the scope and limitations of Homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 5. Evolve the portrait and symptomatology of a particular drug using the knowledge of pharmacy, psychology, anatomy, physiology and Organon of medicine.
- 6. Observe the symptoms of a particular medicine in a clinical set-up with emphasis on individualizing symptoms.

Learning Objectives

- 1. To define the homoeopathic Materia Medica and grasp the basic concept with philosophy of it based on Hahnemannian directions.
- 2. To discuss different sources and types of homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 3. To understand the drug in context of its pharmacological data, constitution, temperament, sphere of action, pathogenesis, both mental and physical generals, particular symptoms, characteristic/ individualising symptoms, general and particular modalities, relationship with other remedies including doctrine of signature.
- 4. To study and understand the bio-chemic system of medicine.
- 5. To identify the symptoms of a sick individual corresponding to the symptoms of a particular drug.
- 6. To develop an insight into scopes and limitations of homoeopathic Materia Medica.

4. 4 TEACHING HOURS

Distribution of Teaching Hours:

Homoeopathic Materia Medica		
Year	Teaching hours- Lectures	Teaching hours- Non-lectures
1 st BHMS	120	75

4. A. Teaching Hours Theory:

S. no.	List of Topics	Hours
1.	Definition and introduction of Materia Medica	2
2.	Types of Homoeopathic Materia Medica	3
3.	Sources of Homoeopathic Materia Medica	3
4.	Study of drug picture (term I)	32
5.	Study of drug picture (term II)	33
6.	Theory of Bio chemic salts	2
7.	Individual bio chemic salts	15
8.	Study of drug picture (term III)	29
9.	Scope and Limitation of HMM	1

Total	l :	120
-------	-----	-----

4.B. Teaching Hours Non-lecture:

Sr. No	A	В	C
	Study Setting	Term	Teaching Hours
1	OPD/IPD/Classroom	&	75

Non-Lecture Activities (Practical)-

Sr. No	Non Lecture Teaching Learning methods	Time Allotted per Activity
		(Hours)
1	Group Discussions	5
2	Problem based learning	5
3	Tutorials	10
4	Case Based Learning (live case)	55
	Total	75

5. COURSE CONTENTS BHMS I (Theory)

1. Introductory Lectures

- a. Definition and introduction of basic Materia Medica.
- b. Sources, types, scope and limitation of Homoeopathic Materia Medica
- c. Theory of biochemic system of medicine, its comparison with Homoeopathy and study of **12 biochemic tissue salts** with their physico-chemical reaction.

2. Homoeopathic medicines:

1. Aconite	18. Calcarea Phos	35. Hypericum
2. Aethusa cynapium	19. Calendula	36. Ignatia
3. Allium cepa	20. Carbo Veg	37. lpecac
4. Aloe soc	21. Chamomilla	38. Ledum pal
5. Ammonium Carb	22. Cina	39. Lycopodium
6. Ammonium Mur	23. Cinchona	40. Natrum Carb
7. Antim Crude	24. Cocculus	41. Natrum Mur
8. Antim Tart	25. Coffea cruda	42. Nux vomica
9. Apis Mel	26. Colchicum	43. Podophyllum
10. Arnica montana	27. Colocynth	44. Pulsatilla
11. Ars Alb	28. Dioscoria villosa	45. Rhus tox
12.Arum triph	29. Croton tig	46. Ruta
13. Baryta Carb	30. Drossera	47. Silicea
14. Belladonna	31. Dulcamara	48. Spongia
15. Borax	32. Euphrasia	49. Sulphur

16. Bryonia alba	33. Gelsemium	50. Symphytum
17. Calc Carb	34. HeparSulph	

Biochemic tissue salts:

1. Calc Flour	5. Kali Mur	9. Nat Mur*
2. Calc Phos*	6. Kali Phos	10. Nat Phos
3. Calc Sulph	7. Kali Sulph	11. Nat Sulph
4. FerrPhos	8. Mag Phos	12.Silicea*

*Also included in the list of Homoeopathic medicines, hence total no. of medicines shall remain 59 for BHMS I.

Contents for Term I:

I. Introductory Lectures

- a. Definition and introduction of basic Materia Medica.
- b. Sources, types of Homoeopathic Materia Medica

II. Homoeopathic medicines:

1. Arnica montana	8.Natrum Mur
2.Bryonia	9.Rhus tox

3.Baryta carb	10.Ruta
4.Calc Carb	11.Silicea
5.Calendula	12.Sulphur
6.Hypericum	13.Symphytum
7. Ledum pal	

Contents for Term II:

I. Homoeopathic medicines:

1. Aconite nap	11.Colchicum
2.Aloes soc	12. Colocynth
3. Apis mellifica	13.Dioscorea
4. Arsenic Alb	14. Dulcamara
5.Belladona	15. Gelsemium
6.Cina	16. Ignatia
7.Chamomila	17. Lycopodium
8.Carbo veg	18. Nux vomica
9.Cinchona	19. Podophyllum

10.Cocculus	20. Pulsatilla nig.
-------------	---------------------

- II. Theory of biochemic system of medicine, its comparison with Homoeopathy
- III. Study of 5 **biochemic tissue salts** with their physico-chemical reaction:

1. Calc Flour	
2. Calc Phos	
3. Calc Sulph	
4. Natrum Phos	
5.Natrum Sulph	

Contents for Term III:

I. Homoeopathic medicines:

1. Aethusa cyn	9. Coffea cruda
2. Alliun cepa	10. Croton tig
3. Ammon Carb	11. Drosera
4. Ammon Mur	12. Euphrasia
5. Antim Crud	13.Hephar Sulph
6. Antim Tart	14.lpecacuanha
7. Arum triph	15.Natrum Carb

8. Borax	16.Spongia
----------	------------

II. Study of 5 **biochemic tissue salts** with their physico-chemical reaction:

1. FerrPhos	
2. Kali Mur	
3. Kali Phos	
4. Kali Sulph	
5. Mag Phos	

III. Scope and limitations of Homoeopathic Materia medica

6. TEACHING LEARNING METHODS

Lectures (Theory)	Non-lectures (Practical)
Lectures	Clinical demonstration
Small group discussion	Problem based discussion
Integrated lectures	Case Study
Assignments	
Library reference	

Different teaching-learning methods must be applied for understanding holistic and integrated Materia Medica. There has to be classroom lectures, small group discussions, case discussion where case-based learning (CBL) and problem based learning (PBL) are specially helpful. In the applied Materia Medica, case discussion (CBL-PBL) method is beneficial for students. Audio visual (AV) methods for classroom teaching may be an innovative aid in order to demonstrate the related graphics and animations etc. In case of clinical demonstration – DOAP (Demonstration – Observation – Assistance – Performance) is very well applicable.

7. CONTENT MAPPING (COMPETENCIES TABLE)

Topic 1- Definition and introduction of Materia Medica

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Mille	Specific	SLO/	Bloom	Guilbert	Must	T-L	Formati	Summat	Integratio
No.	Compete	Area	rs	Compete	Outcome	s	's Level	Know/	Metho	ve	ive	n
	ncy		Leve	ncy		Domai		Desira	ds	Assessm	Assessm	Departme
			1:			n		ble to		ent	ent	nts-
			Doe					know/				Horizonta
			s/					nice to				l/ Vertical/
			Sho					know				Spiral
			ws									
			how/									
			Kno									
			WS									
			how/									
			Kno									
			ws									
HomU	Informati	Definitio	Kno	Knowledg	Define the	Cognit	Remem	Must	Lectur	MCQ,	SAQ,	
G-	on	n and	WS	e of	basic MM	ive	ber/	Know	е	SAQ,	Viva	Horizontal
HMM-	Gatherin	introduc		fundamen	and HMM		recall				voce	Integratio
l-1.1	g	tion of										n with

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Mille	Specific	SLO/	Bloom	Guilbert	Must	T-L	Formati	Summat	Integratio
No.	Compete ncy	Area	rs Leve I: Doe s/ Sho ws how/ Kno ws how/ Kno ws how/ Kno ws	Compete ncy	Outcome	s Domai n	's Level	Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	Metho ds	ve Assessm ent	ive Assessm ent	n Departme nts- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomU G- HMM- I-1.2 HomU G- HMM- I-1.3	Integrati on of informati on	materia medica		tals of HMM	Explain what sign and symptoms are with examples Contrast between MM and HMM		Underst and			Viva Voce		Organon of Medicine

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Mille	Specific	SLO/	Bloom	Guilbert	Must	T-L	Formati	Summat	Integratio
No.	Compete	Area	rs	Compete	Outcome	s	's Level	Know/	Metho	ve	ive	n
	ncy		Leve	ncy		Domai		Desira	ds	Assessm	Assessm	Departme
			l:			n		ble to		ent	ent	nts-
			Doe					know/				Horizonta
			s/					nice to				l/ Vertical/
			Sho					know				Spiral
			ws									
			how/									
			Kno									
			ws									
			how/									
			Kno									
			ws									
HomU					Discuss the							
G-					history of							
HMM-					MM with							
I-1.4					emphasis							
					on							
					Hahneman							
					nian							
					directions							

Topic 2- Types of Materia Medica

Sr. No.	Generic Compete ncy	Subje ct Area	Mille rs Level : Does / Sho ws how/ Kno ws how/ Kno ws	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcom e	Bloom s Domai n	Guilbert 's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assessm ent	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integratio n Departme nts- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomU G- HMM- I-2.1 HomU G- HMM- I-2.2	Informati on Gatherin g Integrati on of	Types of Materi a Medic a	Know s	Identify various types of HMM	Describe various types of HMM Enumera te types of HMM	Cogniti ve	Remem ber/ recall Underst and	Must Know	Lecture, small group discussion , demonstr ation	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	SAQ, Viva voce	Horizontal Integratio n with Organon of Medicine and Pharmacy

HomU G- HMM- I-2.3	informati on		Classify Homoeo pathic Materia		
			Medica as per its types.		
HomU		Know	Discuss	Desira	
G-		s how	the	ble to	
HMM-			characte	know	
I-2.4			ristics of each type of HMM based on practical utility.		

Topic 3- Sources of Homoeopathic Materia Medica

Sr. No.	Generic Compet ency	Subj ect Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compet ency	SLO/ Outcom e	Bloom s Domai n	Guilbert 's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assessm ent	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integratio n Departme nts- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- HMM- I-3.1 Hom UG- HMM- I-3.2	Informati on Gatherin g Integrati on of informati on	Sour ces of HMM	Knows	Identify various sources of HMM	Describe the sources of HMM Underst and the concept of source books of HMM	Cognit ive	Remem ber/ recall Underst and	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussion, Demonstr ation	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	SAQ, LAQ, Viva voce	Horizontal Integratio n with Organon of Medicine, Homoeop athic pharmacy Vertical and spiral integratio n with
Hom UG-					List the source							FMT

HMM-	books of books of
I-3.3	HMM
Hom	Discuss
UG-	the
HMM-	plans
1-3.4	and
	construc
	tion of
	source
	books of
	HMM

Sr. No.	Generic Compet ency	Subj ect Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compet ency	SLO/ Outcom e	Bloom s Doma in	Guilbert 's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assessm ent	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integratio n Departme nts- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- HMM- I-3.5 Hom UG- HMM- I-3.6	Informati on Gatherin g Integrati on of informati on	Sour ces of HMM	Knows Knows how	Identify various sources of HMM	Enumera te different types of proving as sources of HMM Describe various proving sources of HMM	Cognit ive	Remem ber/ recall Underst and	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussion, Demonstr ation	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	SAQ, LAQ, Viva voce	Horizontal Integratio n with Organon of Medicine, Homoeop athic pharmacy Vertical and spiral integratio n with FMT

Hom UG- HMM- I-3.7	Understa nd the basic concept of various types proving as source of HMM		
Hom UG- HMM- I-3.8	InsightDifferentintoiate thestructureconstrucoftion ofvariousdifferentHMMsourcebooks ofHMM	Desira ble to know	SAQ, Viva voce

Sr. No.	Generic Compet ency	Subj ect Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compet ency	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilber t's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departme nts- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- HMM- I-3.9	Informati on Gatherin g Integrati on of informati on	Sour ces of HMM	Knows how	Identify various sources of HMM	Understan d the constructi on of various HMM as a compilati on based on the source books.	Cognit ive	Remem ber/ recall Underst and	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion , Demonstr ation	Viva voce	Viva voce	Horizontal Integratio n with Organon of Medicine, Homoeop athic pharmacy
Hom UG- HMM- I-3.10					Draw the time line of Homoeop athic							

Materia Medica based on their		
history, evolution and philosoph y		

Topic 4- Homoeopathic Medicines

Sr. No.	Generic Compete ncy	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/S hows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compet ency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilber t's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Format ive Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integrati on Departm ents- Horizont al/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- HMM- I-4.1	Informati on Gatherin g Integratio n of informati on Problem formulati on	Homoeo pathic medicin es included in: Term I, II and III	Knows, Knows how, Shows how	 Evolve the sympto m- tology of a particula r drug Observe the sympto ms of a particula 	Describe the drug picture of homoeopa thic medicines with following details- pharmacol ogical data, constitutio n, temperam ent, sphere of action,	Cognitiv e, Psycho motor	Remem ber/ recall Unders tand Interpr et	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Demonstr ation (clinical classes in OPD), Problem based learning	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Practica I, Viva Voce	SAQ, LAQ, Practica I, Viva voce	Horizonta I Integratio n with pharmac y, psycholo gy, anatomy, physiolog y and organon of medicine.

Practical Skills	r medicin e in a clinical set-up	doctrine of signature, pathogene sis, both mental and physical generals, particular symptoms, characteris tic/ individuali zing symptoms, general and particular modalities, relationshi				Longitudi nal and spiral with all allied subjects in BHMS

Sr. No.	Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/S hows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compet ency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilber t's Level	Must Know / Desir able to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Format ive Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integrati on Departm ents- Horizont al/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- HMM -I-4.2	Informa tion Gatheri ng Integrati on of informa tion Problem	Homoeo pathic medicine s included in: Term I, II and III	Knows, Knows how, Shows how	1.Evolve the sympto m- tology of a particul ar drug 2. Observe the sympto ms of a	.Formulate the drug picture/ symptoma tology of a particular drug using the knowledge of pharmacy, psycholog y, anatomy, physiology and	Cognitiv e, Psycho motor	Reme mber/ recall Unders tand Interpr et	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Demonst ration (clinical classes in OPD),	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Practica I, Viva Voce	SAQ, LAQ, Practica I, Viva voce	Horizont al Integrati on with pharmac y, psycholo gy, anatomy, physiolo gy and organon of

	formula	particul	organon of	Problem	medicine
			organon of		medicine
	tion	ar	medicine.	based	
		medicin		learning	Longitudi
		e in a			-
	Practical	clinical			nal and
		set-up			spiral
	Skills	Jeerop			with all
					allied
					subjects
					in BHMS
Hom			Understan		
UG-			d the		
HMM			symptoma		
-I-4.3			tology of a		
			particular		
			medicine		
			in regard		
			-		
			toa		
			particular		
			system/org		
			an of the		
			body.		
			/		

Sr. No.	Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/S hows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compet ency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilber t's Level	Must Know / Desir able to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Format ive Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integrati on Departm ents- Horizont al/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- HMM -I-4.4 Hom	Informa tion Gatheri ng Integrati on of informa tion Problem	Homoeo pathic medicine s included in: Term I, II and III	Knows, Knows how, Shows how	Evolve the sympto m- tology of a particul ar drug	Identify the symptom similarity of a patient with a particular medicine in a clinical set up State the	Cognitiv e, Psycho motor	Reme mber/ recall Unders tand Interpr et	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Demonst ration (clinical classes in OPD),	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Practica I, Viva Voce	SAQ, LAQ, Practica I, Viva voce	Horizont al Integrati on with pharmac y, psycholo gy, anatomy, physiolo gy and
UG- HMM -l-4.5	formula tion				relationshi p of a medicine				Problem based learning			organon of

Hom UG- HMM -I-4.6	Practical Skills	Knows how	Observe the sympto ms of a	with other medicines Understan d the relationshi p status of	Cognitiv e	Reme mber/ recall Unders	Desira ble to know	Lecture, Small Group discussio	MCQ, Viva Voce	Viva voce	medicine Longitudi nal and spiral with all allied subjects
			particul ar medicin e in a clinical set-up	a medicine and its backgroun d		tand		n,			in BHMS
Hom UG- HMM -I-4.7		Knows how		Observe the variations in symptoma tology of a particular medicine in most commonly used HMM	Cognitiv e	Reme mber/ recall Unders tand	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Demonst ration	Viva Voce	Viva voce	

		of eminent				
		authors				

Topic 5- Theory of Bio chemic tissue salts, its comparison with homoeopathy and study of 12 tissue remedies with their physicochemical reaction:

Sr.No.	Generic Compete ncy	Subj ect Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloom s Domai n	Guilbert 's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Metho ds	Formati ve Assessm ent	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integratio n Departme nts- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- HMM- I-5.1 Hom UG- HMM- I-5.2	Informati on Gatherin g, synthesis and applicati on of	Theo ry of Bio chem ic tissue salts	Knows	Describe the Theory of Bio chemic tissue salts	Describe the Theory of Bio chemic tissue salts compare and contrast Homoeop athic system of	Cognit ive	Remem ber/ recall Underst and	Must Know	Lectur e, Small Group discuss ion	MCQ. Viva, Quiz Assignm ent	SAQ, MCQ	Horizonta I Pharmacy, Biochemis try and Physiology Spiral

Sr.No.	Generic Compete ncy	Subj ect Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloom s Domai n	Guilbert 's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Metho ds	Formati ve Assessm ent	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integratio n Departme nts- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- HMM- I-5-3	knowled ge in class room				medicine with Bio chemic tissue salts co-relate the importanc e of knowledg e of Biochemis try in better understan ding of Bio							Can compare the drug pathogene sis with Homoeop athic medicines Vertical Can explore the utility of Biochemic salts in treating

Sr.No.	Generic Compete ncy	Subj ect Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloom s Domai n	Guilbert 's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Metho ds	Formati ve Assessm ent	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integratio n Departme nts- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- HMM- I-5.4	-				chemic tissue salts List the 12 Bio chemic tissue salts							deficiencie s in Medicine, OBG etc

Sr. No.	Generic Compet ency	Subjec t Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compet ency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilber t's Level	Must Know / Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integrati on Departm ents- Horizont al/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- HMM -I-5.5	Informat ion Gatherin g Integrati on of informat ion Problem formulat ion	12 Bioche mic medici nes includ ed in: Term II and III	Knows, Knows how, Shows how	1.Descri be individu al Biochem ic tissue salts 2.Evolve the sympto m- tology of a	In addition to the competen cies for homoeopa thic medicines, Describe individual Bio chemic tissue salts	Cognitiv e, Psychom otor	Remem ber/ recall Underst and Interpre t	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion , Demonstr ation (clinical classes in OPD), Problem based learning	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Practica I, Viva Voce	SAQ, LAQ, Practica I, Viva voce	Horizonta I Integratio n with pharmacy , psycholo gy, anatomy, physiolog y and organon of medicine.

Hom UG- HMM -I-5.6	Practical Skills	particula r drug 3.Observ e the sympto ms of a particula r medicin e in a clinical set-up	Explain the pathogen esis and symptom ology of each Bio chemic tissue salts as per Dr, Wilhelm H. Schuessle r.				Longitudi nal and spiral with all allied subjects in BHMS
Hom UG- HMM -I-5.7			Justify the portrait of each tissue salt in correlatio n with the knowledg e of				

		Biochemi				
		stry.				

Topic 6- Scope and limitation of homoeopathic Materia Medica:

Sr. No.	Generic Compete ncy	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competen cy	SLO/ Outco me	Bloom s Domai n	Guilbert 's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Metho ds	Formati ve Assessm ent	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integratio n Departme nts- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- HMM- I-6.1	Informati on Gatherin g	Scope and Limitati ons of HMM	Knows	Must be able to comprehe nd the scope and limitations	List the scope and limitati ons of HMM	Cognit ive	Remem ber/ recall	Must Know	Lectur e. Small group	LAQ SAQ Viva,	LAQ SAQ Viva,	Horizontal Integratio n with pharmacy, psycholog

Hom UG- HMM- I-6.2	Integrati on of informati on	Knows how	of Homoeop athic Materia Medica	Discuss the scope and limitati ons of HMM	Underst and	Must Know	discuss ion Case Based learnin g Proble m		y, anatomy, physiolog y and organon of medicine. Longitudi
Hom UG- HMM- I-6.3		Knows		Discuss the solutio ns to overco me the limitati ons of HMM	Underst and	Nice to know	Based Learni ng		nal and spiral with all allied subjects in BHMS

8. ASSESSMENT

Assessment Summary

8A- Number of papers and Mark Distribution

Sr. No.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical (Assignment)	Viva Voce	Internal Assessment- Practical	Grand Total
1	HomUG-HMM-I	1	100	50	40	10	200

8B - Scheme of Assessment (formative and Summative)

Sr. No	Professional Course	1 st term (1-6 Months)	2 nd Term (7-12 Months)	3 rd Term (13-18	Months)
1	First Professional BHMS	First PA + 1 ST TT	2 nd PA+2 ND TT	3 rd PA	UE

PA: Periodical Assessment; TT: Term Test; UE: University Examinations

8 C - Evaluation Methods for Periodical Assessment

Sr. No	Evaluation Criteria
1	Practical/Clinical Performance
2	Viva Voce, MCQs, SAQs, LAQs

8D - Paper Layout

Summative assessment:

<u>Theory- 100 marks</u>

МСО	10 marks
SAQ	50 marks
LAQ	40 marks

8 E– I - Distribution of Theory exam

Sr. No	Paper			D Type of Ques "Yes" can be "No" should		
	A List of Topics	B Term	C Marks	MCQ (1 Mark)	SAQ (5 Marks)	LAQ (10 Marks)
1	Definition and introduction of basic materia medica	 		Yes	Yes	No

2	Sources, types, scope and limitation of Homoeopathic Materia Medica	1	Refer Next	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Theory of Biochemic system of medicine, its comparision with Homoeopathy and study of 12 Biochemic tissue salts with their physico- chemical reaction	11	Table	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Drug Picture- 50 Homoeopathic Medicines	&		Yes	Yes	Yes

8E– II - Theme table

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
A	Definition and introduction of basic materia medica	I	10	Yes	Yes	No
В	Sources, types, scope and limitation of Homoeopathic Materia Medica	I	20	Yes	Yes	Yes
С	Theory of Biochemic system of medicine, its comparision with Homoeopathy and study of 12 Biochemic tissue salts with their physico-chemical reaction	&	20	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Drug Picture- 50 Homoeopathic Medicines	I,II& III	50	Yes	Yes	Yes

8F- Question paper Blue print

Α	В	Question Paper Format
Question Serial Number	Type of Question	(Refer table 4 F II Theme table for themes)
Q1	Multiple choice Questions	1. Theme A
	(MCQ)	2. Theme A
		3. Theme B
	10 Questions	4. Theme B
	1 mark each	5. Theme C
	All compulsory	6. Theme C
		7. Theme D
	Must know part: 7 MCQ	8. Theme D
	Desirable to know: 2 MCQ.	9. Theme D
	Nice to know: 1 MCQ	10. Theme D
Q2	Short answer Questions	1. Theme A
	(SAQ)	2. Theme A
		3. Theme B
	ten Questions	4. Theme B
	5 Marks Each	5. Theme C
	All compulsory	6. Theme C
		7. Theme D
	Must know part: 7 SAQ	8. Theme D
	Desirable to know: 2 SAQ	9. Theme D
	Nice to know: 1 SAQ	10. Theme D
Q ₃	Long answer Questions	1. Theme B

(LAQ)	2. Theme C
Four Questions	3. Theme D
10 marks each	4. Theme D
All compulsory	
All questions on must know	
No Questions on Nice to know and Desirable to know	

8G - Distribution of Practical Exam

Practical & Viva-100 marks

Viva voce	40 marks
Practical (Assignment)*	50 marks
Internal assessment	10 marks (viva/ clinical assessment)

*Assignment shall comprise of compilation of complete drug-portrait of 6 polychrest remedies and 4 biochemic salts

9. LIST OF RECOMMENDED TEXT/ REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Allen HC, 2005, Keynotes Rearranged and Classified with Leading Remedies of the Materia Medica and Bowel Nosodes, Reprint edition, B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- Choudhuri NM, 2006, A Study On Materia Medica Enriched with real case studies, Reprint revised edn, B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- Kent JT, 2015, Lectures On Homoeopathic Materia Medica, Reprint edn, B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- Burt W, 2009, Physiological Materia Medica, Third edn, B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- Boericke W, Dewey W, 2016, The Twelve Tissue Remedies By Schussler, Reprint edn, B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- All source books

10. LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS

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I PROFESSIONAL BHMS

1. COURSE CODE: HomUG-R-I

SUBJECT NAME: HOMOEOPATHIC REPERTORY and CASE TAKING

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1. PREAMBLE

The Homoeopathic Materia Medica has expanded manifold since the proving of "Cinchona Bark" by Dr. Samuel Hahnemann and today we have over five thousand remedies in the Materia Medica. It is impossible for any human mind to memorise all the symptoms of each drug and to recall those symptoms while prescribing. Therefore, the need of indexing of these symptoms along with the drugs producing those symptoms were felt by Dr. Samuel Hahnemann himself and subsequently by other homoeopaths for prescribing at the bedside of the patient.

Homoeopathic Repertory is a Dictionary or Storehouse or an index to the huge mass of symptoms of the Homoeopathic Materia Medica. The repertory is organized in a practical form indicating the relative gradation of drugs. Repertories not only contain symptoms of proving but also clinical and pathological symptoms found in the Homoeopathic Materia Medica. Repertories serve as an instrument at the disposal of the physician for sifting through the maze of symptoms of the vast Homoeopathic Materia Medica.

Repertories aim at simplifying the work of the physician to find the indicated remedy by eliminating the non-indicated remedies. Repertorisation is not the end but a means to arrive to the simillimum and reference to Homoeopathic Materia Medica based on sound principles of Philosophy is the final court of appeal.

Each repertory has been compiled on the basis of distinct philosophy, structure and utility. In order to use these instruments effectively, one must understand thoroughly its conceptual base, construction and utility and limitations. Even though there are a number of repertories, the student at the under graduate level is expected to learn the philosophy and application of basic core repertories namely Kent, Boger's Boenninghausen Characteristics and Repertory and Boenninghausen's Therapeutic Pocket Book. The subject of Repertory must not be taught in isolation but must be taught in horizontal integration with Anatomy, Physiology in I BHMS; Pathology, Surgery, Gynaecology and Practice of Medicine in III BHMS; Surgery, Gynaecology, Practice of Medicine in III BHMS and Practice of Medicine in IV BHMS and vertically integrated with Homoeopathic Materia Medica and Organon and Homoeopathic Philosophy in all the years. Integrated teaching in all the years will help the student to grasp and understand the subjects better and connect repertory to all other subjects.

Similarly, case taking demands virtual integration of all the subjects taught from the Ist BHMS to IV BHMS in the consulting room or at the bedside. The physician can never say that he has learnt all that is to the case taking process. Every new patient has a new lesson to teach.

The advent of computerization and resulting software has opened up vast newer avenues to collate and correlate the vast information found in the Homoeopathic Materia Medica through the repertories. Continued exploration of these connections will generate new data, newer repertories and the newer application to existing or newer illnesses.

2. PROGRAMME OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course of the undergraduate studies, the homoeopathic physician must

- 1) Develop the knowledge, skills, abilities and confidence as a primary care homoeopathic practitioner to attend to the health needs of the community in a holistic manner
- 2) Correctly assess and clinically diagnose common clinical conditions prevalent in the community from time to time
- 3) Identify and incorporate the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors affecting health and disease in clinical work
- 4) Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy in order to apply Homoeopathic principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community
- 5) Be willing and able to practice homoeopathy as per medical ethics and professionalism.
- 6) Discern the scope and relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referrals and role of life saving measures to address clinical emergencies
- 7) Develop the capacity for critical thinking, self reflection and a research orientation as required for developing evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 8) Develop an aptitude for lifelong learning to be able to meet the changing demands of clinical practice
- 9) Develop the necessary communication skills and enabling attitudes to work as a responsible team member in various healthcare settings and contribute towards the larger goals of national health policies such as school health, community health and environmental conservation.

3.COURSE OUTCOMES (CO):

At the end of course in Repertory, the Final BHMS student shall be able to

1. Describe the philosophical background, construction, utility and limitations of various repertories

- 2. Demonstrate case taking and show empathy with the patient and family during case taking
- 3. Demonstrate various steps for systematic case processing viz. analysis of case, evaluation of symptoms as per Homoeopathic principles to form Totality of symptoms
- 4. Choose the appropriate repertorial approach, Method and Technique to repertorize a case
- 5. Utilize Repertory as a tool to find out simillimum in all types of cases and in the study of Materia Medica
- 6. Integrate other subjects in understanding the construction and utility of repertories
- 7. Utilize different software for Repertorization, patient data management and record keeping.
- 8. Demonstrate aptitude to utilize repertory for research in Homoeopathy and lifelong learning

COURSE OUTCOMES OF REPERTORY FOR I BHMS

At the end of IBHMS, the student should be able to,

- 1. Define Repertory.
- 2. Explain the need and utility of repertory to find simillimum, and for the study of Materia Medica
- 3. Define various terminologies used in repertory
- 4. Locate different rubrics related to anatomy, physiology and psychology in Kent's Repertory
- 5. Illustrate the construction of Kent's Repertory as per the Hahnemannian Anatomical schema

4. TEACHING HOURS

Total Number of Teaching Hours: 21					
Course Name	Lectures	Non-Lectures	Total		
Homoeopathic Repertory and Case Taking	21	-	21		
(HomUG-R-I)					

5. COURSE CONTENT (Hom - UG-R-I)

S.No	List of Topics	Lecture Hours
1	Introduction to Repertory, Definition and Meaning of Repertory	3
	 General Introduction to Repertory 	
	 Origin of Repertory 	
	 Need of Repertory 	
	 Definition of Repertory 	
	 Meaning of REPERTORIUM 	
2	Need and uses of repertory and repertorisation	3
	 Uses and Scopes of Repertory 	
	 Limitations of Repertory 	
	 Definition of Repertorization 	
	 Introduction to Methods and Techniques of Repertorization 	
3	Terminologies relevant toRepertory	3
	✤ Repertory	
	✤ Rubric	

*	Gradation	
*	Cross Reference	
*	Synonym	
*	Repertorization	
*	Totality of Symptoms	
*	Repertorial Totality	
*	Potential Differential Field	
*	Conceptual Image	
*	Case taking	
*	Analysis of a case	
*	Evaluation of a Case	
*	Longitudinal case Study	
*	Cross Section Study of a case	
*	General Repertory	
*	Regional Repertory	
*	Logico-Utilitarian Repertory	
*	Puritan Repertory	

4	Correlation of Anatomy, Physiology and Psychology with	6
	Repertory	
	 Introduction to correlation Anatomy, Physiology and Psychology with Repertory 	
	 Chapters and Rubrics related to Anatomical parts in Dr. Kent's Repertory 	
	 Chapters and Rubrics related to Physiology in Dr. Kent's Repertory 	
	 Rubrics related to emotions, intellect and memory in Mind chapter 	
	of Dr.Kent Repertory	
5	Schematic representation of chapters in Kent's repertory	6
	Introduction to Kent's Repertory	
	Listing of Chapters in Kent's Repertory	
	Correlation of Chapters in Kent's Repertory to Hahnemannian	
	Anatomical Schema	
	Chapters and Rubrics related to anatomical structures,	
	physiological processes and psychology in Kent's Repertory	

6. Teaching Learning Methods

Theory	Practicals/ Clinics
Lectures	Clinical Bedside Teaching
Small Group Discussion	Integrated Clinics
Integrated Lectures	Case Study
Integrated Seminars	Rubric Banks
Assignments	
Rubric Banks	
Library Reference	

7. Content Mapping (Theory) of Course Hom UG-R-I

S.No	Generic Compete ncy	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc Y	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formativ e Assessm ent	Summ ative Assess ment	Integration Departme nts- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
	Topic 1- Int	roduction	to Reperto	ry, Definition	and Meaning o	of Repertory	,					
HomUG- R-l-1.1	Gathering and Integratio n of informati on	Introduc tion to Reperto ry	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	<i>Define</i> the term Repertory	Cognitive	Level l (Remember / recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Horizontal Integration with Materia Medica and
HomUG- R-I-1.2			Knows		<i>Explain</i> the meaning of Repertory	Cognitive	Level l (Remember / recall)	Desira ble to know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Organon of medicine, Spiral Integration in II, III and
HomUG- R-I-1.3			Knows		<i>Discuss</i> the origin of the word Repertory	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		IV BHMS

HomUG- R-I-1.4			Knows		<i>List</i> uses three limitat		Cognitive	Level l (Remember / recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Integrate d teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		
					of Rep	ertory				(with Materia Medica) Small Group discussio n			
	TOPIC 2: N	eed and us	ses of repe	tory and repe	rtorisat	ion							
HomUG- R-I-2.1	Gathering and Integratio n of informati on	Need and uses of repertor y and repertor isation	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	<i>Explair</i> need repert	n the of ory	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	-	Horizonta Integratio with Materia Medica and Organon of medicine, Spiral Integratio in II, III an IV BHMS

lomUG-	Knows	<i>Explain</i> the	Cognitive	Level II	Desira	Lecture,	MCQ,		
-l-2.2		need of		(Understan	ble to	Small	SAQ,	-	
		Repertorizat		d)	know	Group	Viva		
		ion to find a				discussio	Voce		
		simillimum				n			
HomUG-	Knows	Describe the	Cognitive	Level II	Must	Lecture,	MCQ,		
R-I-2.3		uses of		(Understan	know	Small	SAQ,	-	
		Repertory		d)		Group	Viva		
						discussio	Voce		
						n			
HomUG-	Knows	Describe the	Cognitive	Level II	Must	Lecture,	MCQ,		
R-I-2.4		limitations		(Understan	know	Small	SAQ,	-	
		of Repertory		d)		Group	Viva		
						discussio	Voce		
						n			
HomUG-	Knows	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level II	Desira	Lecture,	MCQ,		
R-I-2.5		use of		(Understan	ble to	Small	SAQ,	-	
		Repertory as		d)	know	Group	Viva		
		a tool to				discussio	Voce		
		select the				n, Clinical			
		remedy for a				Teaching			
		given case							
ТО	PIC 3: Terminologies relevant to Repert	ory							

HomUG-	Gathering	Termin	Knows	То	Define	Cognitive	Level I	Must	Lecture,	MCQ,		Horizontal
R-I-3.1	and	ologies		understand	different		(Remember	know	Small	SAQ,	-	Integration
	Integratio	used in		the	terminology		/ recall)		Group	Viva		with
	n of	repertor		definition	associated				discussio	Voce		Materia
	informati	у		of various	with				n,			Medica
	on			terminolog	repertory							and
				ies used in								Organon
				repertory in								of
				order to								medicine,
				apply them								Spiral
				for								Integration
				Repertoriz								in II, III and
				ation								IV BHMS
HomUG-			Knows		<i>Explain</i> the	Cognitive	Level II	Must	Lecture,	MCQ,		
R-I-3.2					meaning		(Understan	know	Small	SAQ,	-	
					and use of		d)		Group	Viva		
					each				discussio	Voce		
					terminology				n, Clinical			
									teaching			
HomUG-			Knows		Apply the	Cognitive	Level II	Must	Lecture,	MCQ,		
R-I-3.3					terminology		(Understan	know	, Small	, SAQ,	-	
55					in the		d)		Group	Viva		
					process of				discussio	Voce		
					Repertorizat				n, Clinical			
					ion				teaching			

	TOPIC 4: C	orrelation	of Anatom	y, Physiology	and Psycholog	y with Repe	ertory				
HomUG- R-I-4.1	Gathering and Integratio n of informati on, Problem Solving	Correlat ion of Anatom y, Physiol ogy and Psychol ogy with Reperto ry	Knows	To correlate the knowledge of Anatomy, physiology And Psychology in constructio n of Repertory and Rubrics	Apply the correlation of Anatomical Structures to Chapters and Rubrics in Kent's Repertory	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	 Integrated teaching with Anatomy
HomUG- R-I-4.2			Knows		Relate normal physiologica I Processes to the Chapters and Rubrics in Kent's Repertory	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	 Integrated teaching with Physiology

HomUG- R-I-4.3	Knows	Apply the correlation of psychology Chapters and Rubrics in Kent's Repertory	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	 Integrated teaching with Psycholog y
HomUG- R-I-4.4	Shows how	Locate to Anatomy, Physiology and Psychology in Kent's repertory	Psychom otor	Level II (Control)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	
HomUG- R-I-4.5	Knows	Apply rubricsrelated toAnatomy,PhysiologyandPsychologyinunderstanding remediesinMateria	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	 Integrated teaching with Materia Medica

					Medica and Repertory						
	TOPIC 5: Se	chematic r	epresentat	ion of chapter	s in Kent's repo	ertory					
HomUG- R-l-5.1	Gathering and Integratio n of informati on, Problem Solving	Schema tic represe ntation of chapter s in Kent's repertor y	Knows	To understand the arrangeme nt of Chapters in Dr. Kent's Repertory	<i>List</i> the 37 chapters of Kent's Repertory in the proper order	Cognitive	Level I (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	 Horizontal Integration with Materia Medica and Organon of medicine, Spiral Integration in II, III and IV BHMS
HomUG- R-I-5.2			Shows how		Demonstrate the relation of chapters in Kent's Repertory to Anatomy and	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	

		Physiology and mental rubrics to Psychology						
lomUG- २-I-5.3	Knows	Discuss the correlation of	Cognitive	Level II (Understan	Desira ble to	Lecture, Small	MCQ, SAQ,	
		chapters in		d)	know	Group	Viva	
		Kent's Repertory to				discussio n, Clinical	Voce,	
		the schematic				teaching	USFL	
		representati on of						
		remedies in Materia						
		Medica						

8. List of Practical Topics

S.No	Name of Topic	Activity/ Practical	TL Method
1	Basic Structure of Repertory showing arrangement of rubric of anatomy, physiology and psychology	Arrangement of Chapters and rubrics related to anatomical structures, physiology and psychology (Emotions, intellect and	Integrated teaching in Clinics in I BHMS

	behaviour) in Kent's Repertory	

9. List of Recommended Books

- Dhawale ML (2000) Principles and Practice of Homoeopathy, 3rd Edition, Institute of Clinical Research Mumbai
- Hahnemann S (2017). Organon of Medicine 6th edition,48th Impression, B. Jain Publishers
- Kent, JT- Repertory of the Homoeopathic Materia Medica (Sixth American Edition), 54thImpression (2017), B. Jain Publishers
- Kishore, Jugal (2004) Evolution of Homoeopathic Repertories and Repertorization, Revised Edition, B. Jain Publishers
- Munir Ahmed R (2016). Fundamentals of Repertories: alchemy of homeopathic methodology. Hi-Line Publishers, Bengaluru.
- Patel, R.P (1998): The Art of Case Taking and Practical Repertorization, 6th Edition. Sai Homoeopathic Book Corporation
- Tiwari, Shashikant (2005) Essentials of Repertorisation, 4th Edition, B. Jain Publishers

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- 6. Dr. Uttara Agale

Reader, YMT, Kharghar

Subject Code: HomUG-Yoga I

Subject: Yoga for Health Promotion

The syllabus of Yoga for the 1st BHMS students should include the basic concept of Yoga and its philosophy, with a clear idea of the different section of asana, pranayama, kriya and meditation. Total 30 hours of class will include practical training. The students will be trained in understanding the relationship between Yoga and Homoeopathy in a wholistic approach, and the point of application of yoga in part of treatment.

The topic and respective allotted hours are as follows-

Sr.no.1	TOPIC	CLASS
1.	Yoga definition, concept, types, benefits, and origin.	Hours 1
2.	History and patanjali, yoga philosophy and development of yoga.	Hours 1
3.	Astanga, yoga, hathayoga.	Hours 1
4.	Asana-types, examples, benefits.	Hours 1
5	Corelation of vital force and prana.	Hours 1
6	Meditation-types, methods, benefits.	Hours 1
7	Kriya-types, methods, benefits.	Hours 1
8	Relationship of yoga and homoeopathy on wholistic plane.	Hours 1
9	Application of yoga in terms of hahnemann's accessory circumtanses.	Hours 1
10	Pranayanam, types, benefits.	Hours 1
11	Practical learning about asanas (postures)-pawanmuktasna, backstreching, sunsalutation, classical sequences.	Hours 5
12	Practical learning about Breathing, pranyama including abdominal, thoracic, clavicular, hasthamudra, vilom, lung sensitising.	Hours 5
13	Practice of relaxation, tense and relax, short yoganidra, extended, savasana, yoganidra, sankalpa.	Hours 5
14	Meditation practice, sitting posture, kaya sthairam, omchanting, trataka.	Hours 5